Quality Account
2018-19
What our patients said about us in 2018-19

I was recently a day patient at the Holbrook Unit for minor surgery. From the moment I entered the unit to the time I left, I was treated with the utmost care. All staff were very friendly and attentive. I was very anxious but the compassion and understanding they showed me was second to none. Thank you so much to all concerned, you’re absolute stars!

I received excellent care and treatment. I was admitted to 3Alpha, Whiston Hospital, with a broken hip. The care and treatment I received were first class. From the porters, tea ladies, cleaners, nurses, x-ray department, doctors and surgeon, I cannot express how kind every member of staff treated me. All staff acted in a professional, caring and friendly manner. I’d like to give a massive thank you to all. Our NHS is wonderful. Whiston Hospital has a lovely atmosphere and I would recommend it to anyone in need of treatment.

I have always had exceptional help and understanding from all of the professionals at Marshalls Cross. I called today to make an appointment for my mum for tomorrow and was greeted by a receptionist who could not have been more helpful. She was friendly, kind, respectful and efficient. I did not feel rushed at any time and they listened very carefully about my concerns for mum’s health. What an amazing ambassador for Marshalls Cross Medical Centre Thank you so much

I just want to thank you for running such a superb, clean, friendly, professional & welcoming hospital. From the flowers in the car park and ability to find a space! The delightful screens around the beds and excellent space between the beds as well. This has been the best experience of a hospital (private or NHS) in my lifetime. Whether as a patient (the surgery & care I received today was exemplary), relative or visitor. By profession I am trained to look for faults. I couldn’t find even a suggestion of one today. If all of the NHS was run in the same way that St Helens Hospital is, well, this hospital shows how it should be, your staff should be so proud.

The level of care this week from Whiston Maternity and Special Care Baby Unit for my partner & son has blown me away. Every person working in those areas should be so proud of themselves every time they go home.

Newton Community Hospital
5 star hospital
The hospital gives a great service for the people in the area. The staff are very helpful and always willing to help in any way they can. You feel like a human being instead of just a number. It is clean and welcoming, even though no one wishes to be at a hospital. Five star rating from me.

Excellent Care
I attended A&E with an asthma attack late on a Saturday night. The care I received from all the staff was outstanding. I was assessed by a nurse quickly and seen by a Dr almost immediately. Within four hours I was on my way home after full investigations and treatment. Thank you to the amazing A&E team who made a stressful situation much easier.

St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust
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5. Abbreviations
Section 1
1.1. Summary of quality achievements in 2018-19

Quality of services overall

- **Outstanding** rating awarded by the Care Quality Commission (CQC), the best possible rating, in the latest report received in March 2019

Patient safety

- Patients received 99.1% new harm-free care during 2018-19, an increase from 98.9% in 2017-18. This is harm occurring whilst an inpatient in the Trust and reported via the NHS Safety Thermometer
- No patients experienced a hospital acquired grade 3 or 4 pressure ulcer for the second year running
- No methicillin resistant staphylococcus aureus (MRSA) bacteraemia, with one contaminant
- Performed significantly better than the threshold of 40 for clostridium difficile
- Reductions in incidents resulting in harm in 2018-19 compared with 2017-18
  - 71% reduction in theatre-related episodes of moderate and above harms from 7 in 2017-18 to 2 in 2018-19
  - 86% decrease in medication incidents resulting in moderate harm or above from 14 in 2017-18 to 2 in 2018-19
  - 36% decrease in harmful medication incidents from 56 in 2017-18 to 36 in 2018-19
  - 18% decrease in falls incidents resulting in severe harm or above from 22 in 2017-18 to 18 in 2018-19
  - 0 prescribing incidents of moderate/severe harms, compared to 4 in 2017-18
- 1st nationally for flu vaccination of frontline staff, achieving 95.4% compared to 87% in 2017-18
- 96.5% fill rate for registered nurses/midwives compared to 93.9% in 2017-18
- Successfully implemented Safe Care Allocate System across all areas to ensure right levels of staff are available to deliver safe patient care
- Implemented the Electronic Prescribing and Medicine Administration (ePMA) System across the Medical Care Group, which is being rolled out Trust-wide. The electronic system enhances safe prescribing and administration process
- Medicines Safety Nurse appointed to oversee medicines safety initiatives
- The Cell Pathology, Microbiology, Clinical Biochemistry and Haematology & Blood Transfusion departments based at Whiston, St Helens, Southport and Ormskirk hospitals have individually been awarded United Kingdom Accreditation Services (UKAS) ISO15189 accreditation for the first time and at the first attempt since the new standards replaced the old CPA accreditation standards. This means that pathology is performing to high international standards with regard to quality and competency
- Trust’s Radiology Service was recommended for Imaging Services Accreditation Scheme (ISAS), following a rigorous review – the first Trust in Cheshire and Merseyside to receive this award

Patient experience

- Best acute Trust nationally for the second year running in 2018 for the Patient Led Assessments of the Care Environment (PLACE), with top marks in the country for; cleanliness, food, privacy and dignity, facilities for patients living with dementia and disabilities, condition, appearance and maintenance of the hospital buildings. The assessment included the Trust’s new Intermediate Care Unit at Newton Hospital for the first time
- 96% of inpatients would recommend our services, as recorded by the Friends and Family Test
Clinical effectiveness

- Consistently maintained top 5 rating in the UK overall in the Sentinel Stroke National Audit Programme (SSNAP), delivering sustained excellent performance
- 85.7% of stroke patients spent at least 90% of their hospital stay on a stroke unit, above the national target of 83%
- 96.4% of electronic E-attendance summaries sent for patients attending the Emergency Department (ED) within 24 hours
- Gastroenterology Service successfully secured Joint Advisory Group (JAG) accreditation for a further year
- Sustained achievement of the cancer performance targets against the national cancer waiting times standards

- Won the ISD Network Innovation Award for Improving Patient Outcomes & Efficiency with TeleHealth, the informatics programme that allows clinicians to provide video appointments to patients in both the stroke and burns & plastics services
- Successful in two categories of the North West Coast Research and Innovation Awards, winning the Delivery of Commercial Life Science Research award and finalists in the Clinical Research Team of the Year Award
- Received the prestigious North West Coast Research and Innovation Award ‘Taking Research into Practice’ for research performed by Michael Lloyd, Medical Education & Training Pharmacist
Well-led

National staff survey
- Best acute Trust in the NHS for the third consecutive year with outstanding results, published in March 2019, with the Trust rated as the best place to work and receive treatment in the NHS
- Recognised, for the third year running, as being the top acute Trust in the entire country for staff engagement, staff motivation and pride in the quality of care provided to patients
- Highest marks in the following areas:
  - Positive organisational culture of safety
  - Quality of care
  - Staff engagement
  - Staff morale
  - Equality, diversity & inclusion
  - Providing a safe environment for staff

Staff
- Disability Confident Employer accreditation in place until 2020
- The Trust was reassessed for the Navajo Charter Mark in 2019 and was successfully reaccredited. This is an equality mark signifying good practice, commitment and knowledge of the specific needs, issues and barriers facing lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, intersex and questioning (LGBTIQ) individuals
- Health, Work and Wellbeing Service successfully re-accredited for Safe Effective Quality Occupational Health Standards (SEQOHS). Feedback from the SEQOHS Assessors included being nationally recognised as an exemplary service, the assessors made particular reference to the acquisition and streamlining of services with Southport and Ormskirk Hospital NHS Trust and the excellent service being provided to Lead Employer
- Awarded the prestigious Defence Employer Recognition Scheme Silver Award, based on its commitment to helping members of the Armed Forces community gain employment following service for their country
- Jayne Gore, Clinical Lead for Intermediate Care, named Community Nurse of the Year by St Helens CCG for her hard work, commitment & dedication to providing the highest possible care to our local community
- Joanne Battensby won the Midwife of the Year at the British Journal of Midwifery Practice Awards 2019
- Sarah Hynes, Healthcare Assistant, was awarded a Cavell Star Award, which are given to staff who shine bright and show exceptional care
- Sarah Jones, Specialist Midwife for Improvement and Education, won the Royal College of Midwifery’s Thompsons Members’ Champion Award 2019
- Maternity Services won the Midwifery Team Award for their outstanding contribution to maternity and midwifery services from the Northern Maternity & Midwifery Festival Awards
- Diabetes Team highly commended in both National Hypoglycaemia Awareness Week and Insulin Safety Week for their awareness initiatives and promotional work which took place across the community and hospital sites within the Trust
- Finance Director, Nik Khashu, was named Finance Director of the Year in the Non-Profit Organisation category at the regional Finance Director of the Year awards, sponsored by Accountable Recruitment, Grant Thornton, HSBC and Hill Dickinson
Services and Infrastructure

- Won the Care and Health Integration Award at the Municipal Journal Achievement Awards in London as part of St Helens Cares collaboration
- Library and knowledge services attained a score of 100% compliance in the annual library quality assurance framework, one of only 10 in the country to achieve this
- Won the Hospital Cleaning Award at the Health Business Awards
- Won the Property and Estates Management Service Provider of the Year at the 2019 HSJ Partnership Awards (St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals Trust, New Hospitals, Vinci Facilities and Medirest)
- St Helens & Whiston hospitals were highly commended at the North West in Bloom Awards. St Helens Hospital also received a special award for the best hospital grounds in the North West

The Trust continues to celebrate success internally, hosting our 14th Annual Staff Awards presentation evening in April 2018. The awards celebrate the hard work and achievements of staff in providing excellent patient care every day of the year. The readers of the St Helens Star newspaper awarded the Maternity Department the prestigious People’s Choice Award, highlighting the appreciation that patients and their families have for the excellent care they receive.

The Trust held its second annual awards ceremony for our volunteers to recognise the invaluable contribution they make across the organisation.

The Annual Awards, along with the Employee of the Month and the annual Learning and Development Awards are important ways of recognising and rewarding the ongoing dedication and commitment of staff throughout the year. In addition, positive comments received from patients are shared via a weekly ‘Thank You Thursday’ email sent to all members of staff.

1.2. Statement on quality from the Chief Executive of the Trust

We are pleased to present the Trust’s tenth annual Quality Account, which reviews our performance and achievements over the past year, as well as outlining the priorities for improving quality in the coming year.

The Trust’s mission continues to be providing high quality health services and an excellent patient experience. Our vision to provide 5-star patient care remains the Trust’s primary objective so that patients and their carers receive services that are safe, person-centred and responsive, aiming for positive outcomes every time. The mission and vision continue to be embedded in the everyday working practices of staff throughout the Trust, where delivering 5-star patient care is recognised as everyone’s responsibility.

The vision is underpinned by the Trust’s values, five key action areas and the ACE behavioural standards of Attitudes, Communication and the Experiences we create. These are shown in the diagrams overleaf:
The Trust’s vision is the driving force for our focus on continuous improvement, supported by the Clinical Strategy. The strategy outlines the Trust’s commitment to improving both quality and efficiency with the specific aim of promoting a culture of continuous value improvement, underpinned by robust systems and processes and individual and collective accountability. It focuses on a small number of improvements that are key local health economy priorities. The strategy was refreshed in 2018 and is supported by an implementation plan, which will be monitored by the Quality Committee going forward.

The Trust has delivered a comprehensive programme of quality improvement clinical audits throughout the year, with a number of actions taken as a result of the audit findings (detailed in section 2.4.2 below). Delivery of the quality improvement and clinical audit programme is reported to the Quality Committee via the Clinical Effectiveness Council.

In addition, the Trust has an embedded quality care accreditation programme which measures leadership, patient care, safety and experience on all wards. The Quality Care Accreditation Tool (QCAT) programme ensures that individual ward areas are clear on the quality standards required and any shortfalls requiring an improvement plan. The QCAT incorporates a range of quality indicators into the final score, including CQC fundamental standards, nursing care indicators and harm-free care scores. It also incorporates the Friends and Family Test results, staff training and appraisal rates and patient care and safety standards, including nutrition and hydration, falls, pressure ulcers and infections. Both the nursing care indicators and the QCAT use peer review to provide assurance on the quality of care being provided to patients. The outcomes of the QCAT programme are reported to the Quality Committee via the Patient Experience Council. In 2018-19, the QCAT was supplemented by a programme of in-depth quality reviews based on the CQC’s key lines of enquiry. In 2019-20, the format of the QCAT will be reviewed and enhanced to combine the revised key lines of enquiry.
Members of the Trust Board and Executive Team continue to visit the wards and departments across the Trust regularly, completing formal quality ward rounds to review quality and performance, noting areas of good practice and any actions taken at a local level to address areas of concern. This provides the opportunity for the Trust Board to see first-hand the care provided to patients and for the clinical areas to provide both quantitative and qualitative information to demonstrate that the services are safe, effective, responsive, caring and well-led in line with the CQC’s domains. Representatives from our local Clinical Commissioning Groups (CCGs) are invited to attend the quality ward rounds. A report on the themes arising from the quality ward rounds was presented to the Quality Committee.

We have continued to work with patients and carers during the year to ensure that they are able to influence changes made to our services. Patients are able to present their experiences of the care received, in their own words, as a patient story at the start of our public Trust Board meetings.

We continue to work with our local Healthwatch partners to improve our services, and Healthwatch representatives are key members of the Patient Experience and the Patient Safety Councils, which report to the Trust Board’s Quality Committee, ensuring effective representation in the oversight and governance structure of the Trust. Patients, carers, patient representatives and members of the public are invited to attend the open Patient Engagement Group events and to contribute to discussions about the services provided and future plans.

This Quality Account details the progress we have made with delivering our agreed priorities and our achievement of national and local performance indicators, highlighting any challenges and the initiatives undertaken to work towards realising our vision of 5-star patient care. It also includes a summary of our key strategies. It outlines our quality improvement priorities for 2019-20, which were subject to consultation with staff, patient representatives and our commissioners.

I am pleased to confirm that the Trust Board of Directors has reviewed the Quality Account for 2018-19 and confirm that it is a true and fair reflection of our performance and that, to the best of our knowledge, the information contained within it is accurate. We hope that it provides you with the confidence that high quality patient care remains our overarching priority and that it clearly demonstrates the progress we have made.

We recognise that our staff are our greatest asset and we acknowledge their professionalism, commitment and dedication as they work tirelessly to provide excellent care for our patients and their carers. This was reiterated by the excellent rating of ‘outstanding’ confirmed by the CQC in March 2019. On behalf of the Trust Board, I would like to thank all of our staff who have contributed to our many exceptional achievements, during another extremely challenging year.

Ann Marr
Chief Executive
St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust
2. Section 2
2.1. About us
2.1.1. Our services

St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust provides a range of acute and specialist healthcare services including, inpatient, outpatient, community, primary care, maternity and emergency services. In addition, the Trust hosts the mid-Mersey Neurological Rehabilitation Unit and the Mersey Regional Burns and Plastic Surgery Unit, providing services for around five million people living in the North West of England, North Wales and the Isle of Man.

The Trust has just over 700 inpatient beds, with circa up to 40 additional escalation beds and provides the majority of its services from two main sites at Whiston and St Helens hospitals, both of which are state-of-the-art, purpose built modern facilities that are well-maintained. Whiston Hospital houses the Emergency Department, the Maternity Unit, children and young people’s service and all acute care beds. St Helens Hospital houses day-case and elective surgery, outpatients, diagnostic facilities, rehabilitation beds, the Lilac Centre (a dedicated cancer unit, linked to Clatterbridge Centre for Oncology) and Marshalls Cross Medical Centre (primary care services). The Trust provides outpatient and diagnostic services in a small number of other settings. The Trust also provides intermediate care services at Newton Hospital, which has 30 inpatient beds, and a range of community services, including Contraception and Sexual Health Services (CaSH), frailty, falls, Healthy Heart, continence and chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) services. In addition, the Trust provides community adult nursing services in St Helens, which are delivered by North West Boroughs Healthcare NHS Foundation Trust under contract. These services were rated as good by the CQC at their last inspection in 2018-19.

The Intermediate Care Service continues to promote and support the ability to step patients up from their own home, as well as supporting the discharge of patients from hospital. The service has multidisciplinary input including GP, therapy, nursing and geriatrician to ensure patients receive the right level of care.

The role of the Community Frailty Service is to provide Comprehensive Geriatric Assessments (CGA) of frail older people in St Helens, to ensure that there is a plan in place that will support them to live at home. Frailty is a condition associated with aging and is linked to co-morbidity that increases a person’s vulnerability to minor stressors and, as such, requires appropriate management to promote wellbeing. The service provides a 2 hour response for those patients who are at risk of hospital admission and a 72 hour response time for assessment of complex frail and multi-morbid patients to help prevent crisis and promote wellbeing. Since April 2018, the Frailty Service have responded to 692 referrals, working alongside community teams to support patients to remain in their own homes/care home and provide advance care planning and end of life care in the community.

The Healthy Heart Team provide the cardiac rehabilitation service for patients who have had a heart attack on an 8 week programme and is based in Fingerpost Medical Centre, in St Helens town centre. The Healthy Heart Team also provide a Community Heart Failure Service to the patients of St Helens, which is a Consultant-led service, delivered with nurse specialists. It offers community clinics and home visits by the nursing team. The COPD service is a community service based in Lowe House in the centre of St Helens town. This is a nurse specialist led/consultant supported service that provides home visits to avoid hospital admissions and early supported discharge from the Trust. This team also support
a pilot service to avoid hospital admissions, where patients are seen as soon as possible and an assessment made to identify if the patient can be supported at home.

The CaSH Service operates clinics across St Helens and Halton. Community based clinics offer predominantly contraception services with asymptomatic screening for sexually transmitted infections (STIs). This includes provision of long acting reversible contraception (LARC). St Helens Hospital provides predominantly STI and HIV based services with an on-site laboratory offering microscopy. The service also has a dedicated health improvement team and TAZ young person’s clinic (19 and under) open six days per week at The Millennium Centre in St Helens.

The Trust Board is committed to continuing to deliver safe and high quality care. The Trust has had another extremely challenging year, set within the financial challenges facing the NHS. There has been a continued increase in demand for the majority of services, as the Trust continues to be one of the busiest acute hospital trusts in the North West of England. It has an excellent track record of providing high standards of care to its population of approximately 350,000 people across St Helens, Knowsley, Halton and South Liverpool, as well as further afield. The Trust was extremely disappointed to have one never event relating to a retained foreign object in theatre, outlined in more detail below. The Trust uses incidents as opportunities for learning and, therefore, has detailed action plans in place to address any issues arising from any investigations undertaken. This is reflected in the findings of the 2018 CQC inspection, which reported many examples of widespread learning.

The Trust has remained busy during 2018-19 and continues to see an increase in activity across most areas, as shown in the table below, particularly in non-elective admissions and ED attendances. The average length of stay for non-elective admissions is 6.2 days.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2017-18</th>
<th>2018-19</th>
<th>% change</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Non-elective admissions</td>
<td>54,423</td>
<td>57,456</td>
<td>5.57%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elective admissions</td>
<td>49,873</td>
<td>50,443</td>
<td>1.14%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Births</td>
<td>4,094</td>
<td>4,051</td>
<td>-1.05%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emergency Department attendances (as reported)</td>
<td>111,340</td>
<td>115,734</td>
<td>3.95%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emergency Department attendances (excluding GPAU)</td>
<td>106,319</td>
<td>109,605</td>
<td>3.09%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2.1.2. Our staff and resources

The Trust’s annual total income for 2018-19 was £402 million. We employ more than 5,900 members of staff and we are the lead employer for Health Education North West, Health Education Midlands, Health Education East of England and Palliative Care London and are responsible for nearly 9,000 trainee specialty doctors based in hospitals and general practice (GP) placements throughout England.

The Trust recognises the importance of maintaining high quality patient care in the context of year-on-year increases in demand and on-going recruitment challenges facing the NHS. There are a number of measures in place, which are outlined below, to ensure the right staffing across the Trust, including a focus on recruitment and retention and the creation of new roles.

The Trust strives to meet the best standards of professional care whilst being sensitive and responsive to the needs of individual patients. Clinical services are organised within four care groups, surgery, medicine, community and primary care and clinical support, working together to provide integrated care. A range of corporate support services including human resources, education and training, informatics, research and development, finance, governance, facilities, estates and hotel services, contribute to the efficient and effective running of all our services.

The Trust acknowledges the challenges that it faces in maintaining high quality care when delivering the increased activity levels highlighted above and is working to ensure appropriate staffing levels across all areas, within the financial pressures facing the NHS.

The average staff turnover rate in the Trust for 2018-19 was 9.99%, which is 2.93% better than the national rate of 12.92% for the national acute sector (latest data available is December 2018).

Significant recruitment challenges remain within specific specialties and for specific roles, in particular: medical, nursing and scientific staff. The Trust is proactive in addressing these challenges and has established the Trust ‘brand’ via social media as an employer of choice, using online and other media advertisement with open days and nursing campaigns. There have been 67 medical gaps since April 2018 and a number of actions have been taken to address these, including developing new roles such as physician associates, physician assistants and advanced clinical practitioners. The full rollout of e-rostering for the junior doctor and non-training grade medical workforce will be completed by March 2020 and will support improved demand and capacity modelling to ensure the most effective use of the Trust’s medical workforce.

In addition, the Trust hosts regular recruitment events and uses international recruitment to ensure vacancies are filled. The Trust has collaborated with Masaryk University, Brno, Czech Republic in the recruitment of sixteen newly qualified doctors who trained in Brno using the English syllabus in 2018. These new recruits joined the Trust for two years as Clinical Fellows at foundation year one and two to fill vacancies resulting from the reduced numbers of allocated posts from the North West Deanery. The scheme returned to Brno in March 2019 to recruit up to sixteen more newly qualified doctors for August 2019, to maintain a constant stream of medical support for the Trust. This provides the opportunity to reduce agency spend and maintain continuity of care. The doctors have the same opportunities to access further training in the North West, which keeps the talent pool local. They are a valuable asset to the Trust and our delivery of patient care.
The Medical Training Initiative (MTI) is a mutually beneficial scheme run by each Royal College that provides non-training grade doctors from overseas with the opportunity to work and train in the UK. The scheme is underpinned by the Diploma in UK Medical Practice, which all MTI candidates are expected to achieve. The Trust has successfully recruited, using the MTI scheme and the British Association of Physicians of Indian Origin (BAPIO) training scheme, three senior fellows in paediatrics, two specialty doctors in emergency medicine and one specialty doctor in radiology.

The Trust is also exploring all possible opportunities to attract and retain nurses, midwives, operating department practitioners (ODPs) and allied health professionals (AHPs), including:

- On-boarding and retention of new and existing staff including flexible working, self-rostering, itchy feet discussions, career clinics, assigning a buddy, welcome packs/information, retire and return initiatives
- An active recruitment programme for the nursing and midwifery workforce, ongoing throughout the year, both locally and internationally
- Delivering apprenticeship programmes, from local health care cadets at further education colleges through to part-time registered nurse degrees and ODP apprenticeships
- Implementation of the new nursing associate role, with 16 trainees commencing the programme in January 2019
- Implementing the St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust Preceptorship, Mentorship and Leadership three year foundation programme to enhance retention, with 121 nurses on the programme from April 2018 to March 2019. This will be updated in line with new Nursing and Midwifery Council (NMC) standards
- Implemented e-rostering, e-job planning and activity manager for allied health professionals to ensure the most effective rostering and planning of work

Nursing and midwifery safer staffing levels are reported externally, with details of the total planned number of hours of registered and care staff measured against the total number of actual hours worked to produce a monthly fill rate as a % for nights and days on each ward. Agency, bank, overtime, extra time hours, discharge coordinators and ward managers’ supernumerary management days are included in the actual hours worked totals in accordance with the guidance. The acceptable monthly fill rate is 90% and over, which the Trust consistently exceeds overall. There is Executive Committee scrutiny of the individual areas that fall below 90% each month to review the actions in place to reduce the risk of any recurrence. The safer staffing figure, however, does not analyse skill mix or the impact of temporary staff on a shift-by-shift basis, which can have an impact on the quality of care provided. The Trust has an embedded daily process for reviewing nurse staffing levels across the Trust, with a daily matron huddle, that ensures all areas have appropriate nursing staff and skill mix to support the delivery of high quality care and to maximise patient safety. The introduction of SafeCare Allocate in 2018-19 will enable more effective review of staffing levels and patient acuity by ward going forward.

The Trust also reports Care Hours per Patient per Day (CHPPD), which is calculated from the total actual hours worked in a month divided by the monthly total of the midnight count of inpatients in the ward. The Trust’s position is reported monthly as part of the mandated safer staffing report. The wards facing ongoing challenges with recruitment are generally the wards that are unable to meet the safer staffing 90% fill rate consistently.
2.1.3. Our communities

The local population is generally less healthy than the rest of England, with a higher proportion of people suffering from a long-term illness. Many areas suffer high levels of deprivation, which contributes to significant health inequalities among residents, leading to poorer health and a greater demand for health and social care services. Rates of obesity, smoking, cancer and heart disease, related to poor general health and nutrition, are significantly higher than the national average. In addition, it is anticipated that the elderly population will continue to grow significantly over the next ten years, which is likely to increase the incidence of diseases linked to older age and potentially increase demands on health and social care services in our local area. The local population is growing faster than the national average, with an increasing proportion of people aged over 65 as noted above.

2.1.4. Our partners

The Trust continues to be fully engaged in the work of the health and social care partnership in Cheshire and Merseyside, leading on a number of the priority work programmes on behalf of the health system. In line with the requirements of the NHS Long Term Plan, published in January 2019, the Trust is contributing to the development of the Cheshire and Merseyside system five year transformation plan, which will be submitted in autumn 2019. The Trust is working with other providers across Cheshire and Merseyside to create a Pathology Services Network and a Diagnostic Imaging Network to improve access, response times and service resilience for the whole system.

The Trust is also working at “Place” level with partners in its three local health systems of St Helens, Knowsley and Halton to progress plans for creating integrated care systems. This work encompasses partnership working with Local Authorities, other NHS provider trusts and the Clinical Commissioning Groups (CCGs). Each Borough is at a different stage of development with its proposals for Integrated Care Systems and is adopting different solutions based on their geography; however, the common purpose is to facilitate greater collaborative and integrated working across organisational boundaries to improve the health of the population. Some of the structural changes proposed in the NHS Long Term Plan will require national policy or even legislative change, however, the Trust is already working with partners wherever it can to remove barriers and deliver more integrated and personalised care. Examples developed during 2018-19 include:

- Working with Halton, Knowsley and St Helens boroughs, to reduce long stay patients who can be cared for in community settings and do not need to stay in an acute hospital bed
• Expansion of the Community Frailty Service, which provides early assessment and intervention in the Emergency Department or in the individual’s home to prevent a hospital admission
• Continuation of our relationship with North West Boroughs Healthcare NHS Foundation Trust to deliver adult nursing community services for St Helens
• Creation of four locality community teams in St Helens, who work closely with groups of GP practices to support their local population, whereby community-based services are wrapped around clusters of GP practices in each locality, with integrated adult nursing teams working with practice nurses, physiotherapists and social care, for example, with similar arrangements for children's teams, including mental health services. The community matrons co-ordinate the caseloads, assigning these to the most appropriate team member
• System working to reduce delayed discharges, with Knowsley playing an integral part of the Safer Start initiative which contributed to meeting demand during this winter
• Knowsley Discharge Team based on site at Whiston Hospital which is contributing to a positive Knowsley position
• Developing ways to improve the delivery of health and social care as part of One Halton with system partners
• Development of reablement team to reduce delayed discharges with St Helens and Halton local authorities, with plans to roll out to Knowsley
• Working with Halton GPs to develop clinical networks to strengthen the working relationships between the Trust’s specialty consultants and GPs to support the management of patients in primary care
• Working collaboratively with St Helens CCG to improve diabetes care in primary and community care with specialist support, which may be expanded to other CCG areas
• Working with care homes to provide education and training on pressure ulcer prevention
• Introduction of a shared care record, which allows all parts of the health and care system to view a patient’s information
• Working together to maximise out of hospital bed capacity to cope with the increased demands of winter
• Development of the Accident and Emergency Delivery Board for the mid-Mersey region that coordinates and standardises the approach to urgent and emergency care across primary, community and secondary care services, including the inputs from Social Care services that enable the whole system response, to seeing and treating people in the most appropriate setting in a timely manner
• Further work has also been undertaken to reduce unwarranted variation in clinical services, for example, with the creation of the Hyper Acute Stroke Unit at Whiston Hospital, that provides the initial specialist care and treatment of patients from St Helens, Knowsley, Halton and Warrington who have had a stroke
• The Trust continues to work with commissioners, Clatterbridge Cancer Centre and other partners to agree the future location of the Eastern Sector Cancer Hub, which will improve the accessibility of chemotherapy services in the mid-Mersey region

Attendance at the Health and Wellbeing Boards (or equivalent) in our catchment boroughs helps the Trust to respond to the local health improvement priorities and develop strategies with commissioners to target specific population groups.

The Trust actively participates in the mid-Mersey patient safety and healthcare associated infection collaboratives. This includes working in partnership with primary care, Local Authorities and commissioners to ensure the services we
provide meet the needs of our local population and to share lessons learned as widely as possible. Staff attend and contribute to a wide range of expert clinical groups both locally and nationally to ensure that the Trust continues to provide services based on best practice evidence. This includes;

• The North West intravenous/aseptic non-touch technique (ANTT) forum meetings
• Antimicrobial resistance collaborative which is, for example, standardising the guidance and pathways for urinary tract infection management
• Work on the identification and timely thrombo-prophylactic management of atrial fibrillation to prevent stroke
• Work with the University of Liverpool and Aintree Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust on a collaborative research project on diabetes care
• Collaboration with Edge Hill University on the development of their new undergraduate medicine curriculum to widen access to medical training
• Collaboration with University of Liverpool to widen access to medical training (the Anfield Project)
• Working with Liverpool John Moores University to develop extended roles (including non-medical prescribing) for nurses, physiotherapists and other health professionals

The Trust continues to maintain close working relationships with Healthwatch, NHS Improvement and the Care Quality Commission, as well as local voluntary organisations that work with people in their own communities and homes to prevent hospital admissions.

There is excellent partnership working with the construction and facilities services providers at the Trust which ensures that we continue to offer an excellent environment and facilities for patients, visitors and staff.

2.1.5. Technology and information

This year, the Trust has continued to deliver a portfolio of technological advancements to enhance patient safety and care. Every day in the NHS, information has to be collected, managed, used and shared. Excellent patient care depends on this fast and accurate flow of information.

Informatics continues to strengthen the infrastructure and platforms on which all the Trust’s critical systems are based. The team has demonstrated the Trust’s commitment to the security of systems and information by gaining Cyber Essentials Security Standards accreditation, a set of technical controls to achieve protection from Internet-borne threats. This provides assurance that the Trust has met a national standard of cyber security recognised by the UK Government.

Informatics have continued to work closely with the operational and clinical teams to strengthen and enhance the security of our clinical and operational systems. The following initiatives have taken place:

• All clinical and administrative systems have been amalgamated under a Unified Threat Management solution, which has been implemented to further enhance the security of our systems and information
• Enhanced monitoring of all systems is now in place and Informatics is working very closely with all Information Asset Owners and Information Asset Administrators in the hospital to ensure systems meet with national requirements
• A dedicated network and security manager commenced in post in April 2018
• Mersey Internal Audit Agency (MIAA) completed an audit of the Trust’s Toolkit submission (as required of larger NHS organisations) and the Trust maintained their rating of ‘Significant Assurance’
The following initiatives have taken place during 2018-19:

• New Patient Administration System (Medway) was implemented, which is a major building block for the development of a clinical electronic patient record, a key ambition in the Trust’s IT strategy. Hardware across the Trust was replaced to support the Medway Patient Administration System project (156 desktops replaced).

• An integrated local care system, the St Helens Shared Care Record, has been launched which seeks to further develop person-centred services and support. All local GPs, hospitals, community, mental health and social care services are working together to make it possible for health and social care workers to look at relevant information about patients to make the best clinical decisions.

A shared record means that:
- Health and social care workers have the most up-to-date and accurate information about each patient’s health, medications, treatment and care plan.
- Patients get the right treatment and care in the most appropriate place.
- Reduction in duplicate appointments and tests.
- Reduced need for patients to repeat their medical or social care history.

These two major initiatives will deliver:

• Improvements to the patient journey and decision-making capability.

• Clinical transformation across a wider footprint, fostering positive working relationships with health economy partners and providing better care to patients wherever they are treated.

• The Electronic Prescribing and Medicines Administration System (ePMA) went live across the Medical Care Group wards and Emergency Department. For patients this will mean appropriate medication is given, reducing unnecessary life-threatening exposure to adverse drug-related accidents and delayed and missed doses. For clinicians this will mean decision support at the point of prescription, improved legibility, a reduction in transcription errors and improved and effective communication between pharmacy, medical and nursing staff.

• Wards have been provided with drug trolleys and mobile computer carts to facilitate the revised workflows, enabling optimal use of the ePMA solution.

• The network has been upgraded to support the major clinical system initiatives that have taken place during this year and to ensure that it is future-proofed.

• The Electronic Transfer of Care to Pharmacy (eTCP) implementation – in March 2018 the Trust began electronic transmission of discharge medication information to Community Pharmacies. The total local health economy savings as a result of Trust referrals was £289,858 (figures based from April to July 2018). Patients will benefit from this initiative because ward pharmacists in the hospital will be able to identify to community pharmacies those patients who will benefit from post-discharge medication reviews. This means that patients are not taking medication that can be stopped or need to be changed after their stay in hospital.

• System upgrades have been completed for Sexual Health (Lillie), Audiology (Auditbase) and Pathology (Telepath) systems.

• An additional 1700 clinicians across the Trust now have access to the Summary Care Record (SCR). SCR provides summary patient information to clinical staff from GP systems, enabling hospital clinicians to have visibility of patients’ prescriptions from primary care.

• Following a successful bid to the Innovation Agency in 2017, the Trust has continued to develop the Telehealth project, offering video
consultations as an alternative to physical outpatient appointments following discharge from hospital for patients who have had a stroke and for patients who have a drain in place following plastic surgery. Telehealth provides the technology for consultants to engage with patients via webcam technology. This means that patients and consultants do not need to be in the same location to conduct consultations. This project went live and responses to the initiative from both patients and clinicians have been extremely positive. Home environmental visits were also piloted with Stroke Occupational Therapists.

- For the Telehealth project, the Hospital Trust was shortlisted for: “Best Not-for-Profit Project” at the Digital Leaders Awards, “Telehealth Category” at the Health Business Awards and was the Winner of the 2018 ISD Innovation Award

- Internally, the Health Informatics structure has been reviewed and revised to align services and capability to enhance Digital Systems innovation, delivery and on-going management. There has also been emphasis on business development and ensuring clinical engagement in all phases of system implementations

- The Library and Knowledge Services attained a score of 100% compliance in the annual library quality assurance framework, one of only 10 in the country to achieve this. They were also highly commended in the Trust’s staff awards

- The service worked on alignment with other neighbouring healthcare organisations to enable agile working. The Informatics Service is leading on a joined-up Wi-Fi solution (Govroam) which will provide a single Wi-Fi solution across Cheshire and Merseyside enabling staff to work seamlessly across NHS and Local Authority locations.
2.2. Summary of how we did against our 2018-19 Quality Account priorities

Every year, the Trust identifies its priorities for delivering high quality care to patients, which are set out in the Quality Account. The section below provides a review of how well the Trust did in achieving the targets set last year.

2.2.1. Progress in achieving 2018-19 quality goals

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Quality Improvement Goal</th>
<th>Outcome delivered</th>
<th>Progress</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maintain effective assessment and monitoring of all patients in the Emergency Department.</td>
<td>Achieved</td>
<td>High compliance with the monitoring of modified early warning scores for patients in line with the requirements of the Trust policy was confirmed by audits.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Modified Early Warning Score (MEWS) undertaken for all patients attending ED</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Introduction of patient clinical information displayed on TV screen including MEWS</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
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<td>• Electronic MEWS (eMEWS) display at the ED coordinator hub and zone for senior leadership visibility</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Allocation of additional resources to ensure patient observations and MEWS completed for patients in waiting areas</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Adoption and compliance with Paediatric MEWS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Regular MEWS compliance and escalation audits undertaken</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reduce further the rate of avoidable harm from falls, pressure ulcers and medication incidents</td>
<td>Achieved</td>
<td>• 18% decrease in falls incidents resulting in severe harm or above</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• No grade 3 or grade 4 hospital acquired pressure ulcers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• 18% reduction in avoidable grade 2 pressure ulcers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• 8% reduction in total number of avoidable pressure ulcers (all grades)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• 86% decrease in medication incidents resulting in moderate harm or above from 2017-18 to 2018-19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• 36% decrease in harmful medication incidents</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Implement change as a result of lessons learned from incidents and complaints.</td>
<td>Improved</td>
<td>Audit conducted against the following processes to ensure lessons learned from incidents and complaints shared widely throughout the Trust.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Development and sharing of Trust-wide bimonthly safety briefing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Introduction and embedding of daily safety huddles across all inpatient areas, with sharing of key learning from incidents and complaints</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Quarterly Trust learning points identified through mortality review process, shared across multiple forums and governance meetings</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Sharing of learning and auditing through weekly senior nurse walk about</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Development of weekly incident review process, sharing lessons immediately learned from incidents</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>The audit has demonstrated that all of the above processes are embedded in the organisation. The CQC inspection report published in 2019 highlighted many examples of changes made as a result of lessons learned.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Quality Improvement Goal

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Quality Improvement Goal</th>
<th>Outcome delivered</th>
<th>Progress</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Increase the percentage of e-discharge summaries sent within 24 hours to 85%</td>
<td>Not achieved</td>
<td>Achieved 71.3% 2018-19 compared to 69.5% for 2017-18. The Trust is continuing to roll out the electronic prescribing record (ePR) which will support improvement in this area. In addition, the Trust is systematically introducing a series of digital solutions that will ultimately result in more timely electronic discharge summaries. An interim IT solution has been identified and the Trust is working with the Clinical Quality and Performance Group to implement this effectively, in such a way that does not disrupt GP systems and processes.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Improve the effectiveness of discharge planning                                         | Improved         | A number of actions have been taken to improve effectiveness of discharge planning including, Home for Lunch initiative with 79% more overnight stay medical patients being discharged before noon in March 2019 compared to March 2018; reducing the number of patients with delayed discharges, in particular super stranded patients with a 25% decrease in reported figures for March 2019 when compared to March 2018;  
  • Throughout the year there has been a consistent improvement in the percentage of overnight medical patients discharged by midday. In March 2019, the Trust achieved 28.4%, however there is further work required to achieve the target of 33% consistently across all in-patient wards  
  • There is targeted work to increase weekend discharges as part of the Executive-led Urgent and Emergency Care Council improvement programme  
  • A Trust-wide communications initiative has been undertaken to improve information to patients and relatives about hospital discharge |
| Make the most effective use of the skills of the nursing workforce by implementing an electronic system (SafeCare) to ensure optimal deployment of nursing resources | Achieved         |  
  • SafeCare has been rolled out successfully to 29 adult inpatient wards at Newton, St Helens and Whiston  
  • The lead nurse has been appointed and commenced in post in January 2019  
  • Safer staffing fill rates are 96.5% for 2018-19  
  • Patient acuity/dependency and staffing levels for these wards are entered three times daily into SafeCare and can be viewed and shared across the Trust |
| Further embed the seven day services clinical standards across the Trust                 | Improved         |  
  • 7-day service provision has been improved.  
  • The latest NHS England (NHSE) 7-day services audit shows that the Trust is achieving all of the standards for 7-day consultant led services, except patients assessed by a consultant within 14 hours of admission, which has improved to 64%. The Trust is, therefore, making progress towards the 2020 national targets  
  • The Trust has expanded other services to 7 days including the frailty service, extended opening hours for pharmacy at the weekend and increased therapy presence at the weekend |
2.3. Quality priorities for improvement for 2019-20

The Trust’s quality priorities for 2019-20 are listed below with the reasons why they are important areas for quality improvement. The views of stakeholders and staff were considered prior to the Trust Board’s approval of the final list. The consultation included an online survey that was circulated to staff, commissioners and patient representatives, as well as placed on the Trust’s website for public participation. In addition, Healthwatch members of the Trust’s councils and our commissioners were asked for their views on what should be included in the list of priorities.

The consultation was undertaken using SurveyMonkey with 163 responses received, an increase from 84 received last year. Analysis of the responses has shown overall agreement and support for the proposed quality improvements for 2019-20, in particular the priority to ensure timely and effective assessment and delivery of care within the Emergency Department, which scored 97.5%. Increasing the proportion of patients who report that they have received an appropriate amount of information to meet their needs in a way they can understand scored 95%. Maximising the effectiveness and utilisation of new electronic systems to improve the timeliness and effectiveness of patient care scored 92.5%. A number of respondents suggested that services to support patients with drug and alcohol issues should be considered as a priority. This is one of the 2019-2020 national CQuIN objectives and, therefore, the Trust will continue to focus on this area.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Objective</th>
<th>Rationale</th>
<th>Lead Director</th>
<th>Measurement</th>
<th>Governance Route</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Ensure timely and effective assessment and delivery of care within the Emergency Department | The Trust remains committed to providing the timely assessment and delivery of appropriate care to maintain patient safety. | Director of Nursing, Midwifery and Governance | • Patients triaged within 15 minutes of arrival  
• First clinical assessment median time of <2 hours over each 24 hour period  
• Compliance with the Trust’s Policy for National Early Warning Score (NEWS), with appropriate escalation of patients who trigger  
• 100% compliance with sepsis screening and treatment guidance | Quality Committee |
## Quality Domain: 2. Effectiveness

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Objective</th>
<th>Rationale</th>
<th>Lead Director</th>
<th>Measurement</th>
<th>Governance Route</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Maximise the effectiveness and utilisation of new electronic systems to improve the timeliness and effectiveness of patient care | The Trust has introduced a number of new electronic systems, including electronic prescribing and administration of medicines (ePMA), National Early Warning Score (NEWS) and e-Handover, which allows medical and nursing handover notes to be available to all team members at all times. The Trust aims to optimise the use of these systems. | Director of Informatics | • Reduction in medication errors  
• Improved discharge  
• Improved communications with GPs and community services  
• Earlier identification and initiation to treatment for deteriorating patients  
• Reduction in overall length of stay for patients | Quality Committee |

## Quality Domain: 3. Patient experience

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Objective</th>
<th>Rationale</th>
<th>Lead Director</th>
<th>Measurement</th>
<th>Governance Route</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Increase the proportion of patients who report that they have received an appropriate amount of information to meet their needs in a way they can understand</td>
<td>Findings from the national inpatient survey indicate that a significant proportion of patients do not receive the right level of information at the right time</td>
<td>Director of Nursing, Midwifery and Governance</td>
<td>• Improved scores for responses to patient questionnaires for questions relating to receiving the right level of information</td>
<td>Quality Committee</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2.4. Statements relating to the quality of the NHS services provided by the Trust in 2018-19

The following statements are required by the regulations and enable comparisons to be made between organisations, as well as providing assurance that the Trust Board has considered a broad range of drivers for quality improvement.

2.4.1. Review of services

During 2018-19, the Trust provided and/or sub-contracted £318m NHS services. St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust has reviewed all the data available to them on the quality of care in all of these NHS services.

The income generated by the NHS services reviewed in 2018-19 represents 100% of the total income generated from the provision of NHS services by St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust for 2018-19.

The other income generated by the Trust relates mainly to education and training, research and development, services to other NHS bodies and private finance initiative (PFI) related income.

2.4.2. Participation in clinical audit

2.4.2.1. Participation in Quality Account audits 2018-19

Annually, NHS England publishes a list of national clinical audits and clinical outcome review programmes that it advises trusts to prioritise for participation and inclusion in their Quality Account for that year. This will include projects that are ongoing and new items.

It should be noted that some audits are listed as one entity on the published list, however will involve a number of individual projects being undertaken under this single heading, e.g. NCEPOD; as detailed below:

- National Confidential Enquiry into Patient Outcome and Death (NCEPOD) - 3 individual audits
- Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD) Audit programme - 3
- Falls And Fragility Fractures Programme (FFFAP) – 2

During 2018-19, 45 national clinical audits and 3 national confidential enquiries covered relevant health services that St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust provides.

During that period, St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust participated in 100% national clinical audits and 100% national confidential enquiries of the national clinical audits and national confidential enquiries which it was eligible to participate in.

The table below shows:

- The national clinical audits and national confidential enquiries that St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust was eligible to participate in during 2018-19.
- The national clinical audits and national confidential enquiries that St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust participated in during 2018-19.
- The national clinical audits and national confidential enquiries that St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust participated in, and for which data collection was completed during 2018-19, are listed below alongside the number of cases submitted to each audit or enquiry as a percentage of the number of registered cases required by the terms of that audit or enquiry.
## National Clinical Audits and Clinical Outcome Review Programmes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Programme</th>
<th>Eligible</th>
<th>Participated</th>
<th>Rate of case ascertainment % submitted</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Acute Coronary Syndrome or Acute Myocardial Infarction: Myocardial Ischaemia National Audit Project (MINAP)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Continuous Monitoring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. BAUS: Nephrectomy Audit</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Continuous Monitoring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. BAUS: Percutaneous Nephrolithotomy (PCNL)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Continuous Monitoring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. BAUS: Stress Urinary Incontinence</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Continuous Monitoring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Bowel Cancer: National Bowel Cancer Audit Programme (NBOCAP)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Continuous Monitoring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Adult Critical Care: Case Mix Programme - Intensive Care National Audit &amp; Research Centre (ICNARC)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Continuous Monitoring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. NCEPOD (Child Health)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No current studies running during 2018-19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. NCEPOD (Surg/Med) 1. Pulmonary embolism study</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>1 - 100% 2 - Active 3 - not eligible for data collection stage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. Diabetes (Paediatric) NPDA</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. Elective Surgery: National patient-reported outcomes measures (PROMS)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Continuous Monitoring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11. Falls and Fragility Fractures Audit Programme (FFAP)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Continuous Monitoring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12. Inflammatory Bowel Disease (IBD) Programme (Registry)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Continuous Monitoring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13. Learning Disability Mortality review (LeDeR)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Active</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14. Severe Trauma: Trauma Audit &amp; Research Network (TARN)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Continuous Monitoring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15. MBRRACE – UK Maternal, Newborn and Infant Clinical Outcome Review Programme</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Continuous Monitoring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16. National audit-breast cancer in older patients (NABCOP)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Active</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>National Clinical Audits and Clinical Outcome Review Programmes</td>
<td>Eligible</td>
<td>Participated</td>
<td>Rate of case ascertainment % submitted</td>
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<tr>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>17. National Cardiac Arrest Audit (NCAA)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Continuous Monitoring</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 18. 1. National Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease Audit Programme (COPD)  
2. NACAP Asthma (adults)  
3. NACAP Asthma (children)                                                                                                  | Yes      | Yes          | 1 - Continuous Monitoring  
2 - Active  
3 - Active |
| 19. National Comparative Audit of Blood Transfusion Programme  
1. National Comparative Audit Of The Management Of Maternal Anaemia 2018                                                          | Yes      | Yes          | Active                                 |
<p>| 20. Diabetes (Adult): National Diabetes Audit (Adult) (NDA (A))                                                                     | Yes      | Yes          | Continuous Monitoring                  |
| 21. National Emergency Laparotomy Audit (NELA)                                                                                   | Yes      | Yes          | Continuous Monitoring                  |
| 22. National Heart Failure (HF)                                                                                                | Yes      | Yes          | Continuous Monitoring                  |
| 23. National Joint Registry (NJR)                                                                                                | Yes      | Yes          | Continuous Monitoring                  |
| 24. Lung Cancer: National Lung Cancer Audit (NLCA)                                                                                | Yes      | Yes          | Continuous Monitoring                  |
| 25. Neonatal Intensive and Special Care (National Neonatal Audit Programme (NNAP)                                                 | Yes      | Yes          | Continuous Monitoring                  |
| 26. National Ophthalmology Audit                                                                                               | Yes      | Yes          | Active                                 |
| 27. Oesophago-Gastric Cancer: National Audit Oesophago-Gastric Cancer (NAOGC)                                                     | Yes      | Yes          | Continuous Monitoring                  |
| 28. National Prostate Cancer Audit (NPCA)                                                                                       | Yes      | Yes          | Active                                 |
| 29. Sentinel Stroke National Audit Programme (SSNAP)                                                                                | Yes      | Yes          | Continuous Monitoring                  |
| 30. Royal College of Emergency Medicine (RCEM) Feverish Children (CARE IN ED)                                                      | Yes      | Yes          | Active                                 |
| 31. RCEM Vital Signs In Adults (CARE IN ED)                                                                                        | Yes      | Yes          | Active                                 |
| 32. RCEM Venous Thromboembolism (VTE) Risk In Lower Limb Immobilisation (CARE IN ED)                                               | Yes      | Yes          | Active                                 |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>National Clinical Audits and Clinical Outcome Review Programmes</th>
<th>Eligible</th>
<th>Participated</th>
<th>Rate of case ascertainment % submitted</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>33. Serious Hazards of Transfusion (SHOT): UK National Haemovigilance Scheme</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Continuous Monitoring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34. National Maternity And Perinatal Audit (NMPA)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Continuous Monitoring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35. National Audit of Seizures and Epilepsies in Children and Young People (Epilepsy 12/Rd 3)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Active</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36. National Dementia Audit Round 4</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Completed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37. National Audit of Care at the End of Life (NACEL)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>100% completed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>38. UK Cystic Fibrosis Registry</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Continuous Monitoring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>39. National Audit of Intermediate Care (NAIC)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Active</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40. British Thoracic Society (BTS) Adult Community Acquired Pneumonia</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Active</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>41. BTS Non-Invasive Ventilation - Adults</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Active</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42. Mandatory Surveillance of Bloodstream Infections and Clostridium Difficile Infection</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Continuous Monitoring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>43. Reducing the Impact of Serious Infections (antimicrobial resistance and sepsis)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Continuous Monitoring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>44. Surgical Site Infection Surveillance Service</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Continuous Monitoring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45. Seven Day Hospital Services</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Completed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>46. National mortality case record review programme</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Continuous Monitoring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>47. National Clinical Audit for Rheumatoid and Early Inflammatory Arthritis (NCAREIA)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Active</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48. National Audit of Cardiac Rehabilitation</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Active</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2.4.2.2. Other national audits (not on Quality Account list 2018-19)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>National audits</th>
<th>Status</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>STARSURG (Student Audit and Research) audit: Imagine (ileus management)</td>
<td>Completed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Samba 18 (Society of Acute Benchmarking Audit)</td>
<td>Completed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>National audit: sleep-deprived EEG</td>
<td>Completed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operative management of distal radius fractures</td>
<td>Completed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Administration of tranexamic acid in lower limb arthroplasty (attila)</td>
<td>Completed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>National snapshot audit into surgical lower urinary tract symptoms/benign prostatic hyperplasia (LUTS/BPH) management</td>
<td>Completed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RACPC audit programme (Rapid Access Chest Pain Clinic)</td>
<td>Active</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pruritus audit 2019</td>
<td>Active</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash glucose monitoring audit - Paediatrics (Freestyle Libre)</td>
<td>Active</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash glucose monitoring audit- Adults (Freestyle Libre)</td>
<td>Active</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fitness for older patients</td>
<td>Active</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>National audit of seizure management (ED)</td>
<td>Active</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Magseed and wire/roll localisation for breast lesions</td>
<td>Active</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>National audit neo-adjuvant systemic therapy</td>
<td>Active</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Breast and cosmetic implant surgery</td>
<td>Active</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>National 3rd corrective jaw treatment audit</td>
<td>Active</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Management of non-gonococcal non-chlamydial urethritis</td>
<td>Active</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Each baby counts – National quality improvement project (QIP)</td>
<td>Active</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>National Perinatal Mortality Review Tool (PMRT) programme</td>
<td>Active</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>National children and young people diabetes/quality programme</td>
<td>Active</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“Flash-mob” audit of intravenous immunoglobulin use in ITP (Immune thrombocytopenic purpura)</td>
<td>Active</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The reports of 53 national clinical audits were reviewed by the provider in 2018-19 and St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust has taken and intends to take the following actions to improve the quality of healthcare provided:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Audit Title</th>
<th>Outcome/actions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Critical Care</strong></td>
<td>Whiston Hospital participates in ICNARC – case mix programme – collecting information on all patients admitted to critical care – this information produces quarterly quality reports measuring quality indicators with other critical care units – 100% general critical care units participate within England, Wales &amp; Northern Ireland. This information is shared with all relevant members of staff highlighting areas of excellence &amp; any areas that require review, with robust systems in place to ensure information is reviewed and relevant action plans are implemented. Previously Whiston was a national outlier for delayed discharges from critical care and through the processes mentioned there has been improvements to reducing the amount of delayed discharges from critical care.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>General Medicine: Department of Medicine for Older People</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>National audit of dementia - round 3 (findings)</td>
<td>• Improve delirium screening by increasing the use of the 4AT test</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Integrate the Forget-Me-Not document with nursing documentation on activities of daily living to improve collection of personal information</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Increase staff awareness of the availability of snacks for patients with dementia out of hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spotlight audit: Delirium screening and assessment</td>
<td>Planned actions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Development and implementation of a screening tool</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Update of the Trust guidance on delirium management</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Emergency Department</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RCEM National Sedation Audit</td>
<td>• A new sedation pathway and patient information leaflet have been developed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RCEM Pain in Children Audit</td>
<td>• Further work will be undertaken to improve the re-evaluation of pain after analgesia.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Triage teaching has been delivered to paediatric nurses including discussion on pain assessment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Acute Coronary Syndrome or Acute Myocardial Infarction: MINAP</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Myocardial Ischaemia National Audit Project MINAP</td>
<td>A new national database has been implemented in March 2019 to collect data and facilitate reporting</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The Trust has participated in all eligible studies during 2018-19. Completed study reports have been disseminated and reviewed with report recommendations implemented or planned.

### Current Active Studies:
1. Long Term Ventilation
2. Acute Bowel Obstruction

### Completed Studies – Awaiting National Report:
1. Pulmonary Embolism
2. Mental health conditions in young people

### NCEPOD: (National Confidential Enquiry into Patient Outcome and Death)/Child Heath Programme

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Audit Title</th>
<th>Outcome/actions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Administration of Tranexamic Acid (TXA) in lower limb arthroplasty (ATILLA) National Collaborative audit</td>
<td>The local results demonstrated that blood loss was less in patients receiving TXA.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Orthopaedics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Audit Title</th>
<th>Outcome/actions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NCEPOD: Acute Heart Failure Study</td>
<td>Discussion points: As specified in the NCEPOD recommendations a protocol for the management of these patients is to be developed, as well as a Heart Failure Multi-Disciplinary Team.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Paediatrics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Audit Title</th>
<th>Outcome/actions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| National Paediatrics Diabetes audit 2016-17 report | Planned Actions:  
  - Telephone reminders to be sent 1 week prior and on the day of appointment to improve clinic attendance and reduce DNA rates  
  - Review the feasibility of appointing diabetes administration staff to assist the clinical team  
  - Continue monthly meetings to monitor patients with high HbA1c and link with key workers |

### Sentinel Stroke National Audit Programme (SSNAP)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Audit Title</th>
<th>Outcome/actions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SSNAP</td>
<td>Service developments continue to be delivered to sustain the improved outcomes from the audits.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Severe Trauma: Trauma Audit & Research Network (TARN)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Audit Title</th>
<th>Outcome/actions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TARN</td>
<td>Reports and TARN dashboard are continuously reviewed locally and by the Cheshire &amp; Mersey Major Trauma Network/Operational Delivery Network - no further clinical actions. To review possible changes to reporting structure/ standards to reflect more accurate activity reporting and appropriateness of standards for Trauma Units.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2.4.2.3. Local clinical audit information

The reports of 179 local clinical audits were reviewed by the provider in 2018-19 and St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust has taken and intends to take the following actions to improve the quality of healthcare provided:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Audit Title</th>
<th>Outcome/actions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Burns &amp; Plastics</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Audit of referral timing for facial palsy patients in Merseyside</td>
<td>Re-educate primary and secondary care staff on St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust service and current NICE guidelines with a point to encourage early referral. Re-educate based on current evidence (Scottish Bell’s palsy study) and re-write a treatment pathway for treatment of suspected facial nerve palsy in ED. Discuss the findings with NICE to put forward a multidisciplinary review based on patient outcomes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Emergency Department</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Review of HIV testing uptake in Emergency Department</td>
<td>Actions: Completed ‘a message of the week’ for Emergency Department (ED) teaching. Audit results poster displayed around the ED department and re-audit for a day, with the findings presented at an ED teaching session for consultants and registrars at the end of June 2018.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Management of C-Spine Injuries in the ED</td>
<td>Key success: All patients immobilised and discussed with Neuro-centre. Main outcome: Introduction of C-Spine injury pathway by August 2019 Re-audit planned in the next audit year: 2019-20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Do not attempt cardiopulmonary resuscitation (DNACPR)</td>
<td>100% compliance achieved in most criteria, the remainder fell just short. Recommendation of monthly snapshots to be undertaken going forward</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Open Fracture Audit</td>
<td>The audit has led to the development of an open fracture pathway and the addition of a camera for the department.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>De-brief after a critical incident (QIP)</td>
<td>This has resulted in a massive impact on awareness of staff well-being. This practice is being implemented now in other departments and other EDs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Critical Care</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Audit of arterial cannulation in critical care</td>
<td>100% aseptic technique. Successful atrial cannulation at 1st and 2nd attempts higher than audit target. All awake patients had infiltration of local anaesthetic, therefore, no actions needed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### General Medicine: Endoscopy Global Rating Scale (GRS) audit programme

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Audit Title</th>
<th>Outcome/actions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Rectal biopsies in diarrhoea audit</td>
<td>A programme of mandated audits are undertaken each year and presented in January and July, to assess compliance with the GRS standards.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Upper gastrointestinal (UGI) endoscopy – acute upper GI bleed</td>
<td>Results are discussed from these audits and any necessary actions implemented - some audits are repeated again as part of this rolling programme.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Quality &amp; safety – of lower gastrointestinal (LGI) endoscopist</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Quality &amp; safety of UGI endoscopy peg insertion</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Audit of 30-day mortality &amp; 8-day readmissions post endoscopic procedure</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Safety &amp; sedation – use of reversal agents</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Comfort during endoscopic procedures audit</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Patient Comfort survey</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### General Medicine: Acute Medical Unit

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time to first consultant review: current practice on the acute medical unit (AMU)</th>
<th>Actions: Assessment bays established on 1B. New consultant appointments to improve flow/bed pressures</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Venous-thromboembolism (VTE) Champion of the Day: Improving VTE Risk Assessment Completion within 24 hours (QIP)</td>
<td>Significant improvement in patients having VTE risk assessment documented and carried out within 24 hours following introduction of VTE Champion.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### General Medicine: Cardiology

| Lipid management following Acute Coronary Syndrome (ACS) with compliance against NICE guidelines | To continue to liaise with the laboratory to link the first troponin with a full lipid profile. The cardiology team are going to work to develop some educational material for ED and Medical Assessment Unit to ensure patients post-ACS have lipid profiles measured during admission (prior to high-intensity statin commencement) so that response to therapy can be monitored. To reinforce the structured review of lipids in post-myocardial infarction clinic and advocate patients have their lipids re-checked at 6 months and 1 year. Specialist nurses to continue to tell patients to attend for lipid monitoring in the community at 3 months post-discharge (same information to be passed to GP). This will continue to be achieved through the small changes made to discharge paperwork given to the patient. |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specialized nurses to continue to tell patients to attend for lipid monitoring in the community at 3 months post-discharge (same information to be passed to GP).</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Audit Title</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>General Medicine: Dermatology</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>General Surgery</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>General Surgery - Burney Breast Unit</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Palliative Care</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Paediatrics</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Audit Title</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Paediatrics (continued)</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Management of neonatal weight loss to aid breastfeeding/prevent readmission</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prolonged jaundice care audit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Management of prolonged and recurrent febrile seizures in children</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Obstetrics &amp; Gynaecology</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compliance with Merseyside Child Death Overview Panel (CDOP) multi-agency safe sleeping guidance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Audit of maternity and new born records for antenatal and new born screening quality assurance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Orthopaedics</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reasons for delayed discharges of knee arthroscopy re-audit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fractured Neck of Femur Consent Form audit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Pathology – Biochemistry</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Audit of short synacthen tests (SSTs)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Audit Title</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Pathology – Microbiology</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clinical review to improve inpatient management of staphylococcus (S) aureus bacteraemia (QIP)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Quality &amp; Risk – Nursing</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pain assessment audit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Research, Development and Innovation (RDI)</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Research: compliance with good clinical practice re consent, record keeping, storage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Resuscitation Services</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Do not attempt cardiopulmonary resuscitation (DNACPR) and unified (u) DNACPR documentation audit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Sexual Health</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Safeguarding audit – sexual health</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Audit Title

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Audit Title</th>
<th>Outcome/actions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Trust-wide/Corporate</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trust-wide consent audit programme 2017-18</td>
<td>Improvements were demonstrated across the board from the 1st round (initial) to the 2nd round (re-audit) Action: the Consent Audit programme to be reviewed with a view to moving to electronic data collection (similar to the Trust’s record keeping audit programme)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Annual generic record keeping audit programme (Trust wide): 2017-18 | • High standards of clinical documentation were found in many areas across the Trust, and several specialties regularly achieved 100% compliance with some standards.  
• Further improvements are needed for some areas.  
• Review of the audit analysis process to make it more efficient and timely.  
• Include additional information in the current guidance notes to assist staff during the data collection process.  
• Continue to liaise with specialties, directorates and Care Groups regarding the audit process and how to refine and improve compliance with the record keeping process.  
• Provide one to one/group facilitation to ensure clinical staff are fully aware of the reasons for the audit and how to comply with the record keeping audit process.  
• Roll out Trust wide ‘bite size’ record keeping training sessions, for all staff to attend on a ‘drop in’ basis, ad hoc bespoke sessions will also be offered on request for any groups of staff who may find it difficult to leave clinical areas. |
2.4.3. Participation in clinical research

Evidence suggests that NHS trusts that support high quality patient-centred research can show better healthcare outcomes for patients.

St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust is committed to providing the best possible care to patients and acknowledges that research has been widely recognised as being an important factor in providing high quality care for healthcare organisations. Research has built the NHS we have today. Getting involved in healthcare research could help shape the NHS for the future, discovering life-saving treatments, uncovering the secrets behind diseases and developing the answers to the problems causing ill health today.

Every year, more than half a million people take part in health research. Patients and members of the public also help design research studies and advise what our priorities for future research should be.

The Trust is a partner organisation in the North West Coast Clinical Research Network (NWC CRN) and works closely with them to ensure a culture of research and innovation is embedded within the Trust. This partnership working helps the Trust to support the National Institute for Health Research (NIHR) commitments, including improving the quality, speed and co-ordination of clinical research by removing the barriers within the NHS, unifying systems, improving collaboration with industry and streamlining administrative processes.

The Trust employs a team of specialist research staff to support clinical research across the organisation and to increase recruitment to high quality clinical trials and other robust research studies. The Trust has exceeded its recruitment target for the third consecutive year, with the numbers for 2018-19 being our highest recorded over the three year period.

During 2018-19, the Trust was involved in 84 active studies and the NIHR supported 72 of these, with the remaining 12 studies being local or student studies.

The number of patients receiving relevant health services provided or sub-contracted by St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust in 2018-19 that were recruited during that period to participate in research approved by a research ethics committee/Health Research Authority: 1388 recruited to NIHR adopted studies, which exceeds the proposed target of 600.

The Trust has impressive research activity across a wide range of clinical specialties. Since 1st April 2018, the RDI department produced RDI permission for 26 new studies, of which 25 were NIHR portfolio adopted studies. The following table displays the specialties of the new studies:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Speciality</th>
<th>Number of Studies - NIHR Portfolio</th>
<th>Non – Portfolio</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Anaesthetics /Surgery</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cancer</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Care of the Elderly</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Critical Care</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diabetes</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gastroenterology</td>
<td>9</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Obstetrics &amp; Gynaecology</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rheumatology</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stroke</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vascular Surgery</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

During 2018-19, the Trust was involved in 84 active studies and the NIHR supported 72 of these, with the remaining 12 studies being local or student studies.
2.4.3.1. Performance in initiation and delivery of research (PID data)

Performance benchmarks have been introduced by the National Institute of Health Research (NIHR) for the time taken to initiate and deliver clinical trials within the NHS. The Trust's performance against these benchmarks is published quarterly and the reports are available at:


2.4.3.2. Commercially sponsored studies

We have continued to increase our participation in commercially sponsored studies, with 10 commercial studies active within the Trust.

2.4.3.3. Key achievements

The Trust has been recognised as a top recruiting site in a number of areas of research:

- In September 2018, the Trust was again recognised as being one of the top recruiters to the mammographic surveillance in breast cancer patients aged 50 years or over (MAMMO 50) study.
- Also in September 2018, the Trust was the top recruiter to the PD COMM study (speech and language therapy interventions for people with Parkinson's disease).
- The Rheumatology Department was alongside three other trusts to have recruited the most MMF patients to the BILAG BR study (Biologics Prospective Cohort: the Use of Novel Biological Therapies in the Treatment of Systemic Lupus Erythematosus (SLE)).

2.4.3.4. Other Achievements

- Providing a research management service to Southport and Ormskirk Hospital NHS Trust research department, resulting in the team winning the Trust's 2018 Time to Shine award, which was presented to the team at an awards ceremony in Formby Hall on 12th October 2018.
- In March 2019, the Trust was successful in two categories of the North West Coast Research and Innovation awards, winning the Delivery of Commercial Life Science Research award and finalists in the Clinical Research Team of the year award. This was an outstanding achievement and demonstrates our commitment to offering patients and public the opportunity to take part in research.
- Congratulations to Michael Lloyd, Medical Education and Training Pharmacist, whose, "Exploring the impact of pharmacist-led feedback on prescribing behaviour: A qualitative study" was selected as the Best Paper 2018 by the Research in Social and Administrative Pharmacy Journal.
- Dr Seamus Coyle, Consultant in Palliative Care, initiated another exciting study, “Investigation of biological changes in urine in lung cancer – a pilot study”. The study analyses the urine of patients with lung cancer to look at changes as the disease progresses towards the end of life. Initial results are promising and there are plans to extend the research to include patients with different cancers. The Trust made a major contribution to the study by recruiting a large proportion of the inpatients required for the study.
- Currently, lung cancer is number one cause of cancer deaths in UK, with >40,000 new patients every year. In September 2018, a ‘ground breaking’ study to find personalise Lung Cancer Treatment started at the Trust. The observational clinical trial aims to develop and validate the CancertainTM Test which will personalise the cancer treatment for lung cancer patients.
• The Gastroenterology Team has continued to successfully expand its commercial research portfolio. 2018-19 was a very busy year for the team and they are now recognised as a site that exceeds in this specialty
• During 2018-19, we opened three new NIHR portfolio studies in Intensive Care, supported by Dr Ascanio Trdente, Consultant in Intensive Care, and Mr Greg Barton, Specialist Pharmacist in Intensive Care, who agreed to act as Principal Investigators
• All of our other research specialties, including Diabetes, Stroke, Cardiology, Paediatrics and Rheumatology, have worked extremely hard and with their input we are pleased that the annual NIHR recruitment target for 2018-19 was met during quarter 3.
• We are extremely pleased that the CRN NWC has successfully recruited staff from the Trust into local Specialty Research Group (SRG) leads in the following areas:
  - Palliative Care - Dr Seamus Coyle
  - Plastic and Hand Surgery – Mr Rowan Pritchard Jones
  - Breast Cancer – Miss Tamara Kiernan

These are key roles for our clinicians as they work in partnership with the research network locally. They co-ordinate and oversee activity at a national (UK) level, providing a national forum to share good practice, successes, opportunities and challenges, helping influence and shape the clinical research environment.
• The Trust promoted Research and Innovation to staff and patients via:
  - Social media, and regularly posting good new stories on the Trust’s Facebook and Twitter
  - TV screens in the Diabetes outpatient clinic
  - Library Services
  - Training and Education
• International Clinical Trials Day is celebrated around the world, on or near 20th May each year, to raise awareness of the importance of clinical trials for advances in research and healthcare. In May 2018, the Research Team celebrated with a stall promoting the campaign. This was a great opportunity to promote clinical research trials and let patients, staff and the public know more about the research trials on offer at our Trust.

These achievements are only possible because of the continued support from the committed consultants, who take the role of Chief and Principal Investigators, the Research Nurses, Research Administrative teams, support services and, most importantly, the patients, who give up their time to take part in clinical trials.

98 publications (research and academic) have resulted from our involvement in both NIHR and Non-NIHR research, which shows our commitment to transparency and our desire to improve patient outcomes and experience across the NHS.

2.4.3.5. Research aims for 2019-20
Our aims for 2019-20 are to:
• Include research in the Trust strategy and vision
• Promote and increase engagement in Trust research, by raising awareness of research activities amongst all staff and patients
• Increase research in areas new to research and those areas that are currently research naïve
• Work in partnership with the Clinical Research Network to ensure the NIHR high level objectives are met
• Generate research funding by increasing the number of commercially sponsored studies in our portfolio
• Ensure high quality delivery of studies, to time and on target
2.4.4. Clinical Goals agreed with commissioners

A proportion of St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust income in 2018-19 was conditional on achieving quality improvement and innovation goals agreed between the Trust and any person or body they entered into a contract, agreement or arrangement with for the provision of relevant health services, through the Commissioning for Quality and Innovation payment framework.

Further details of the agreed goals for 2018-19 and for the following 12-month period are shown in the tables below:
2.4.4.1. CQuIN targets 2018-19

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Commissioner</th>
<th>Scheme Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Clinical Commissioning Group (CCG)/Integrated Care System (ICS)</td>
<td>Sustainability and Transformation Fund (STF)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| CCG Acute | NHS Staff Health & Wellbeing:  
1a] Staff survey  
1b] Healthy food  
1c] Flu vaccine |
| CCG Acute | 2a] Timely identification of patients with sepsis  
2b] Timely treatment of sepsis  
2c] Assessment of a clinical antibiotic review for patients with sepsis  
2d] Antibiotic consumption (agent & duration) |
| CCG Acute | Improving services for people with mental health needs who present to A&E |
| CCG Acute | Advice & guidance |
| CCG Acute | 9a] Tobacco screening  
9b] Tobacco brief advice  
9c] Tobacco referral & medication offer  
9d] Alcohol screening  
9e] Alcohol brief advice or referral |
| Specialised Commissioning | Right setting: to ensure patients are cared for in the most clinically appropriate setting |
| Public Health England | NHS staff health & wellbeing |
| Public Health England | Dental e-referrals & managed clinical network involvement |
| CCG Community | NHS Staff Health & Wellbeing:  
1a] Staff survey  
1c] Flu vaccine |
| CCG Community Including Cardiac | 9a] Tobacco screening  
9b] Tobacco brief advice  
9c] Tobacco referral & medication offer  
9d] Alcohol screening  
9e] Alcohol brief advice or referral |
| CCG Community | Improving the assessment of wounds |
| CCG Community | Personalised Care & Support Planning |

The proposed CQuIN targets for 2019-20 will be published on the Trust’s website at www.sthk.nhs.uk following agreement with commissioners.
2.4.5. Statements from the Care Quality Commission (CQC)

The CQC is the independent regulator for health and adult social care services in England. The CQC monitors the quality of services the NHS provides and takes action where these fall short of the fundamental standards required. The CQC uses a wide range of regularly updated sources of external information and assesses services against five key questions to determine the quality of care a Trust provides, asking if services are:

- Safe
- Effective
- Caring
- Responsive to people’s needs
- Well-led

If it has cause for concern, it may undertake special reviews/investigations and impose certain conditions.

The latest comprehensive CQC inspection, using the new approach, took place in July and August 2018. The Use of Resources review was undertaken on 5th July, the unannounced inspection took place during the week commencing 16th July, the inspection of Marshalls Cross Medical Centre was completed on 14th August and the planned well-led review completed during the week commencing 20th August.

Teams of inspectors visited Whiston, St Helens and Newton hospitals and the Trust’s directly provided community and primary care services during the inspection period to talk to patients, carers and staff about the quality and safety of the care provided. They reviewed care records and observed the care provided. The Trust was able to demonstrate to the inspection team the high standard of work that is undertaken on a daily basis to ensure patients receive excellent care.

St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust is required to register with the Care Quality Commission and its current registration status is registered without conditions.

The Care Quality Commission has not taken enforcement action against St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust during 2018-19.

St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust has not participated in any special reviews or investigations by the Care Quality Commission in 2018-19.

St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust is subject to periodic reviews by the Care Quality Commission and the last review was in July/August 2018. The CQC’s assessment of the Trust following that review was outstanding.
The Trust’s Emergency Department was rated as requires improvement for the responsive and safety domains, with action plans in place to address the recommendations as outlined in the section below.

As part of the 2018 inspection, the CQC inspected Marshalls Cross Medical Centre, which is a new service that the Trust was contracted to provide from March 2018. The inspection identified three areas where the Trust has not yet met the requirements of the CQC regulations for this service. The Trust had already taken action to start to address the issues identified at the time of the inspection in August 2018.

The Trust intends to take the following action to address the points made in the CQC’s assessment:

- Deliver comprehensive action plans to address the areas of non-compliance in Marshalls Cross Medical Centre and all should do recommendations, including those areas where the Trust requires improvement in the ED:
  - Ensuring all applicable staff within the ED receive level three children’s safeguarding training
  - Continuing attempts to achieve key national targets to enable timely care of patients in ED, including arrival to initial assessment times and the Department of Health decision to admit, transfer or discharge target
  - Clarifying and monitoring the quality and completion of ligature and clinical risk assessments to ensure they are completed as appropriate for all patients requiring them in ED

St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust has made the following progress by 31st March 2019 in taking such action:

Processes for the following have been strengthened in relation to Marshalls Cross Medical Centre:

- Follow up of uncollected prescriptions
- Monitoring of NICE guidelines
- Managing patients on high risk medicines
- Undertaking risk assessments
- Audit programme to monitor quality and identify areas for improvement
- Ensuring sufficient numbers of skilled and experienced staff to provide formal clinical leadership
2.4.6. Learning from deaths

2.4.6.1. Number of deaths
During Quarters 1-3 2018-19, 1146 of St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust's patients died. This comprised the following number of deaths which occurred in each quarter of that reporting period:
- 365 in the first quarter;
- 374 in the second quarter;
- 407 in the third quarter;
Data unavailable for Q4 as data reported a quarter behind.

By end of Q3, 431 case record reviews and 16 investigations have been carried out in relation to 1146 of the deaths included in item 2.4.6.1 In 16 cases, a death was subjected to both a case record review and an investigation. The number of deaths in each quarter for which a case record review or an investigation was carried out was:
- 134 in the first quarter;
- 146 in the second quarter;
- 151 in the third quarter;
Data unavailable for Q4 as data reported a quarter behind.

4 representing 0.4% of the patient deaths during the reporting period are judged to be more likely than not to have been due to problems in the care provided to the patient. This number has been estimated using the St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust Structured Judgement Review (SJR).

3 representing 0.6% of the patient deaths before the reporting period, are judged to be more likely than not to have been due to problems in the care provided to the patient. This number has been estimated using the St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust Structured Judgement Review (SJR) which uses NCEPOD Quality Score and RAG rating similar to Royal College of Physicians SJR and consistent with Royal College of Physicians and NHS Improvement guidance. This represents the final position for Quarter 4 of 2017-18.

4 representing 0.2% of the patient deaths during 2017-18 are judged to be more likely than not to have been due to problems in the care provided to the patient. This represents all four quarters of 2017-18.

2.4.6.2. Summary of learning from case record reviews and investigations
The Trust has focussed on two key learning priorities for each quarterly report to the Trust Board and is establishing a database that collates all learning from deaths, incidents, complaints, PALS and litigation into a single repository for quarterly thematic analysis and sharing. Key lessons shared in 2018-19 are below:
- Clear and accurate records are essential for clinical decision-making and high quality patient care. Document each patient interaction as soon as possible. The record should capture what happened during a consultation and inform colleagues who see the patient subsequently, supporting continuity of care.
• Older people are more susceptible to sepsis than younger adults. The initial clinical presentation may be non-specific, so clinicians should have a higher index of suspicion and lower threshold for treatment in older people.

• Where there is concern that a patient is at risk of falling out of bed, a low rise bed must be used. Bedrails are likely to introduce more risk and should never be used as a form of restraint.

• If a patient has a suspected hip fracture and the plain X-ray is normal, but the patient cannot mobilise, request a CT scan within 24 hours. After a normal CT scan if the patient can still not mobilise, please ask the responsible consultant to speak to a radiologist to discuss MRI scan.

• Patients who fall in hospital frequently have incomplete falls risk assessments. It is vital that nursing staff complete the risk assessments fully and individualise the care plans to protect patients and the staff caring for them, ensuring the communication works to deliver the right plan for each patient.

• When a patient is suspected of having a gastrointestinal (GI) bleed, review their medications and temporarily withhold antiplatelet medication (including aspirin) and anticoagulants till they have had the endoscopy. When in doubt, consult a senior. People with acute upper GI bleeding who take aspirin for secondary prevention of vascular events and in whom haemostasis has been achieved at endoscopy are advised to continue on low-dose aspirin.

• Some hospital patients face an uncertain recovery and are sick enough to die despite active treatment. Please ensure that do not attempt cardio-pulmonary resuscitation (DNA-CPR) and ceilings of treatment are proactively discussed with the patient, their family and people important to them. Symptom control treatments must be provided in parallel with active treatment.

Please also consider referral to the specialist palliative care team and note that active and palliative treatments are not mutually exclusive.

• When patients present with swallowing difficulties and they are frail or approaching the end of life, do not make them nil by mouth as a “reflex”. Open discussions with the patient and their relatives about the risks and benefits of continuing oral feeding and involve the Speech and Language Therapy (SALT) team.

2.4.6.3. Actions taken resulting from learning

The Trust’s Learning from Deaths Policy was updated in January 2019 to incorporate the principles laid down in the National Quality Board document “Learning from Death: Guidance for NHS trusts on working with bereaved families and carers”.

Lessons identified from the structured judgement reviews have been shared with the Trust Board, Quality Committee, Finance & Performance Committee, Clinical Effectiveness Council, Patient Safety Council, Patient Experience Council, Grand Rounds, Team Brief, Intranet Home Page, global email, Medical Care Group (Governance), Surgical Care Group (Governance), Medical Care Group Directorate Meetings, Surgical Care Group Directorate Meetings and Clinical Support Directorate meetings.

2.4.6.4. Impact of actions taken

The effectiveness of learning is assessed by audit of Datix, serious incidents, complaints, PALS, Litigation and Mortality Reviews for evidence of failure to deliver these priorities. Systematic assessment of effectiveness is necessarily two quarters behind priorities, allowing time for sharing and then time to establish that learning has become embedded.
2.4.6.5. Trust approach to learning from deaths
A summary of the Trust’s approach to learning from deaths is outlined below:

**Total Deaths in Scope**

1. All inpatient deaths at STHK, transfers to other hospitals or settings not included
2. LeDeR – nationally prescribed process for reviewing LD deaths
3. Structured judgement review, currently STHK tool (see Appendix A)
4. Low risk deaths as defined by Dr Foster/HED grouping
5. Alert deaths, include any CQC alerts or 12-month internal monitoring alerts from the previous financial year.
2.4.7. Priority clinical standards for seven day hospital services

The Seven Day Hospital Services Programme aims to ensure that patients requiring emergency treatment receive high quality, consistent care every day of the week. The standards are intended to improve the care given to patients by enabling early and consistent senior decision making along with other urgent services. Ten clinical standards for seven day services were developed in 2013 through the Seven Day Services Forum, of which four were identified as national priorities for implementation by 2020 on the basis of their potential to positively affect patient outcomes. These are:

**Standard 2 - Time to first consultant review**
All emergency admissions must be seen and have a thorough clinical assessment by a suitable consultant as soon as possible, but at the latest within 14 hours from the time of admission to hospital.

**Standard 5 – Access to diagnostic tests**
Hospital inpatients must have scheduled 7 day access to specialist diagnostic services including magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), echocardiography and endoscopy.

**Standard 6 – Access to consultant-directed interventions**
Hospital inpatients must have timely 24 hour access, seven days a week, to key consultant-directed interventions, either on-site or through formally agreed networked arrangements. These interventions include: interventional radiology, interventional endoscopy, emergency renal replacement therapy, urgent radiotherapy, stroke thrombolysis, percutaneous coronary intervention and cardiac pacing.

**Standard 8 – Ongoing review by consultant twice daily if high dependency patients, daily for others**
All patients with high dependency needs should be seen and reviewed by a consultant twice daily. Once a clear pathway of care has been established, patients should be reviewed by a consultant at least once every day, seven days a week, unless it has been determined that this would not affect the patient’s care pathway. The Trust was audited regularly to indicate performance against the four priority standards and identify areas for improvement.

**Latest performance against standards**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>CS2</th>
<th>CS5</th>
<th>CS6</th>
<th>CS8</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>64%</td>
<td>94%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>95%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In April 2018, 64% of patients involved in the audit were reviewed by a Consultant within 14 hours of admission, an improvement from 54% in March 2017.
The following actions have been put in place to further improve compliance:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Action</th>
<th>Rationale</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Trust Lead for 7 Day Services to create and chair Trust 7DS Steering Group</td>
<td>Allows presentation and comparison of results between specialties, sharing of good practice and accountability for improvements across all disciplines</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Streaming process to be embedded in ED to allow early identification and transfer of patients requiring speciality review</td>
<td>Early transfer of appropriate patients to assessment areas facilitates early discharge and/or Consultant review</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute Medicine Consultant rota reviewed and changed to provide increased afternoon and evening cover</td>
<td>Medical patients make up largest volume of acute admissions. Increased Consultant presence will improve proportion of patients reviewed on day of admission</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paediatric Consultants working in ED in evenings</td>
<td>Increased evening presence of Paediatric Consultants in ED allows earlier Consultant review.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frailty Consultant in-reach to ED</td>
<td>Frailty Consultant working in ED each day allows earlier intervention and Consultant review</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Changes to 1st Consultant review process to encourage documentation of need for ongoing daily Consultant review</td>
<td>Not all patients require daily Consultant review; clear documentation of frequency of need for daily review will reduce avoidable fails against CS8.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Detailed gap analysis within each speciality to ascertain resource required to meet CS2</td>
<td>Some improvement in performance can be gained via change in practice but consistent performance &gt;90% against CS2 may require increased Consultant presence at weekends or out of hours</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Trust will continue to monitor performance against the Seven Day Services Clinical Standards and implement the new Trust Board Assurance Process, which commenced in February 2019.
2.4.8. Information governance and toolkit attainment levels

Information Governance is the term used to describe the standards and processes for ensuring that organisations comply with the laws and regulations regarding handling and dealing with personal information. Within our organisation, we have clear policies and processes in place to ensure that information, including patient information, is handled in a confidential and secure manner.

The Trust looks to benchmark itself against the Data Security and Protection Toolkit (DSP), which replaced the Information Governance (IG) Toolkit. The DSP Toolkit provides a new mechanism for organisations to assess themselves against the National Data Guardian (NDG) 10 data security standards, through confirming assertions and providing supporting evidence.

The requirements for the DSP Toolkit differ from those within the previous IG Toolkit. An overview of the differences are provided below:

- The requirements of the DSP Toolkit are designed to encompass the 10 NDG Data Standards
- The requirements of the DSP Toolkit support key requirements under the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR), identified in the NHS GDPR Checklist. This will assist the Trust with its obligations in accordance with the GDPR
- The IG Toolkit assessed performance against three levels 1, 2 and 3
- Organisations were required to evidence compliance with (at least) level 2 for all elements of their assessment. The DSP Toolkit does not include levels, and instead requires compliance with assertions and (mandatory) evidence items
- The assertions and evidence items within the DSP Toolkit are designed to be concise and unambiguous. Documentary evidence is only requested where this adds value

St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust Information Governance Assessment Report overall submission position for 2018-19 was rated as meeting the required standards. This represents a consistent position based on last year’s score and means that the Trust is compliant in all sections of the DSP Toolkit. This submission was audited by Mersey Internal Audit Agency and once again, the Trust has maintained its assurance level of “significant” which demonstrates the Trust’s commitment to protecting the information it holds and uses.

The Trust continues to enhance its robust Information Governance Framework which is led by Craig Walker, Head of Information Governance, Quality Assurance and Data Protection Officer. Dr Alex Benson, Clinical Director for Burns and Plastic Surgery, is the Caldicott Guardian and is the dedicated designated individual within the Trust who is responsible for ensuring confidentiality of personal information. The Trust also has a Senior Information Risk Owner (SIRO), Christine Walters, Director of Informatics, who is responsible for reviewing and reporting on the management of information risk to the Trust Board. The SIRO is supported by a network of Information Asset Owners (IAOs), who ensure that any identified information risks are appropriately managed in line with the Trust’s risk management policy.

The Data Protection Officer, SIRO and Caldicott Guardian are appropriately qualified, trained, registered and accredited.
The Trust has a duty to report any incident regarding breaches of the Data Protection Act to the Information Commissioner’s Office (ICO) and for the financial year 2018-19 there were three such incidents. All of these incidents have been closed by the Information Commissioner’s Office with no actions taken against the Trust. Relevant members of staff and members of the Information Governance Team have reviewed the three closed incidents and actions have been taken to minimise the likelihood of any reoccurrence.

2.4.9. Clinical coding error rate

St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust was not subject to the Payment by Results clinical coding audit during 2018-19 by the Audit Commission.

The Trust was subject to an audit of clinical coding, based on national standards undertaken by Clinical Classifications Service (CCS) approved clinical coding auditors in line with the Data Security & Protection Toolkit 2018-2019. The error rates reported in the latest published audit for that period of diagnoses and treatment coding (clinical coding) have all improved since last year and were:–

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Measure</th>
<th>Primary diagnosis incorrect</th>
<th>Secondary diagnosis incorrect</th>
<th>Primary procedure incorrect</th>
<th>Secondary procedure incorrect</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Data Security &amp; Protection Toolkit</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td>5.39%</td>
<td>2.88%</td>
<td>6.19%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2.4.10. Data quality

The Trust continues to be committed to ensuring accurate and up-to-date information is available to communicate effectively with GPs and others involved in delivering care to patients. Good quality information underpins effective delivery of patient care and supports better decision-making, which is essential for delivering improvements.

Data quality is fully embedded across the organisation, with robust governance arrangements in place to ensure the effective management of this process. Audit outcomes are monitored to ensure that the Trust continues to maintain performance in line with national standards. The data quality work plan is reviewed on an annual basis ensuring any new requirements are reflected in the plan.

The standard national data quality items that are routinely monitored are as follows:-

- Blank/invalid NHS number
- Unknown or dummy practice codes
- Blank or invalid registered GP practice
- Patient postcode
The Trust has implemented a new Patient Administration System (Medway) which has the functionality to allow for National Spine integration, giving users the ability to update patient details from national records using the NHS number as a unique identifier.

The Medway configuration restricts the options available to users. Validation of this work is on-going and will form part of the data quality work plan for 2019-20.

2.4.10.1. NHS number and general medical practice code validity

St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust submitted records during 2018-19 to the Secondary Uses Service (SUS) for inclusion in the Hospital Episode Statistics (HES) which are included in the latest published data. The percentage of records in the published data which:

Included the patient’s valid NHS number was:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Care Setting</th>
<th>STHK result</th>
<th>National Average</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Admitted patient care</td>
<td>99.6%</td>
<td>99.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outpatient care</td>
<td>99.9%</td>
<td>99.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accident and Emergency care</td>
<td>99.1%</td>
<td>97.5%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Included the patient’s valid General Medical Practice Code was:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Care Setting</th>
<th>STHK result</th>
<th>National Average</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Admitted patient care</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>99.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outpatient care</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>99.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accident and Emergency care</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>99.3%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(Source: SUS Data Quality Dashboard latest published report: April 2018 – November 2018)

In all cases, the Trust performed better than the national average, demonstrating the importance the Trust places on data quality.

The Trust will be taking the following actions to improve data quality:

- Data Quality Team will continue to monitor data quality throughout the Trust via the regular suite of reports
- Awareness raising sessions in order to focus on addressing any specific issues
- Providing data quality awareness sessions about the importance of good quality patient data and the impact of inaccurate data recording
2.4.11. Benchmarking information

The Department of Health specifies that the Quality Account includes information on a core set of outcome indicators, where the NHS is aiming to improve. All trusts are required to report against these indicators using a standard format. NHS Digital makes the following data available to NHS trusts. The Trust has more up-to-date information for some measures; however, only data with specified national benchmarks from the central data sources is reported, therefore, some information included in this report is from the previous year or earlier and the timeframes are included in the report. It is not always possible to provide the national average and best and worst performers for some indicators due to the way the data is provided.

2.4.11.1. Benchmarking Information

Please note the information below is based on the latest nationally reported data with specified benchmarks from the central data sources. Any internal figures included are displayed in purple font.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>Source</th>
<th>Reporting Period</th>
<th>STHK Average</th>
<th>National Performance</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SHMI</td>
<td>NHS Digital</td>
<td>Jul-17 to Jun-18</td>
<td>1.004</td>
<td>1 0.698 1.257</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SHMI</td>
<td>NHS Digital</td>
<td>Apr-17 to Mar-18</td>
<td>1.025</td>
<td>1 0.699 1.232</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SHMI Banding</td>
<td>NHS Digital</td>
<td>Oct-17 to Sep-18</td>
<td>2 2 3 1</td>
<td></td>
<td>Next SHMI data (for Jan-18 to Dec-18) due to be published June 2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SHMI Banding</td>
<td>NHS Digital</td>
<td>Jul-17 to Jun-18</td>
<td>2 2 3 1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SHMI Banding</td>
<td>NHS Digital</td>
<td>Apr-17 to Mar-18</td>
<td>2 2 3 1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% of patient deaths having palliative care coded</td>
<td>NHS Digital</td>
<td>Oct-17 to Sep-18</td>
<td>37.40%</td>
<td>33.60% 14.30% 59.50%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% of patient deaths having palliative care coded</td>
<td>NHS Digital</td>
<td>Jul-17 to Jun-18</td>
<td>37.50%</td>
<td>33.10% 13.40% 58.70%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% of patient deaths having palliative care coded</td>
<td>NHS Digital</td>
<td>Apr-17 to Mar-18</td>
<td>37.30%</td>
<td>32.50% 12.60% 59.00%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust considers that this data is as described for the following reasons:
Information relating to mortality is monitored monthly and used to drive improvements.
The mortality data is provided by an external source (Dr Foster).
St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust has taken the following actions to improve the indicator and percentage, and so the quality of its services, by:
Monthly monitoring of available measures of mortality.
Learning from Deaths Policy implemented with continued focus on reviewing deaths to identify required actions for improvement and effective dissemination of lessons learned.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>Source</th>
<th>Reporting Period</th>
<th>STHK</th>
<th>National Performance</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EQ-5D adjusted health gain: Groin Hernia</td>
<td>NHS Digital</td>
<td>Apr-18 to Sep-18</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EQ-5D adjusted health gain: Groin Hernia</td>
<td>NHS Digital</td>
<td>Apr-17 to Mar-18 (final)</td>
<td>0.076</td>
<td>0.089</td>
<td>0.029</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EQ-5D adjusted health gain: Hip Replacement Primary</td>
<td>NHS Digital</td>
<td>Apr-18 to Sep-18 (provisional)</td>
<td>*</td>
<td>0.489</td>
<td>0.407</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EQ-5D adjusted health gain: Hip Replacement Primary</td>
<td>NHS Digital</td>
<td>Apr-17 to Mar-18 (final)</td>
<td>0.411</td>
<td>0.468</td>
<td>0.376</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EQ-5D adjusted health gain: Knee Replacement Primary</td>
<td>NHS Digital</td>
<td>Apr-18 to Sep-18 (provisional)</td>
<td>*</td>
<td>0.345</td>
<td>0.227</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EQ-5D adjusted health gain: Knee Replacement Primary</td>
<td>NHS Digital</td>
<td>Apr-17 to Mar-18 (final)</td>
<td>0.28</td>
<td>0.338</td>
<td>0.234</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EQ-5D adjusted health gain: Varicose Vein</td>
<td>NHS Digital</td>
<td>Apr-18 to Sep-18</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EQ-5D adjusted health gain: Varicose Vein</td>
<td>NHS Digital</td>
<td>Apr-17 to Mar-18 (final)</td>
<td>*</td>
<td>0.096</td>
<td>0.035</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust considers that this data is as described for the following reasons:

The questionnaire used for PROMs is a validated tool and administered for the Trust by an independent organisation, Quality Health.

St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust has taken the following actions to improve these outcome scores, and so the quality of its services, by:

- Delivering a number of actions to improve patient experiences following surgery.
- Monitoring the PROMs data at the Clinical Effectiveness Council.

(Indirectly age, sex, method of admission, diagnosis, procedure standardised) % of patients aged 16+ readmitted to the Trust within 28 days of discharge

NHS Digital | Apr-11 to Mar-12 | 12.73 | 11.45 | 0 | 17.15 |

(Indirectly age, sex, method of admission, diagnosis, procedure standardised) % of patients aged 16+ readmitted to the Trust within 28 days of discharge

NHS Digital | Apr-10 to Mar-11 | 12.6 | 11.43 | 0 | 17.10 |

(Indirectly age, sex, method of admission, diagnosis, procedure standardised) % of patients aged 0-15 readmitted to the Trust within 28 days of discharge

NHS Digital | Apr-11 to Mar-12 | 11.39 | 10.01 | 0 | 14.94 |

(Indirectly age, sex, method of admission, diagnosis, procedure standardised) % of patients aged 0-15 readmitted to the Trust within 28 days of discharge

NHS Digital | Apr-10 to Mar-11 | 10.66 | 10.01 | 0 | 14.11 |
St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust considers that this data is as described for the following reasons:
The data is consistent with Dr Foster's standardised ratios for re-admissions.
The data is monitored monthly by the Trust Board.

St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust has taken the following actions to improve these scores, and so the quality of its services, by:
- Working to improve discharge information as a patient experience priority.
- Reviewing and improving the effectiveness of discharge planning.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>Source</th>
<th>Reporting Period</th>
<th>STHK Average</th>
<th>Lowest Trust</th>
<th>Highest Trust</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Patient experience measured by scoring the results of a selection of questions from the national inpatient survey focussing on the responsiveness to personal needs.</td>
<td>NHS Digital</td>
<td>2017-18</td>
<td>70.5</td>
<td>68.6</td>
<td>60.5</td>
<td>85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Patient experience measured by scoring the results of a selection of questions from the national inpatient survey focussing on the responsiveness to personal needs.</td>
<td>NHS Digital</td>
<td>2016-17</td>
<td>68.7</td>
<td>68.1</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>85.2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust considers that this data is as described for the following reasons:
The Trust's vision and drive to provide 5-star patient care ensures that patients are at the centre of all the Trust does.
The Trust was rated outstanding overall for caring by the CQC following their inspection in 2018.
The survey is conducted by an independent and approved survey provider (Quality Health), with scores taken from the CQC website.
St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust has taken the following actions to improve this data, and so the quality of its services, by:
- Promoting a culture of patient-centred care.
- Responding to patient feedback received through national and local surveys, Friends and Family Test results, complaints and Patient Advice and Liaison Service (PALS).
- Working closely with Healthwatch colleagues to address priorities identified by patients, including improving discharge planning.

Q21d. If a friend or relative needed treatment, I would be happy with the standard of care provided by this Trust.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>indicator</th>
<th>Source</th>
<th>Reporting Period</th>
<th>2018</th>
<th>2017</th>
<th>Low scores are better performing trusts</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All data is for Acute Providers only</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Q21d. If a friend or relative needed treatment, I would be happy with the standard of care provided by this Trust.</td>
<td>NHS staff surveys</td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>86.80%</td>
<td>70.00%</td>
<td>41.10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Q21d. If a friend or relative needed treatment, I would be happy with the standard of care provided by this Trust.</td>
<td>NHS staff surveys</td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>83.40%</td>
<td>69.80%</td>
<td>46.80%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% experiencing harassment, bullying or abuse from staff in last 12 months</td>
<td>NHS staff surveys</td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>11.70%</td>
<td>20.00%</td>
<td>28.40%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% believing the organisation provides equal opportunities for career progression/promotion</td>
<td>NHS staff surveys</td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>94.30%</td>
<td>83.90%</td>
<td>69.20%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% believing the organisation provides equal opportunities for career progression/promotion</td>
<td>NHS staff surveys</td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>93.50%</td>
<td>84.50%</td>
<td>68.60%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

All data is for Acute Providers only.

Low scores are better performing trusts.
St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust considers that this data is as described for the following reasons: The Trust provides a positive working environment for staff with a proactive Health, Work and Wellbeing Service. An independent provider, Quality Health, provides the data. St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust has taken the following actions to improve these percentages, and so the quality of its services, by: Embedding a positive culture with clear visible leadership, clarity of vision and actively promoting behavioural standards for all staff. Engagement of staff at all levels in the development of the vision and values of the Trust. Honest and open culture, with staff supported to raise concerns via Speak Out Safely, Freedom to Speak Up champions and anonymous Speak in Confidence website.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>Source</th>
<th>Reporting Period</th>
<th>STHK</th>
<th>National Performance</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Average</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Lowest</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Trust</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Highest</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Friends &amp; Family Test - A&amp;E - Response Rate</td>
<td>NHS England</td>
<td>Mar-19</td>
<td>20.50%</td>
<td>12.30%</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Friends &amp; Family Test - A&amp;E - Response Rate</td>
<td>NHS England</td>
<td>Feb-19</td>
<td>18.90%</td>
<td>12.20%</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Friends &amp; Family Test - A&amp;E - Response Rate</td>
<td>NHS England</td>
<td>Jan-19</td>
<td>18.90%</td>
<td>11.90%</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Friends &amp; Family Test - A&amp;E - Response Rate</td>
<td>NHS England</td>
<td>Dec-18</td>
<td>20.00%</td>
<td>11.40%</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Friends &amp; Family Test - A&amp;E - % recommended</td>
<td>NHS England</td>
<td>Mar-19</td>
<td>85.50%</td>
<td>85.90%</td>
<td>55.60%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Friends &amp; Family Test - A&amp;E - % recommended</td>
<td>NHS England</td>
<td>Feb-19</td>
<td>86.20%</td>
<td>85.30%</td>
<td>57.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Friends &amp; Family Test - A&amp;E - % recommended</td>
<td>NHS England</td>
<td>Jan-19</td>
<td>85.50%</td>
<td>86.00%</td>
<td>59.70%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Friends &amp; Family Test - A&amp;E - % recommended</td>
<td>NHS England</td>
<td>Dec-18</td>
<td>85.80%</td>
<td>86.50%</td>
<td>42.90%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Friends &amp; Family Test - Inpatients - Response Rate</td>
<td>NHS England</td>
<td>Mar-19</td>
<td>33.10%</td>
<td>24.60%</td>
<td>0.90%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Friends &amp; Family Test - Inpatients - Response Rate</td>
<td>NHS England</td>
<td>Feb-19</td>
<td>33.10%</td>
<td>24.60%</td>
<td>1.90%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Friends &amp; Family Test - Inpatients - Response Rate</td>
<td>NHS England</td>
<td>Jan-19</td>
<td>31.00%</td>
<td>24.00%</td>
<td>1.80%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Friends &amp; Family Test - Inpatients - Response Rate</td>
<td>NHS England</td>
<td>Dec-18</td>
<td>33.00%</td>
<td>22.20%</td>
<td>2.10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Friends &amp; Family Test - Inpatients - % recommended</td>
<td>NHS England</td>
<td>Mar-19</td>
<td>95.60%</td>
<td>95.70%</td>
<td>76.80%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Friends &amp; Family Test - Inpatients - % recommended</td>
<td>NHS England</td>
<td>Feb-19</td>
<td>95.00%</td>
<td>95.70%</td>
<td>76.30%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Friends &amp; Family Test - Inpatients - % recommended</td>
<td>NHS England</td>
<td>Jan-19</td>
<td>92.90%</td>
<td>95.60%</td>
<td>75.70%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Friends &amp; Family Test - Inpatients - % recommended</td>
<td>NHS England</td>
<td>Dec-18</td>
<td>93.50%</td>
<td>95.60%</td>
<td>80.80%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

National average includes Independent Sector Providers. Response rate Some organisations' data may include response rates of greater than 100%. This occurs when responses relating to discharges in one month are received by organisations too late for that month's submission and are submitted as part of the return in the following month. Patients/Carers/Family members may also choose to submit responses at multiple points during a period of care/treatment resulting in multiple submissions to the same month.
St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust considers that this data is as described for the following reasons:

The Trust actively promotes the Friends and Family Test across all areas.

The data is submitted monthly to NHS England.

St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust has taken the following actions to improve these percentages, and so the quality of its services, by:

Continuing to promote Friends and Family Test (FFT) using a variety of methods, including face-to-face and technology.

Actively working with ward staff and the Trust’s Patient Experience and Dignity Champions to improve levels of engagement with the system, to ensure the latest results are shared at local level.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>Source</th>
<th>Reporting Period</th>
<th>STHK Average</th>
<th>Lowest Trust</th>
<th>Highest Trust</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>% of patients admitted to hospital who were risk assessed for VTE</td>
<td>NHS England</td>
<td>Quarter 3 2018-19</td>
<td>96.40%</td>
<td>95.60%</td>
<td>54.86%</td>
<td>100.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% of patients admitted to hospital who were risk assessed for VTE</td>
<td>NHS England</td>
<td>Quarter 2 2018-19</td>
<td>96.45%</td>
<td>95.44%</td>
<td>68.67%</td>
<td>100.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% of patients admitted to hospital who were risk assessed for VTE</td>
<td>NHS England</td>
<td>Quarter 1 2018-19</td>
<td>95.17%</td>
<td>95.62%</td>
<td>75.84%</td>
<td>100.00%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C Difficile rates per 100,000 bed-days for specimens taken from patients aged 2 years and over (Trust apportioned cases)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Source</th>
<th>April-18 to Mar-19</th>
<th>8.59</th>
<th>Apr-17 to Mar-18 data was published in July 2018 Data for Apr-18 to Mar-19 due to be published in July 2019</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Internal</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GOV.UK</td>
<td>Apr-17 to Mar-18</td>
<td>11.4</td>
<td>13.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GOV.UK</td>
<td>Apr-16 to Mar-17</td>
<td>11.4</td>
<td>13.2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust considers that this data is as described for the following reasons:

Infection prevention and control remains a priority for the Trust.

All new cases of C. difficile infection are identified by the laboratory and reported to the Infection Prevention Team, who co-ordinate mandatory reporting to Health Protection England.

The Trust is maintaining compliance with the national guidance on testing stool specimens in patients with diarrhoea.

All cases are thoroughly investigated using RCA, which is reported back to a multidisciplinary panel chaired by an Executive Director to ensure appropriate care was provided and lessons learned are disseminated across the Trust.
St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust has taken the following actions to improve this rate, and so the quality of its services, by:

- Focussing on ensuring staff compliance with mandatory training for infection prevention and control.
- Actively promoting the use of hand washing and hand gels to those visiting the hospital.
- Providing a proactive and responsive infection prevention service to increase levels of compliance.
- Ensuring comprehensive guidance is in place on antibiotic prescribing.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>Source</th>
<th>Reporting Period</th>
<th>STHK</th>
<th>National Performance</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Average</td>
<td>Lowest Trust</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incidents per 1,000 bed days</td>
<td>Internal</td>
<td>Oct-18 to Dec-18</td>
<td>39.41</td>
<td>/</td>
<td>/</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incidents per 1,000 bed days</td>
<td>NHS Improvement</td>
<td>Apr-18 to Sep-18</td>
<td>34.95</td>
<td>44.10</td>
<td>22.08</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incidents per 1,000 bed days</td>
<td>NHS Improvement</td>
<td>Oct-17 to Mar-18</td>
<td>37.32</td>
<td>42.25</td>
<td>24.96</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incidents per 1,000 bed days</td>
<td>NHS Improvement</td>
<td>Apr-17 to Sep-17</td>
<td>40.48</td>
<td>42.10</td>
<td>23.47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of incidents</td>
<td>Internal</td>
<td>Oct-18 to Dec-18</td>
<td>2438</td>
<td>/</td>
<td>/</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of incidents</td>
<td>NHS Improvement</td>
<td>Apr-18 to Sep-18</td>
<td>4228</td>
<td>5714</td>
<td>1285</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of incidents</td>
<td>NHS Improvement</td>
<td>Oct-17 to Mar-18</td>
<td>4643</td>
<td>5537</td>
<td>1513</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of incidents</td>
<td>nrls.npsa.co.uk</td>
<td>Apr-17 to Sep-17</td>
<td>4927</td>
<td>5287</td>
<td>1992</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incidents resulting in severe harm or death per 1,000 bed days</td>
<td>Internal</td>
<td>Oct-18 to Dec-18</td>
<td>0.16</td>
<td>/</td>
<td>/</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incidents resulting in severe harm or death per 1,000 bed days</td>
<td>NHS Improvement</td>
<td>Apr-18 to Sep-18</td>
<td>0.09</td>
<td>0.15</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incidents resulting in severe harm or death per 1,000 bed days</td>
<td>NHS Improvement</td>
<td>Oct-17 to Mar-18</td>
<td>0.10</td>
<td>0.15</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incidents resulting in severe harm or death per 1,000 bed days</td>
<td>nrls.npsa.co.uk</td>
<td>Apr-17 to Sep-17</td>
<td>0.12</td>
<td>0.15</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of incidents resulting in severe harm or death</td>
<td>Internal</td>
<td>Oct-18 to Dec-18</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>/</td>
<td>/</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of incidents resulting in severe harm or death</td>
<td>NHS Improvement</td>
<td>Apr-18 to Sep-18</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of incidents resulting in severe harm or death</td>
<td>NHS Improvement</td>
<td>Oct-17 to Mar-18</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of incidents resulting in severe harm or death</td>
<td>nrls.npsa.co.uk</td>
<td>Apr-17 to Sep-17</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percentage of patient safety incidents that resulted in severe harm or death</td>
<td>Internal</td>
<td>Oct-18 to Dec-18</td>
<td>0.40%</td>
<td>/</td>
<td>/</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Next data to be published in June 2019
Based on acute (non-specialist) trusts with complete data (6 months data)*
## Indicator Details

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>Source</th>
<th>Reporting Period</th>
<th>STHK Average</th>
<th>Lowest Trust</th>
<th>Highest Trust</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Percentage of patient safety incidents that resulted in severe harm or death</td>
<td>NHS Improvement</td>
<td>Apr-18 to Sep-18</td>
<td>0.30%</td>
<td>0.30%</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
<td>1.20%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percentage of patient safety incidents that resulted in severe harm or death</td>
<td>NHS Improvement</td>
<td>Oct-17 to Mar-18</td>
<td>0.30%</td>
<td>0.30%</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
<td>1.50%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percentage of patient safety incidents that resulted in severe harm or death</td>
<td>nrls.npsa.co.uk</td>
<td>Apr-17 to Sep-17</td>
<td>0.30%</td>
<td>0.40%</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
<td>2.00%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust considers that this data is as described for the following reasons:

The Trust actively promotes a culture of open and honest reporting within a culture of fair blame.
The data has been validated against National Reporting and Learning System (NRLS) and HSCIC figures. The latest data to be published is up to September 2018. The Trust’s overall percentage of incidents that resulted in severe harm or death was 0.4%.

St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust has taken the following actions to improve this number and rate, and so the quality of its services, by:

- Previously committed to the Sign up to Safety campaign to reduce avoidable harm by 50% by 2018.
- Undertaking comprehensive investigations of incidents resulting in moderate or severe harm.
- Delivering simulation training to enhance team working in clinical areas.
- Providing staff training in incident reporting and risk management.
- Continuing to promote an open and honest reporting culture to ensure incidents are consistently reported.

Due to reasons of confidentiality, NHS digital has supressed figures for those areas highlighted with an ‘*’ (an asterisk). This is because the underlying data has small numbers (between 1 and 5).
2.4.12. Performance against national targets and regulatory requirements

The Trust aims to meet all national targets. Performance against the key indicators for 2018-19 is shown in the table below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Indicator</th>
<th>2017-18 Performance</th>
<th>2018-19 Target</th>
<th>2018-19 Performance</th>
<th>Latest data</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cancelled operations (% of patients treated within 28 days following cancellation)</td>
<td>Not Achieved</td>
<td>100.0%</td>
<td>99.5%</td>
<td>Apr-18 to Mar-19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Referral to treatment targets (% within 18 weeks and 95th percentile targets) – Incomplete pathways</td>
<td>Achieved</td>
<td>92%</td>
<td>92.4%</td>
<td>Apr-18 to Mar-19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cancer: 31-day wait from diagnosis to first treatment</td>
<td>Achieved</td>
<td>96%</td>
<td>98.1%</td>
<td>Apr-18 to Mar-19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cancer: 31-day wait for second or subsequent treatment:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- surgery</td>
<td>Achieved</td>
<td>94%</td>
<td>96.8%</td>
<td>Apr-18 to Mar-19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- anti-cancer drug treatments</td>
<td>Achieved</td>
<td>98%</td>
<td>100.0%</td>
<td>Apr-18 to Mar-19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cancer: 62-day wait for first treatment:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- from urgent GP referral</td>
<td>Achieved</td>
<td>85%</td>
<td>88.3%</td>
<td>Apr-18 to Mar-19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- from consultant upgrade</td>
<td>Achieved</td>
<td>85%</td>
<td>88.3%</td>
<td>Apr-18 to Mar-19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- from urgent screening referral</td>
<td>Achieved</td>
<td>90%</td>
<td>95.4%</td>
<td>Apr-18 to Mar-19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cancer: 2 week wait from referral to date first seen:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- urgent GP suspected cancer referrals</td>
<td>Achieved</td>
<td>93%</td>
<td>92.2%</td>
<td>Apr-18 to Mar-19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- symptomatic breast patients</td>
<td>Achieved</td>
<td>93%</td>
<td>91.6%</td>
<td>Apr-18 to Mar-19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emergency Department waiting times within 4 hours - Type 1 only</td>
<td>Not achieved</td>
<td>95%</td>
<td>74.3%</td>
<td>Apr-18 to Mar-19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percentage of patients admitted with stroke spending at least 90% of their stay on a stroke unit</td>
<td>Achieved</td>
<td>83%</td>
<td>85.7%</td>
<td>Apr-18 to Mar-19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clostridium Difficile</td>
<td>Achieved</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>25*</td>
<td>Apr-18 to Mar-19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MRSA bacteraemia</td>
<td>Not achieved</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1 contaminant</td>
<td>Apr-18 to Mar-19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum 6-week wait for diagnostic procedures: % of Diagnostic Waits who waited &lt;6 weeks</td>
<td>Achieved</td>
<td>99%</td>
<td>99.9%</td>
<td>Dec-18 to Mar-19</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
This section of the Quality Account reviews the Trust’s performance for quality and quality improvement indicators not covered in the report so far. It includes an update on progress in delivering the Trust’s own strategies.
3.1. Summary of how we did in achieving our strategies

3.1.1. Clinical and Quality Strategy 2016-20

The Trust’s vision to provide 5 star patient care encapsulates the Trust’s approach to quality in striving to achieve the best possible care for patients. The Trust performs very strongly against national, regional and local targets and, therefore, when the Clinical and Quality Strategy was refreshed in 2016, the Trust Board chose to narrow its focus to ten difficult and challenging goals. Details of plans to address these targets are discussed at Quality Committee or Finance and Performance Committee.

For 2019, there is a new Clinical Strategy, however, there is a summary of progress in delivering the previous strategy below:

1. 4-hour performance is the only major national standard that the Trust has consistently failed to achieve. An improvement trajectory for 2019-20 has been agreed with NHS Improvement and intensive work is underway to achieve this

2. Weekend mortality has fallen significantly over the past couple of years

3. Overall 62-day cancer performance is consistently strong. Several pathways, typically involving other hospitals and teams are less consistent and are subject to intensive improvement work, scrutinised by the Quality Committee

4. VTE assessment has been subject to intensive support and is now consistently above the 95% standard. The implementation of an electronic solution will add further resilience in due course

5. Electronic discharge targets were not possible with the legacy patient administration system, but the new system, Medway, coupled with an interim electronic solution will improve performance pending the introduction of a full electronic patient record in due course. In the interim, a system of early automated notifications provide very basic information about patient admissions within required timeframes

6. Falls performance has continued to improve. The Quality Committee continues to scrutinise this target

7. Timeliness of complaints performance has consistently improved

8. Investment in the Sepsis Team has resulted in very strong overall performance in ED and on the wards. Intensive work is ongoing to improve the timely detection and treatment of all patients, especially young children. As part of learning from a serious incident, new and improved patient-validated discharge information for children who initially presented to ED with possible sepsis is being adopted (from Newcastle)

9. Time to theatre for fractured neck of femur patients had improved on the latest available national benchmark of fragility fracture management

10. Critical care mortality continues to improve and is now better than England average
3.1.2. Nursing and Midwifery Strategy 2014-18

The Strategy’s aim was to embed the Chief Nursing Officer’s ‘6Cs’ through strong clinical leadership. Progress has been made in all areas and a new strategy is being drawn up to build on our current successes.

Elements of the Nursing & Midwifery Strategy (2014-2018) that were delivered this year include:

- Regular reviews of nursing establishments to ensure safe effective care
- Strengthening safe discharges by reviewing ward processes
- Embracing electronic prescribing and medicines administration (EPMA) systems to support the reduction in medication errors
- First Cancer Clinical Nurse Specialist (CNS) annual education day held, “Curious about cancer” (funded by Macmillan) with over 80 delegates from secondary and primary care attending
- Diabetes team ‘Cloud’ service to improve collaborative working between primary and secondary care, which includes a telephone line for specialist advice for professionals, patients and carers for diabetes advice and support. This runs seven days 8am – 10pm. A new community diabetes specialist nurse has been employed to drive this collaborative working, providing support to practice nurses, care homes, district nurses and other community services and to improve achievement of the NICE recommended treatment targets for cholesterol, blood pressure and blood sugar monitoring

Our senior Nursing, Midwifery and Allied Health Professionals’ leadership team is focussed on supporting teams to deliver the best possible care for patients, recognising that leading teams with compassion directly affects the outcomes and experience of our patients.

In preparing the new strategy, we have used the National Nursing, Midwifery and Care Staff Framework, Leading Change, Adding Value and the Allied Health Professionals Into Action Framework to guide our plans along with staff feedback to create a plan for the next 3 years.

The strategy includes a focus on communities working together to prevent unnecessary ill-health through an improved focus on health and wellbeing and a continuous drive to deliver person-centred care.
3.1.3. Human Resources and Workforce Strategy 2014-19

The Human Resources (HR) and Workforce Strategy has been in existence since 2014 and continues to positively contribute to the provision of 5-star patient care throughout the Trust, specifically in developing organisational culture and supporting our workforce. There are a number of key HR Directorate strategies that underpin the Human Resources & Workforce Strategy, including Health, Work & Well-being, Recruitment & Retention, Learning & Development, Talent Management and the Education Strategy.

In September 2016, the Trust became the host for the Merseyside Career Engagement Hub. This involves working collaboratively with local schools, colleges and Job Centre Plus to improve access to structured work placements for a range of local people including, students, the long term unemployed and disadvantaged people from the local community to provide them with the skills and experience to gain employment in the NHS.

The Trust has also signed up to the ‘Step into Health’ programme, which supports military veterans to gain employment in the NHS. The Trust officially pledged to champion the Step into Health campaign and to value the contribution made by military service leavers and their families. The Trust continues to work closely with the Armed Forces Community to provide career and development opportunities and achieved the bronze Armed Forces Covenant – Employer Recognition Scheme award in 2017-18 and silver in 2018-19.

The Trust launched its Workforce Equality, Diversity & Inclusion Strategy and 3 year programme plan in July 2018. The strategy and programme (action) plan outlines the Trust’s approach to workforce equality, diversity and inclusion across the next 3 years, 2018–21.
3.1.4. Equality, Diversity and Inclusion Strategy

The Trust is committed to ensuring that its staff and service users enjoy the benefits of a healthcare organisation that respects and upholds individuals’ rights and freedom. Equality and human rights are at the core of our beliefs and the Trust strives to ensure that people with protected characteristics as defined by the Equality Act 2010 are not disadvantaged when accessing services and that all our patients receive the same quality services.

Our Diversity and Inclusion Steering Group meets bimonthly to ensure all external standards are fully complied with, including those statutory requirements conferred on the Trust by the Equality Act 2010. The membership of the steering group is drawn from a wide range of staff from all disciplines, clinical, non-clinical, trade union representatives, Healthwatch representatives and independent service users.

In addition to the steering group, the Trust also holds monthly Workforce Equality, Diversity and Inclusion meetings to work through the workforce plan that was developed in summer 2018. This robust work plan addresses all elements of equality, diversity and inclusion relating to the staff working in the Trust, and has initially helped to improve workforce equality monitoring by encouraging staff to update their personal details, in particular information around their sexual orientation and disability status.

During 2018-19, the Trust has developed new and existing policies. These include a new Workforce Transgender Policy and an extended use of Interpreting Services Policy to include the Accessible Information Standard. This will ensure that we are identifying patients’ additional communication needs at the earliest opportunity, placing an alert in the patient record to show that a patient has additional needs and a description of what those needs may be.

The Trust’s new Patient Access System (PAS), Medway, went live in April 2018. This system is now fully compliant with the requirements of the Accessible Information Standard and staff are able to record a patient’s additional communication needs in detail and place an alert on the patient record, which is visible to all staff when they enter the patient record.

All functions provided by the Trust are subject to an equality analysis to ensure that the Trust is neither directly nor indirectly discriminating against members of one or more protected groups. The policy for carrying out an equality analysis provides guidance on the need to carry out a robust analysis on the following:

- Development of Trust policies and procedures
- Service redesign or development
- Strategic or business planning
- Organisational changes affecting patients, employees or both
- Cost improvement programmes
- Commissioning or decommissioning of services

These analyses enable the Trust to meet both the general and specific equality duties by carrying out a robust, systematic assessment of all the Trust’s activities in order to eliminate actual or potential discrimination at the earliest stage, before there is an adverse impact on patients, employees or visitors to the Trust. These assessments also provide an opportunity to identify any positive impacts on people from all of protected groups, carers and hard to reach groups.
A new toolkit has been developed to guide and support staff when carrying out these assessments and includes a section to evidence where consultation (following the Gunning Principles) has taken place and a section to provide assurance that the Public Sector Equality Duty (PSED s149) has been met. This toolkit is especially useful when assessing proposed changes to services or cost improvement programmes.

The Trust held its EDS2 panel/assessment in February 2019. The aim of this panel was to help develop new equality objectives plus associated action plans based on the barriers and health inequalities that some of our local communities currently face. The equality objectives 2019-23 are:

- To improve access and outcomes for patients and communities who experience disadvantage
- To improve our equality performance by collaboration and partnership working
- To engage and consult with all our local communities, and to raise awareness of health inequalities both within our workforce and in our local communities
- To take steps to ensure that our workforce is broadly representative of the communities we serve, at all levels
- Improve the wellbeing of staff employed in the Trust
- Improve the experiences of Black and Minority Ethnic staff employed in the Trust
- Development of a Workforce Transgender Policy
- Development of a Caring for Transgender Patients Policy
- Hosting the Trust’s first NHS Diversity and Inclusion Conference, where staff received information and training around cultural competency, learning disabilities and the Mental Capacity Act
- Flying the Rainbow Flag to celebrate International Day against Homophobia and Transphobia on all sites where the Trust provides services

Specialist speakers have been invited to this group to train members of the group including:

- Silver Rainbows: part of Cheshire and North Wales Body Positive, who spoke to the group about the issues/barriers faced by older LGBT people when accessing healthcare services
- Transgender speaker (trans man) spoke to the group about his journey through the transition process both from a workforce perspective and also his medical journey and the barriers he encountered along the way
- LGBT Cancer Programme – the co-ordinators of this programme spoke to the group about how often LGBT cancer patients have poorer outcomes than others, partly due to lifestyle choices, but also due to their reluctance to engage with services early on in their illness

The Trust’s Patient Inclusion and Experience Lead is part of a steering group working on the Merseyside and Cheshire LGBT Cancer Project. This project is a collaboration between Sahir House in Liverpool and Macmillan to develop resources and training for staff dealing with LGBT cancer patients, with the aim of improving outcomes.

The Trust became a Hate Crime Reporting Centre in February 2019, working in collaboration with Merseyside Police.
This is a unique scheme that allows patients, staff and members of our local community to report a hate crime/incident through links on the internet and intranet sites directly to Merseyside Police Hate Crime Co-ordinator. This is a confidential reporting scheme and once a person has raised a concern via this platform the Hate Crime Co-ordinator will contact them directly and arrange to meet them to discuss how best to resolve their concerns. In addition to this scheme, the Hate Crime Co-ordinator has hosted drop in sessions at Whiston Hospital for over 2 years and in 2018 these sessions were extended to allow additional monthly sessions at St Helens Hospital.

In collaboration with Merseyside CCG’s Equality and Inclusion Service and several other local trusts, and in consultation with St Helens Deafness Resource Centre, we have led on the development of a set of quality standards for the providers of interpreting and translation services. These standards have been developed to ensure that people who have limited ability to communicate in English are supported to be able to access and receive high quality healthcare. The quality standards aim to ensure a consistent approach to commissioning interpreting and translation services across the Merseyside healthcare system, to remove unwarranted variation in quality and to ensure that quality drives future procurement and commissioning decisions.

Following the d/Deaf consultation event hosted by Liverpool CCG early in 2019 the Trust developed an action plan to ensure improvements are made in the service currently provide to d/Deaf patients. The Trust is working closely with representatives from St Helens Deafness Resource Centre and Knowsley Healthwatch in order to progress the action plan, which has been incorporated into the overarching Accessible Information action plan.
3.1.5. Freedom to speak up

The Trust is committed to providing and developing a culture where all staff feel empowered to speak up or raise concerns. The Trust values include being open and honest and listening and learning. There a number of supportive facilities for staff to raise concerns, including:

- **Freedom to speak up**

  The Trust has appointed four Freedom to Speak up Guardians, who provide support to staff across the organisation. The guardians are representative of various staff groups and backgrounds. They provide an alternative way for staff to discuss and raise concerns and act as an independent and impartial source of advice to staff at any stage of raising a concern.

  The work of the guardians has a direct impact on continuously improving safety and quality for patients, carers and families, as well as enhancing the experience of staff, by acting on the concerns raised. The Guardians provide feedback to the staff that have raised a concern, in a manner that is supportive, whilst ensuring that there are no repercussions for the person raising a concern.

  The Trust works in partnership with the National Guardian’s Office and North West Regional Network of Freedom to Speak up Guardians to enhance staff experience with raising concerns.

- **Speak in confidence system**

  The Trust has in place an anonymous reporting system, Speak in Confidence, which enables all staff irrespective of position to feel confident that they can raise concerns without disclosing their identify. The system uses a browser-based interface to ensure anonymity so that the concern raiser remains anonymous at all times. However, the manager receiving the concern is able to provide a response to the concern, to request further information and/or to provide assurances of actions taken to mitigate the risks associated with the concern raised via the online system.

  - **Raising concerns hotline**

    The Trust also has a telephone hotline, which provides access to report any concerns, which are reviewed and actioned by the Assistant Medical Director.

  - **Health, Work and Wellbeing hotline**

    Staff members have access to a dedicated helpline, to provide advice and support regarding health and wellbeing aspects relating to work or issues impacting the individual. Individualised support can be offered dependent on the needs and circumstances. Concerns about workplace can be raised through the hotline.

  - **Hate crime reporting**

    A hate crime is when someone commits a crime against a person because of their disability, gender identity, race, sexual orientation, religion, or any other perceived difference. The Trust, in partnership with the Merseyside Police, launched the first ever Hate Crime Reporting Scheme based at an NHS Trust, as noted in section 3.1.4 above. This is a confidential on-line reporting service that enables anyone from across our organisation and local communities to report, in complete confidence, any incidents or concerns around hate crime to Merseyside Police.

  - **Policies and procedures**

    There are a number of Trust policies and procedures that facilitate the raising of staff concerns as follows; Grievance Policy and Procedure, Respect and Dignity at Work Policy, Being Open Policy. Staff are also encouraged to informally raise any concerns to their manager, nominated HR lead or their staff side representative, as well as considering the routes listed above.
3.1.6. Staff survey key questions

The national staff survey provides a key measure of the experiences of the Trust’s staff, with the findings used to reinforce good practice and to identify any areas for improvement. The Trust’s response rate for the 2018 survey was 51%, which is the highest score for acute trusts in the North West.

A new reporting scheme was introduced, as the 32 key findings previously reported on have been replaced by 10 themes. The themes are positively scored on a 0 to 10 point scale, a higher score indicating a better result.

Overall, the Trust has the highest national score for 6 themes out of 10, and only 0.1 below the best national score for another 2 themes, as indicated below:

The Trust has been rated as the best place to work in the NHS for the second consecutive year. STHK is also the most recommended acute trust in England to receive care or treatment.

In addition, 88.3% of staff agreed that care of patients/service users is the organisation’s top priority, an increase from 83.7% last year and well above the national average of 76%.

The below graphics for staff engagement indicate that our Trust has the best score nationally for the third consecutive year, with a significant improvement since 2014.

Overall Staff Engagement is measured as an average across three themes: advocacy, motivation and involvement. Staff engagement scores fall between 0 and 10, where the higher the score, the more engaged the staff.
The most notable contributory responses to this overall indicator of staff engagement are the ‘Staff Friends and Family Test questions’, staff members’ willingness to recommend the Trust as a place to work or receive treatment” (81% and 87.3% respectively), for which the Trust returned the best scores nationally, as in 2017.

Whilst the overwhelming majority of responses are positive, three areas were identified for improvement: quality of appraisals, work related musculoskeletal problems and violence on staff by patients and their relatives.

These area have the potential to impact on staff morale, therefore, it is imperative that the Trust takes steps to address these. A deep dive has identified the specific areas and staff groups where focussed action will be taken and an action plan has been developed to support this work.
3.1.7. Health, Work and Wellbeing

The Trust has a Health, Work and Wellbeing Strategy 2016-2021 in place, which is delivered by the Health, Work and Wellbeing Service. The service is nurse-led and includes many different specialists who work together collaboratively. The team includes occupational health physicians, occupational health advisors, an occupational psychologist, counsellors and a physiotherapy service which is fully supported by an administrative team.

The main aim of the service is to ensure that employees are both physically and mentally healthy, as a healthy motivated workforce is integral to achieving better care for patients. Research shows that supporting the wellbeing of the workforce is paramount to achieving higher levels of performance (Boorman Review, 2009).

The service has recently been reaccredited to ensure that the service continues to meet the national minimum standard when delivering a Safe Effective Quality Occupational Health Services (SEQOHS). The assessment looks at the following aspects of Occupational Health; business probity, information governance, people, facilities and equipment, relationships with purchasers and workers.

Throughout 2018-2019 there have been a number of activities to encourage staff to improve their wellbeing. During the month of June 2018, a summer health education and promotion campaign was undertaken by the Health, Work and Wellbeing Team supported by external speakers (subject matter experts).

The campaign was provided at three of the Trust’s main locations and included:

- Positive mental health support – which included mindfulness and meditation
- Drug and alcohol awareness
- Skin care
- Sun safety
- Sexual health
- Healthy lifestyle
- Promoting physical activity

The annual Health, Work and Wellbeing Open Day was held in September 2018, which attracted over 600 staff from all over the Trust. The session provided information on a range of health and wellbeing topics, for example, mental health support (mindfulness, employee assistance programme, counselling), increasing physical activity and healthy eating.

The successful flu vaccination programme was launched at the Open Day. In total 95.4% of frontline healthcare workers were vaccinated, which far exceeds the 75% national CQuIN target. The Trust has been rated as top performing Trust nationally.

In February 2019, the Trust introduced wellbeing champions and 40 staff have signed up as champions and will be providing their peers with regular health and wellbeing updates.
3.1.8. Clinical education and training

The focus on providing excellent clinical education opportunities has continued in 2018-19. This has included extending the simulation programme, including procuring paediatric simulators to enhance the training of staff from neonatal to adolescents, as well as supporting a number of teams across the Trust, such as, sepsis, intensive care and stroke. Provision of simulation in dentistry has increased over the year with the addition of emergency programmes for foundation and core dentists, with positive feedback. The inclusion of simulation in the foundation training programme has continued with aspirations to mirror the successful Core Medical Trainee programme previously introduced.

The education programme designed to support internationally recruited nurses has continued to excel during the year. In addition, the Care Certificate Programme has further developed, since appointing the Clinical Education Support Tutor, with 111 healthcare assistants (HCAs) currently undertaking the programme and 13 successfully completing the qualification. A proposal was agreed for HCAs that have completed the newly devised Assessor Preparation Course, to become assessors of the Care Certificate. This will develop HCA skills in assessing and evaluating their colleagues’ practice and provide additional assessors to support the Care Certificate, releasing frontline nurses to focus on being mentors and preceptors. A Care Certificate Policy has been implemented to ensure that the process is standardised.

A new Preceptorship Programme will be launched in April 2019. This will be a 10 day programme and aims to follow a patient’s journey from admission to discharge using both simulation and theory. Newly qualified nurses are also invited to attend ongoing development sessions and professional discussion meetings at 3, 6, 9, 12 and 18 months that will held by the Clinical Education Support Tutor and other healthcare professionals within the Trust. The professional discussion meetings explore progress and their thoughts on the Trust’s Preceptorship Programme. The development sessions aim to provide newly qualified nurses with more advanced skills such as dealing with difficult conversations and resilience training.

3.2. Patient safety

One of the Trust’s key priorities in 2018-19 was to continue to reduce avoidable harm. Avoidable harm is harm that can be prevented.

3.2.1. Falls

The Trust has sustained improvements in falls prevention for patients admitted to the hospital. The falls team continue to develop strategies to minimise the occurrence of inpatient falls and as a result have been able to reduce the number of harm incidents compared to last year.

In 2018-19, the Trust has reported:
• 5% decrease in all inpatient falls
• 18% decrease in falls incidents resulting in severe harm or above

The Trust has developed and implemented a new falls strategy covering 2018 to 2021. The strategy focuses on seven key areas for improvement:
• Using data to drive improvement
• Lesson learning and information sharing
• Procurement of equipment/services
• Changing culture
• Education and awareness
• Planning and implementation of falls prevention care
• Planning and implementation of post falls care
3.2.2. Venous thromboembolism (VTE)

VTE covers both deep vein thrombosis (DVT) and its possible consequence, pulmonary embolism (PE). A DVT is a blood clot that develops in the deep veins of the leg. However, if the blood clot becomes mobile in the blood stream it can travel to the lungs and cause a blockage (PE) that could lead to death.

Preventing VTE is a national and Trust priority. The risk of hospital-acquired VTE can be greatly reduced by risk assessing patients on admission to hospital and taking appropriate action. This might include prescribing and administration of appropriate medication to prevent blood clots and application of specialised stockings.

VTE risk assessments were completed in 95.92% of patients in 2018-19 compared to 93.7% in 2017-18, exceeding the national target of 95%.

The Trust has increased the number of risk assessments completed and the appropriate prevention interventions by:
- Implementing an electronic VTE risk assessment tool, integrated to the new patient administration system, Medway, enabling real time performance reviews
- Introducing and sharing of compliance dashboards twice daily
- Undertaking a root cause analysis investigation of all cases of Hospital Acquired Thrombosis in order to prevent it happening again
- Providing immediate feedback/education to ward staff, disseminate learning points and implementing any actions for improvement
- On-going VTE training for all clinical staff.

There has been a 16% reduction in Hospital Acquired Thrombosis, from 31 in 2017-18 to 26 in 2018-19.

3.2.3. Medicine safety

The inpatient electronic prescribing and medicines administration (ePMA) system is now live in all medical inpatient locations in the Trust. The ePMA system enables early identification and rectification of prescribing issues, for example, the use of appropriate antibiotic usage for suspected infections. The system also facilitates electronic ordering of non-stock items significantly speeding up supply and reducing the likelihood of missed doses due to medication unavailability. An electronic transfer of ePMA linked e-discharges is being utilised to further expedite the processing of prescriptions for discharging patients in a timely manner.

The Trust has continued to reduce the number of medication incidents in 2018-19 compared to 2017-18, supported through proactive work streams led by pharmacy:
- 25% decrease in all prescribing errors
- 2% decrease in all administration errors
- 4% decrease in dispensing errors
- 86% decrease in medication incidents resulting in moderate/severe harm or death
- 36% decrease in harmful medication incidents
3.2.4. Pressure ulcers

The Trust is committed to reducing the number of hospital-acquired pressure ulcers developed whilst the patients are receiving inpatient care. The Trust continues to have zero tolerance to hospital acquired grade 4 pressure ulcers and will continue to seek to reduce harm from pressure ulcers, which it has maintained in the last 5 years. In addition, the Trust has reduced avoidable grade 2 pressure ulcers by 18% (5), compared to 2017-18.

It is projected that compared with last year there will be minimal change in the incidence of avoidable grade 1 pressure ulcers. However, this supports high quality care and innovation used in the Trust, as these ulcers have resolved and not deteriorated to a grade 2, due to the commitment of staff, education and availability of resources/equipment.

The Trust has implemented innovative schemes to prevent the development of pressure ulcers which includes:

- Early to bed initiative in the Emergency Department resulting in all patients being risk assessed and placed directly on appropriate pressure relieving mattresses or air mattresses to prevent tissue damage
- Introduction of moisture lesion protocol, supported by a prevalence audit demonstrating a reduction in moisture lesions, supporting the benefits of the introduction of the protocol
- Introduction of ‘Heels RED - think BED’ initiative aimed at reducing the chances of developing heel pressure risks associated with electric profiling beds
- Collaborative working with NHSE Cheshire and Mersey Pressure Ulcer Collaborative Group to improve care standards and innovation in pressure ulcer prevention through shared learning and development of unified protocols
- Continued skill development and training in pressure ulcer prevention for clinical staff, enabling implementation of preventative care and early recognition of tissue damage

3.2.5. Theatre safety

The Trust’s Operating Theatre Department have a number of initiatives to improve safety of patients, which are highlighted below:

- Development and implementation of National Safety Standards for Invasive Procedures (NatSSIPs) to reduce the number of patient safety incidents related to invasive procedures in which surgical never events could occur
- Development and implementation of Local Safety Standards for Invasive Procedures (LocSSIPs), as per the national guidance. These documents provide a framework for ensuring safety checks are carried out using a nationally approved methodology
- Further work to improve the structure and content of the communication tool used in theatre, enabling all team members to contribute to ensuring safety and minimising errors
- Commitment to ‘being open’ and enabling staff to speak up in case of any concerns. The Operating Department continues to use the hierarchy challenge tool (HALT), which offers a series of prompts for any team member to tell the team they have a concern. The development and adoption of this tool by the Trust has been recognised as a national pioneer in CQC publication ‘Opening the door report’ published in December 2018 https://www.cqc.org.uk/sites/default/files/2018_1224_openingthedoor_report.pdf
- Introduction of crisis trolleys in the operating department, providing a multipurpose equipment base to replace multiple trolleys and equipment used in challenging emergency situations in theatre.
This ensures the right equipment is available for clinical teams in the event of a clinical emergency, enabling the right care and treatment to be given to the patient as soon as possible

- Introduction of clinical practice leads, to support the safe development of newly qualified Operating Department Practitioners (ODPs) and registered nurses newly employed to theatre settings. Clinical practice leads provide training and clinical supervision enabling the development of a safe and effective clinical workforce.

- Support for the workforce and safe staffing levels through active recruitment process, with higher levels of retention rates. The department has very low turnover rates and has improved retention rates compared with previous years, demonstrating recognition of the support offered to all levels of staff members and higher levels of staff satisfaction.

- Operating theatres have also reengineered the patient journey to the theatre, by developing forward wait areas. The new processes help improve the overall patient experience with reduced delays with surgery. The innovative process also offers enhancement in patient safety, by facilitating streamlined checking processes to be carried out before surgery.

- The department has also invested in innovative approaches in obstetric care with the introduction of a second midwife or midwife assistant in theatre. Additional resources available allow the midwife to attend to and support new mum and baby, as well as the family member present, allowing the clinical teams to focus on the surgical procedure, enhancing both the safety and the experience for the mother.

- Continued to invest heavily in training of clinical and non-clinical skills, in recognition of the value of highly skilled staff to delivering safe care. Simulation exercises are regularly carried out involving multi-disciplinary team members. These exercises are undertaken to familiarise staff members with unfamiliar situations and rare clinical emergencies. The training is underpinned with the principles of human factors and just culture. Incremental challenging scenarios are used to develop skills and confidence amongst staff members.

The Operating department has been able to achieve:

- 71% reduction in theatre-related episodes of moderate harms and above
- 17% reduction in all theatre related incidents

3.2.6. National Early Warning Score (NEWS2)

The Trust is a leading performer in transforming clinical care with the adoption of technology. In 2018-19, the Trust aimed to translate these high standards of care into earlier detection of and management of clinically deteriorating patients through the implementation of eNEWS2 electronic observation. NEWS2 has received formal endorsement from NHS England and NHS Improvement to become the early warning system for identifying acutely ill patients, including those with sepsis, in hospitals in England and was implemented across the Trust in March 2019.
3.2.7. Being open – duty of candour

The Trust is committed to ensuring that we tell our patients and their families/carers if there has been an error or omission resulting in harm. This duty of candour is a legal duty on hospital, community and mental health trusts to inform and apologise to patients if there have been mistakes in their care that have, or could have, led to significant harm (categorised as moderate harm or greater in severity).

The Trust promotes a culture of openness, honesty and transparency. Our statutory duty of candour is delivered under the Trust’s Being Open - A Duty of Candour Policy, which sets out our commitment to being open when communicating with patients, their relatives and carers about any failure in care or treatment. This includes an apology and a full explanation of what happened with all the available facts. The Trust operates a learning culture, within which all staff feel confident to raise concerns when risks are identified and then to contribute fully to the investigation process in the knowledge that learning from harm and the prevention of future harm are the organisation’s key priorities.

• The Trust’s incident reporting system has a mandatory section to record duty of candour
• Weekly incident review meetings are held, where duty of candour requirements are agreed on a case-by-case basis allowing timely action and monitoring. This allows the Trust to ensure that it meets its legal obligations
• The Trust has continued to raise the profile of duty of candour through the lessons learned processes and incident review meetings
• Duty of candour training is also included as part of mandatory training and root cause analysis training for staff

3.2.8. Never events

Never Events are described by NHS England as serious incidents that are wholly preventable. Guidance or safety recommendations that provide strong systemic protective barriers are available at a national level and should be implemented by all healthcare providers.

Each Never Event has a potential to cause serious harm or death. However, serious harm or death is not required for the incident to be categorised as a Never Event. Never Events include incidents such as: wrong site surgery, retained foreign object post-surgical procedure and chest or neck entrapment in bedrails.

For the period 2018-19, the Trust reported one Never Event, relating to a retained foreign object post-surgical procedure.

The Trust has undertaken significant improvement actions to mitigate the risk of reoccurrence of similar incidents, including:
• Improved surgery safety checklists
• Improvements in theatre environment enabling recording of clinical equipment used
• Development of human factors awareness rolled out for theatre staff alongside the introduction of Local Safety Standards for Invasive Procedures (LocSSIPs)
• Staff empowered to challenge areas of concern
• Regular communication to staff through the learning events to share lessons, trend analysis and share areas of good practice

The Trust is committed to using Root Cause Analysis (RCA) to investigate adverse events, including Never Events. This approach is underpinned by the Trust’s commitment to ensuring an open and honest culture in which staff are encouraged to report any errors or incidents and encourage feedback in the knowledge that the issues will be fairly investigated and any learning and improvement opportunities implemented.
3.2.9. Infection control

The Health and Social Care Act 2008 requires all trusts to have clear arrangements for the effective prevention, detection and control of healthcare associated infection (HCAI). The Trust’s Director of Infection Prevention and Control (DIPC) is the Director of Nursing, Midwifery and Governance. She has Board level responsibility for infection control and chairs the Hospital Infection Prevention Group.

The Infection Prevention Team undertakes a rolling programme of infection prevention audits of each ward and department, with individual reports discussed with ward managers and teams for action. Infection prevention indicators are included within the Quality Ward Accreditation Tool (QCAT).

The Trust’s infection prevention priorities are to:
- Promote and sustain infection prevention policy and practice in the pursuit of patient, service user and staff safety within the Trust
- Adopt and promote evidence-based infection prevention practice across the Trust
- Identify, monitor and prevent the spread of pathogenic organisms, including multi-resistant organisms throughout the Trust
- Reduce the incidence of healthcare associated infections by working collaboratively across the whole health economy

During the reporting period April 2018 to March 2019, the Trust reported the following:
- MRSA bacteraemia (MRSAb): one positive blood sample, which was a contaminant, against a threshold of zero
- Clostridium Difficile infections (CDI): The Trust has a threshold of 40 cases in 2018-19 and has performed significantly better than this with 25 positive samples of which 12 were successfully appealed as there were no lapses in care
- Methicillin Sensitive Staphylococcus Aureus bacteraemia (MSSAb): The Trust has 31 cases of (MSSAb), To date, only four cases were deemed avoidable following post infection review (PIR)

Lessons learned from PIRs of MRSAb and CDI cases are shared Trust-wide via a monthly infection prevention report. Lessons learned include good practice identified, as well as areas for improvement. This information is also shared monthly with the CCGs.

The latest surgical site infection (SSI) rates related to elective hip and knee procedures from April 2018 to December 2018 are shown below:
- Hips 1.2% against a national average of 1%
- Knees 0.6% against a national average of 1.3%

There was a rise in SSI in total hip replacements following a move of the elective orthopaedic ward from 3Alpha to 3E Orthopaedics. Root cause analysis was undertaken on the five cases. One was deemed not an infection. Three were deemed unavoidable superficial infections and one case was an avoidable infection. The Infection Prevention Team has worked collaboratively with the Orthopaedic Directorate to review the patient pathway and ward environment in order to reduce the risk. The infections have reduced since the implementation of the risk reduction measures. Root cause analysis were undertaken for all cases of SSI.

In May 2016, the Government announced its ambition to halve healthcare associated (HCAI) Gram-negative bloodstream infections (GNBSIs) by 2021. As approximately three-quarters of E. coli BSIs occur before people are admitted to hospital, reduction requires a whole health economy approach. The Trust, in collaboration with CCGs and partners, has developed a health economy action plan particularly focusing on a
10% in-year reduction in urinary tract infections and to learn and share lessons. The Trust continues to work closely with the infection prevention, patient safety and quality teams in the wider health economy, attending collaborative meetings across the region in order to improve infection prevention and control practices and monitoring.

The Trust took part in the NHS Improvement National Urinary Tract Infection (UTI) Collaborative to reduce UTIs. A multi-disciplinary team approach was utilised and new initiatives were implemented including the ‘Dip or Not to Dip’ campaign aimed at reducing the inappropriate use of urinalysis for the diagnosis of UTI and changes in practice were shared Trust-wide and with the CCGs.

The Trust vaccinated over 95% of front-line staff, exceeding the national flu CQuIN target of 75%. In addition, the Trust promoted the flu vaccination with pregnant women and patients in long stay rehabilitation wards. This season, the Trust introduced flu vaccinators/champions for every ward and department to make it easier for staff to access vaccination. There were also peripatetic vaccinators throughout the Trust. During the flu season, the Trust had daily flu ward rounds undertaken by the DIPC and respiratory clinician.

The Trust has 21 Consultant infection control champions and over 70 link nurses who attend education and training and complete local audits to monitor compliance.

Key achievements for 2018-19 were:
- PLACE assessments achieved 100% for cleanliness for Whiston and St Helens sites
- Compliance with the prescribed CDI target and under the threshold for 4th consecutive year
- Continued SSI surveillance within elective hip and knee
- Achieved 75.5% aseptic non-touch technique (ANTT) competency for clinical staff
- 100% compliance with carbapenemase-producing enterobacteriaceae (CPE) and MRSA screening
- Ensured that there was infection prevention input into environmental monitoring systems and implementation of national standards for cleanliness and validation of standards
- Ensured there was infection prevention input into new builds and building modification
- Participated in NHSI UTI collaborative to reduce UTI from gram negative organisms
- Implemented electronic assessments for recording patients’ bowel habit monitoring using the Bristol Stool Chart and also for CPE risk/screening assessment using the Patientrack system.

3.2.10. Safety Thermometer

The NHS Safety Thermometer is a national improvement tool for measuring, monitoring and analysing patient harms and ‘harm free’ care during hospital stays. This measures four key harms: pressure ulcers, falls, catheter acquired urinary tract infection and VTE (blood clots). The Trust has continued to achieve over 98% new harm free care, that is harm that has occurred whilst an inpatient and is one of the best performing trusts in the region.

Data for all inpatients is collected on one day every month. This identifies patients who are admitted from home with harms and harms which occurred whilst in hospital. Specialist nursing staff validate the results from this audit. Once validated, the information is then submitted to the NHS Information Centre.
The Trust maintains good practice in relation to the prevention of pressure ulcers, falls with harm and VTE by:

- Ensuring education and training is available for all ward staff to enable them to complete and submit the NHS safety thermometer as required
- Weekly harm review meeting reviews all incidents across the Trust, including falls
- Bi-monthly Falls Improvement Group oversees the implementation of the revised falls strategy and performance manages the associated action plans
- Task and finish group reviewed the bedrail policy and associated falls risk assessment, which has since been implemented across all inpatient areas
- Ensuring, when possible, a one-to-one staffing ratio is implemented when indicated by the risk assessment for falls, which is being supported by a new Standard Operating Procedure – Supplementary Care
- Providing non-slip anti-embolic stockings
- Continuing to provide education for all clinical staff on VTE, resulting in increased compliance with the prescribing and administration of anticoagulants to prevent these occurring
- Nursing staff attending one hour tissue viability training every three years
- Access to a full day wound management training session
- Providing each ward with a comprehensive tissue viability folder as a staff resource

3.2.11. Safeguarding

The Trust takes its statutory responsibilities to safeguard vulnerable patients of all ages very seriously and welcomes external scrutiny of its robust policies, procedures and processes. The Trust submits quarterly key performance indicator data to the CCGs, including the Trust’s policies, for external scrutiny. The Trust also submits responses to the Commissioning Standards template and progress against any required actions. Safeguarding compliance is monitored by St Helens CCG through key performance indicators, who then provide assurance to Halton and Knowsley CCG.

The Trust has a dedicated Safeguarding Team comprising of:
- Assistant Director of Safeguarding
- Named Nurse Safeguarding Children
- Named Doctor, Safeguarding Children
- Named Midwife

The team is supported by Specialist Safeguarding Nurses, a Specialist Midwife and administration staff.

The team provides support and delivers mandated safeguarding supervision, training and advice to all staff throughout the organisation and ensures that policies and procedures are reviewed regularly in line with current legislation, including all aspects of safeguarding, Prevent, child exploitation, trafficking and modern slavery. Standard operational procedures, underpinned with the appropriate staff training, have been introduced to ensure victims of forced genital mutilation are safeguarded effectively and patients are supported if at risk of or are a victim of domestic abuse, forced marriage, honour-based violence and child exploitation.
The Trust’s Safeguarding Assurance Framework has separate safeguarding children and adults steering groups, which meet quarterly to discuss required actions, activity and updates on current practice and drive the safeguarding agenda within the Trust. Designated Nurses from the CCG are invited to the meetings for external scrutiny and to facilitate information sharing. These steering groups report directly to the Quality Committee quarterly and annual reports are taken to the Trust Board for both Safeguarding Children and Safeguarding Adults. These reports are subsequently shared with Local Safeguarding Adult and Children’s Multi-Agency Boards and inform their annual reports accordingly.

3.2.11.1. Safeguarding Children
The Trust continues to work pro-actively with St Helens, Knowsley and Halton Local Safeguarding Children Boards (LSCB) as either a board or committee member. Changes to the LSCB structures and statutory function following the Wood Review are ongoing and due to be finalised in 2019, however, the Trust will ensure that safeguarding continues to be a priority and will maintain partnership working across the footprint.

The Safeguarding Team contributes, as required, to multi-agency reviews including serious case reviews, practice learning or management reviews. Any identified learning points are shared across the Trust and any necessary actions implemented to improve practice.

The Trust continues to support and safeguard children at risk of all forms of abuse contributing to the ‘early help’ agenda and multi-agency safeguarding procedures.

3.2.11.2. Safeguarding Adults
The Trust continues to work pro-actively with St Helens, Halton and the Merseyside Safeguarding Adult Boards as either a board or committee member.

The Trust, along with partner agencies, continues to work in line with current statutory guidance, The Care Act 2014, which is now fully embedded in practice. The Safeguarding Team contributes to any multi-agency reviews including safeguarding adult reviews, domestic homicide reviews and management reviews. Any identified learning points are shared across the Trust and any necessary actions implemented to improve practice as required.

The Trust continues to support the patient journey of adults who have additional needs or who are identified as potentially being adults at risk. This cohort of patients includes people with a learning disability, mental health issues, substance misuse or any other vulnerability factor. The Safeguarding Team works closely with staff to identify and safeguard these individuals.

3.2.11.3. Mental Capacity Act and Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards
The Trust’s Mental Capacity Act Policy and Procedure is embedded into clinical practice. Applications for Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards have increased in line with local and national trends. The Trust meets regularly with relevant agencies to share best practice and to ensure Trust practice follows current legislation.

Quarterly information is supplied to the CCG regarding the applications that are made and the outcome of the application. An MCA audit and the quarterly submissions data indicates that the referrals are appropriate. The Trust will review all MCA/DoLS processes in line with the forthcoming Liberty Protection Safeguards, to ensure robust...
arrangements are in place when the Trust becomes the Responsible Body for reviewing applications, signing off authorisations and monitoring any restrictions that are deemed necessary, under the new arrangements.

3.2.11.4. Domestic Abuse
The Trust actively contributes to the local domestic abuse agenda with completion of MERIT risk assessment tools, signposting to relevant support agencies or Multi-Agency Risk Assessment Conferences (MARAC), active participation at both St Helens and Knowsley MARAC meetings, together with reports by exception to Halton and Warrington.

The Trust Domestic Abuse Policy ensures support is offered to both patients and staff members who may be affected by domestic violence and/or abuse. Training is embedded in all levels of both safeguarding children and adult sessions to ensure that the workforce is competent in the identification and support of domestic abuse victims and children.

Contribution to Domestic Homicide Reviews are undertaken as required as requested by Community Safety Partnerships.

3.2.11.5. Learning Disability
Guidance has been implemented for patients with a learning disability attending any department within the Trust on how to meet their individual needs. This is supported by a toolkit to ensure that staff are able to provide the highest standards of care. The Trust works with partner agencies to support the patient journey and to share best practice. Safeguarding Adult staff support this agenda, highlighting and supporting those patients who attend the Trust requiring reasonable adjustments and support with communication whilst using Trust services.

3.3. Clinical effectiveness
The Clinical Effectiveness Council meets monthly and monitors key outcome and effectiveness indicators, such as mortality, nationally benchmarked cardiac arrest data, critical care performance, hip fracture performance, readmissions, clinical audit and application of National Institute for Health and Care Excellence (NICE) guidance.

3.3.1. National Institute for Health and Care Excellence Guidance
St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust has a responsibility for implementing NICE guidance in order to ensure that:

- Patients receive the best and most appropriate treatment
- NHS resources are not wasted by inappropriate treatment
- There is equity through consistent application of NICE guidance/quality standards

The Trust must demonstrate to stakeholders that NICE guidance/quality standards are being implemented within the Trust and across the health community. This is a regulatory requirement that is subject to scrutiny by the CQC. Responsibility for supporting the implementation and monitoring NICE guidance compliance activity moved to the Quality Improvement and Clinical Audit (QICA) Team in January 2018.

141 pieces of new or updated NICE guidance were released during the year. There is a system in place to ensure all relevant guidance is distributed to the appropriate clinical lead to assess its relevance and the Trust’s compliance with the requirements. Action plans are produced for any shortfalls to ensure compliance is
achieved. Compliance will be rigorously assessed by mandatory departmental compliance audits reportable through the Trust audit meetings. The Trust is fully compliant with 36 of those guidance papers issued and working towards achieving the remainder.

3.3.2. Mortality

The overall mortality rate for the Trust using the government’s preferred measure, Summary Hospital Level Mortality Indicator (SHMI), is 0.99, which is better than expected, better than England, better than in previous years and second best in Cheshire & Merseyside.

The Trust has better than expected, better than England and better than in previous years rates for both of the other commonly used measures: the Standardised Mortality Ratio (SMR), which is 95.9% and the Hospital Standardised Mortality Ratio (HSMR), which is 98%.

Crude mortality (the simplest measure) has fallen steadily over time and has been consistently better than England and better than the North West average for the past 10 years.

3.3.3. Clinical audit

The Trust has an active clinical audit programme and is an active participant in required national audits where performance is strong. Details of the work undertaken this year are contained in section 2.4.2 above.

3.3.4. Intensive Care National Audit & Research Centre (ICNARC)

The Trust performs well against the national quality indicators, an example being the low number of sepsis admissions compared to other units. This demonstrates that the Trust has a positive response rate to identifying high risk sepsis patients early. There is an ongoing issue with delayed discharges from Critical Care, therefore work continues to ensure the timely step down of patients to wards and substantial progress is being made to ensure patients are discharged from intensive care into a ward bed within four hours of being identified as suitable.

3.3.5. Copeland risk adjustment barometer (CRAB)

The Trust has established a CRAB Benchmarking Group to review trends in mortality and complications at Trust level, department level and surgeon level. CRAB creates an accurate picture of surgical consultants’ practice, adjusting for presenting risk, operation complexity and intra-operative complications. It helps to identify best practice and removes the risks of misinterpreting crude mortality statistics. At present, CRAB Surgical only reflects the activity of surgical in-patient episodes and does not assess day-case activity, nor does it reflect the management of medical patients within the Trust.

The CRAB methodology is based on the POSSUM system, the clinical audit system which is widely recommended by national bodies, including the Royal College of Surgeons. It provides high quality clinical process and outcome information, via a wide range of reports based on extensive data captured before or at the time of operation and documenting the patient’s condition.
For each case, the risk of mortality or morbidity is calculated using POSSUM algorithms and the raw data may be reviewed by looking at individual cases in the risk report.

Any concerning trends or higher than expected complication or mortality rates are examined for potential causality within the CRAB Benchmarking Group and by each of the core members of the specialty in question. Issues and concerns identified at the CRAB meetings are reviewed by the group as a whole and reviewed in more depth by specialty CRAB representatives. This more detailed review is fed back to the CRAB lead and the reports are adjusted to reflect this.

Action plans are generated for each of the monthly meetings and reviewed by all members of the CRAB team to ensure that the issues have been addressed. If improvements in performance are not seen then it is the responsibility of the CRAB representative to escalate to the clinical director of that specialty. Further escalation if required is to the divisional director and any persistent concerns relayed to the Clinical Effectiveness Council (CEC).

The outcomes from this group are fed into the CEC on a quarterly basis, for example, it was identified that post-operative chest infections were higher than national and that an increase in post-operative chest physiotherapy, especially in orthopaedics, general surgery and urology would be beneficial. The Divisional Director of Surgery and CRAB lead attend the CEC.

### 3.3.6. National Community Hospitals Intermediate Care Audit

The Trust’s intermediate care wards participated in the national community hospitals intermediate care audit in 2018, which is published by the NHS Benchmarking Network Community Hospitals.

The findings for Newton Hospital indicated the following positives:

- Higher than national average at accepting step up patients from the community to avoid attending the Emergency Department
- Higher than nationally bed occupancy levels
- Higher than national average Patient Reported Experience Measure (PREM) scores
- Better than national average of referral to commencement of service
- Better than national average of people going back to their usual residence following the service
- Better than national average of improved Modified Barthel scores, which are used to determine the service users’ level of dependency on admission to the service and again on discharge

A number of actions are being taken to improve the service provided, including review of two week pathway for suitable patients to reduce length of stay and increasing the number of patients admitted within 48 hours.
3.3.7. Acute Kidney Injury (AKI)

Acute Kidney Injury (AKI) affects an estimated 10% of all patients at St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust, with patients with AKI spending 4.7 days longer in hospital according to NICE. NCEPOD states that appropriate intervention in the identification and management of AKI patients will have a positive impact on their care, reducing length of stay, the burden to critical care units and readmissions within 30 days.

The Trust implemented a multidisciplinary AKI Team comprising three Advanced Nurse Practitioners and a specialist AKI Pharmacist. The team is led clinically by the Consultant and Clinical Director for Acute Medicine. This team was tasked with modernising the quality of care to improve outcomes of patients with AKI. The team provides both care and education; patients are reviewed by AKI specialist nurses and ward pharmacists to ensure that appropriate medical care is provided to limit progression of an AKI and avoid permanent renal damage. The team also provide advice and education to healthcare professionals and are involved in writing and reviewing Trust policies relating to AKI, hydration and fluids.

In 2018-19 the team:
• Collaborated with ‘Think Kidneys’ (NHS England and Renal Registry Support Programme) to lead an inaugural AKI Nurse Education day for the North
• Conducted health promotion on World Kidney Day and patient focus groups
• Presented on improving timeliness of medication review in patients with AKI posters at the following conferences:
  - Clinical Pharmacy Congress
  - UK Kidney Week
  - UK Renal Pharmacy Group
• Led a workshop in September 2018 for UK Renal Pharmacy Group
• Were invited to present at an AQuA collaborative
• Were finalists at the HSJ Patient Safety Congress awards in 2 categories
  - Deteriorating patients and rapid response systems
  - Improving safety in medicines management

The AKI pharmacist developed the AKI e-learning package for the Centre for Postgraduate Pharmacy Education – due to launch later in 2019.

3.3.8. Promoting health

The Trust actively promotes the health and wellbeing of patients by undertaking a holistic assessment on admission that looks at physical, social, emotional and spiritual needs. Patients are referred or signposted to relevant services, for example; dieticians, stop smoking services and substance misuse. The initial review of patients includes a number of risk assessments that are used to highlight specific concerns that are acted upon, including nutrition and hydration and falls. The Trust has a Smokefree Policy in place that ensures a healthy environment for staff, patients and visitors, with measures in place to support staff and patients to give up smoking. The Trust has been participating in the risky behaviours CQuIN, whereby patients are asked on admission about smoking and alcohol intake and then provided with support and guidance as required. In addition, the Maternity Service actively promotes breast-feeding.

The Trust works in partnership with other agencies to provide holistic services throughout the patient’s journey to ensure a seamless service, supported by integrated pathways across the
hospital and community settings. Examples of this include the work of our Community Falls Team, who work collaboratively with the local council, primary and community care and our Infection Prevention and Control Team who liaise closely with community teams and GP services.

The Trust has an effective volunteering service and has 360 volunteers currently working across the organisation, with recruitment events held every other month. The Trust’s Volunteer Department has continued to work with the Department for Work & Pensions to support people back into employment, through building confidence, learning new skills and improving both mental and physical wellbeing through becoming a volunteer at the Trust. Current volunteers are offered a variety of training opportunities that will be advantageous should they wish to apply for Trust jobs or employment outside of the organisation.

The volunteers undertake a wide range of roles throughout the Trust, including:

- Meeting and greeting patients on arrival at Whiston and St Helens hospitals, outpatients and the Emergency Department, including helping to direct people to the appropriate location and providing information to patients and visitors
- Supporting pharmacy to achieve timely delivery of discharge medications
- Providing befriending service on inpatient wards and undertaking enhanced roles such as dining companions, prevention of delirium and spiritual care
- Administration roles, undertaking wide range of duties across the Trust, including maintaining notice boards and leaflet racks in different departments

The Volunteer Service is also working on a ward telephone answering pilot and supporting the Trust’s Pets as Therapy policy, as therapy dogs can help patients in many ways, including reducing anxiety.

In addition, the Trust has signed the Step into Health Pledge to champion and assist the transition of ex-military staff into NHS employment. NHS Employers and the Royal Foundation support the pledge.

3.4. Patient experience

Patient experience is at the heart of the Trust’s vision to deliver 5 star patient care and we are keen to learn from all our patient and carer experiences so we can continuously make improvements and share good practice.

Patient stories remain a pivotal part of the patient experience agenda throughout the Trust. Patient stories are shared in a number of forums including the Trust Board, Patient Experience Council and the Patient Experience and Dignity Champions group. Patients and their families are welcomed and encouraged to present their experiences in their own words and make suggestions to improve the patient journey.

Patient stories have contributed to a number of positive service improvements, including the introduction of open visiting in Critical Care, improving the responsiveness of phlebotomy services for patients receiving palliative care to enable blood tests to be performed before or within their clinic appointment and the recruitment of additional staff to the palliative care team including a bereavement lead. One story has also been shared with colleagues in the local Clinical Commissioning Group to disseminate learning and support the development of integrated pathways.
A range of mediums have been used to deliver stories including patients and their relatives attending in person and submitting stories for staff to deliver on their behalf.

The Patient Experience Manager engages with at least five patients or carers each day in a range of settings, including wards and outpatient clinics. This provides valuable information regarding the patient and carer experience ‘as it happens’. This allows prompt identification of any individual issues which can be easily resolved or may require escalation to clinical staff and also any themes or trends that may be emerging across the Trust.

A number of actions have taken place this year to enhance the patient and carer experience. These include the approval of an Animal and Pet Therapy Policy to provide guidance for those patients who may benefit from animal assisted therapy while in hospital and a review of arrangements for transgender patients attending gynaecology clinic following their transition. Amendments have also been made to the automated message left when attempting to obtain feedback from patients following attendance at outpatient clinics. This was completed in direct response to information received from a patient and their relative.

A Carers’ Passport is also under development that will be recognised across a number of trusts in the area. This will recognise carers as partners in care to improve the experience of both patients and their carers.

The Trust has continued to engage with patients via a number of patient participation groups. Forums take place within the specialties of paediatrics, maternity, diabetes, gastroenterology, the continence service and rheumatology. The Trust-wide patient participation group was re-launched at an event held in January 2019 and was attended by a wide range of participants. This provided the opportunity for staff to share the Trust’s developments with patients, carers and members of the community, who were also able to provide their comments on the new draft Patient Experience Strategy.

What our patients said about us in 2018-19

**Radiology**

I was sent today to Whiston Radiology Department for an abdominal scan. My wife and I were treated very well by the very caring staff at the unit. Everything was explained very thoroughly and the staff were on hand to answer any questions that we had. This is the third time that I have had a CT scan at Whiston and I am always treated very well. I cannot fault the staff in any way and even though they were very busy you never feel neglected during busy times.

**Ward 3A**

I was admitted to Ward 3A at Whiston Hospital on Christmas Day with an infected hand. The care I received was excellent. All of the staff were helpful and caring. The ward was very clean and a pleasant restful environment. I'm very grateful to everyone who was there for me when I needed medical care I'm sure they would have rather been at home. Thank you everyone for managing to be so professional and pleasant despite being at work on Christmas Day.
My baby was born prematurely at 34 weeks. The staff and doctors on the Special Care Baby Unit (SCBU) are absolutely outstanding, the level of care and respect they give is second to none. After coming home for a little while my little boy was admitted to Ward 3F and spent time in high dependency unit. I really can’t thank all the staff enough especially the paediatric doctor, she looked after my son on SCBU and on 3F she made me feel so at ease at such a difficult time. She and along with all the medical staff made my son better and for that I can’t thank them enough!!

Nurses on the Stroke ward were brilliant and gave care of the highest standard. Many quite young nurses were brilliant in their devotion to patient care, watching very elderly constantly and doing all they could to alleviate any difficulties.

Staff were absolutely brilliant. They were efficient, cheerful, and extremely helpful, especially the Cardiac Nurses. Excellent treatment and customer service skills.

Cardiology

Maternity, Special Care Baby unit and Paediatrics
3.4.1. Friends and Family Test

The Friends and Family Test (FFT) asks patients if they would recommend the ward or department where they recently received healthcare to their friends or family if they needed similar care or treatment. It is an important feedback tool that supports the fundamental principle that people who use NHS services should have the opportunity to provide feedback in real-time about their experience. The feedback gathered is used to identify themes or trends, stimulate local improvement and empower staff to carry out changes that make a difference to patients and their care.

The Trust uses a variety of survey options, with inpatient ward areas and maternity services providing patients with a postcard on discharge and Emergency Department and outpatient areas use texting and interactive voice mail service.

The Trust’s inpatient response rate at the end of March 2019 was 33.1% compared to the national average of 24.6% (based on March 2019 inpatient national data and including independent sector providers). Each ward or department within the Trust monitors the patient feedback and creates ‘you said, we did’ posters for display. These posters reflect our response as a result of patient comments and are invaluable in maintaining staff motivation and influencing change.

Some examples include:

**Allen Day Unit**

**You said**

“The Parkinson group therapy classes take place over 8 weeks. Could this be extended as much more could be gained.”

**We did**

As a result of the patient comment and audit of the service the Parkinson group therapy sessions will now extend to 12 weeks. Thank you for this comment to improve our service.

**Outpatients**

**You said**

“Appointment running over half an hour late with no indication as to why”

**We did**

We apologise for any delays in clinic, we will ensure that staff keep our patients informed of any delays alongside an explanation of the cause of the delay.

**Ophthalmology Clinic**

**You said**

Staff very friendly and helpful putting me at ease, lady who treated me was very professional and caring

**We did**

We are pleased to hear of your experience. We endeavour to treat our patients in a professional and compassionate manner. I will pass your comments on to the staff.

**Delivery Suite**

**You said**

Enjoyed use of bath. Delivery suite very relaxed and calm.

**We did**

We have worked hard to improve the birthing environment in our Midwife-led Unit and Delivery Suite rooms and it’s great to receive feedback that shows it’s appreciated.
3.4.2. Complaints

The Trust takes patients’ complaints extremely seriously. Staff work hard to ensure that patients and carers concerns are acted on as soon as they are identified and that there is a timely response to rectify any issues that are raised at a local level, through the Trust’s PALS team, or through the AskAnn email. Ward and departmental managers and matrons are available for patients and their carers to discuss their care and to provide timely resolution to ensure patients receive the highest standards of care. Each area has a patient experience notice board to highlight how patients and carers can raise a concern and this is also included on the information table placemats available for patients. At times, however, patients and their carers may wish to raise a formal complaint and these are thoroughly investigated so that patients are provided with a comprehensive written response.

In 2018-19, the Trust received 267 new complaints that were opened for investigation. This represents an increase of 18.7% in comparison to 2017-18, when the Trust received 225 new complaints. However, there was a decrease in the number of complainants that were dissatisfied with the initial response and raised a stage two complaint; 37 in 2018-19 compared to 44 in 2017-18. The total number of PALS contacts increased by 36% to 3174 in 2018-19.

Work remains ongoing to improve the timeliness of responses to those who made the effort to highlight concerns about their care. The average time to respond to new complaints within the agreed timescale has improved significantly from 67% in 2017-18 to 92.1% in 2018-19.

The Trust has continued to conduct the Complaints Satisfaction Surveys throughout 2018-19, with a copy of the survey sent out with all response letters. There were 25 responses in total received in 2018-19, a 9.3% response rate. A summary of the findings is below, noting that the % figures provided are based on the number of respondents answering the specific question:

- 92% found it very or fairly easy to complain
- 88% felt that their complaint had been responded to in a reasonable timescale
- 80% confirmed that they felt that they had been treated with respect throughout the process with 16% confirming that they had been treated with respect some of the time
- 88% confirmed that the reasons for the Trust’s decision was made clear to them
- 76% were very or fairly satisfied with the way the complaint was handled

The Complaints Team are continuing to work hard on reducing the time taken to provide complaints responses, whilst maintaining the quality of the investigation and response.

A number of actions were taken as a result of complaints made in 2018-19. The issues highlighted through a complaint relating to a missed diagnosis at birth involving a newborn were shared at the Obstetrics and Gynaecology Risk Management Group, Paediatric Clinical Governance and Surgical Care Group Quality Governance and Risk Management meetings. A task and finish group has been established to review processes for paediatric referrals following birth and work is in progress to develop a robust failsafe system of monitoring referrals following the newborn and infant physical examination (NIPE).
Other actions taken include:
- Staff reminded to wear their identity badge at all times and to introduce themselves at the start of every shift
- Introduction of a new template for plastic surgery secretariat to use to inform GP and breast surgeons of any abnormal reports that they are made aware of. The aim of this is to ensure that investigation reports are sent from plastic surgery without delay
- Additional staff have been appointed following expansions in the Lilac Centre
- New patient experience board has been placed in the Lilac Centre
- Radiology has implemented a daily ‘stat run’ which identifies what needs to be reported on in priority order with a new internal escalation process for radiology staff to follow
- The Omnicell (medicines dispensing computer) now flags up a warning when patients are prescribed Clarithromycin to make sure they are not on a statin, which is contraindicated
3.5. Service developments

3.5.1. Surgical Care Group

3.5.1.1. Nurse Led Fascia Iliac Compartment Blocks (FICB)

The Trust’s Hip Fracture Nurse Specialist is currently working with the anaesthetists to complete the necessary training and competencies to perform a fascia iliac compartment block to reduce pain. Pain can have significant physical and psychological effects on the patient, as well as requiring opiate pain relief, which can lead to respiratory depression, hypotension and confusion. Using fewer opiates for elderly patients should lead to less episodes of delirium. The patients that have had this procedure so far have been extremely comfortable and not as confused post operatively. This helps with therapy and supports early discharge.

3.5.1.2. Introduction of virtual fracture clinics

An orthopaedic consultant and a physiotherapist undertake two sessions per week and contact patients by telephone to ask a set of pre-agreed questions relating to fracture, pain and pain management. The service is aimed at patients who will not require interventions such as cast change/application, repeat X-rays, removal of sutures or wound checks. The provision of virtual fracture clinics will free up appointment slots for patients who need to be seen face-to-face and provide better flexibility and communication for patients. This initiative is currently being evaluated.

3.5.1.3. Burns and Plastics

An Outreach Burns Nurse Specialist has been appointed to provide support in the community in all aspects of burn care, supporting admission/readmission avoidance especially in patients with infections such as multiple-drug-resistant pseudomonas aeruginosa. The Outreach Burns Nurse Specialist also acts as clinical educator, providing education to district nurses and walk in centres regarding burn care.

3.5.1.4. Maternity

The Maternity Service has been involved within the National Maternal and Neonatal Health Safety Collaborative and is focussing on the recognition and management of deterioration in babies, including improved processes relating to the neonatal sepsis pathway. The aim of phase one of the locally designed Improving Neonatal Sepsis Pathway Outcomes (INSPO) Project was to increase the number of eligible babies who receive intravenous (IV) antibiotics within an hour, without separation of mum and baby, by 75% by March 2019. The project has achieved 100% of all babies from the Delivery Suite receiving IV antibiotics, within an hour, from decision to delivery, without separation from mum, since December 2018. Phase two of the project will spread the improvement to the whole of the Maternity Service concentrating on the postnatal ward.

The Maternity Services has developed pathways of care to achieve the national ambition of ‘Continuity of Carer’ for 20% of women. The service has successfully booked 45% of women onto a continuity of carer pathway, exceeding the national target. The development of these pathways has seen extensive improvements and re-design of community midwifery teams and midwifery-led clinical care. This work has further seen the development and utilisation of midwifery-led services in the alongside midwifery led unit, the ‘Sapphire Suite’, with an increase of women opting to mobilise and use the birthing pool. Development of pathways to achieve continuity of carer for high-risk women has been concentrated on women who are having their next birth after caesarean section.
3.5.2. Medical Care Group

3.5.2.1. Nutrition

The Trust’s new Nutrition Specialist Nurse has made a significant contribution to improving patients’ nutritional care, supporting admission avoidance, reducing length of inpatient stay and improving the quality of nutritional care. This has been achieved via daily parenteral nutrition (PN) ward rounds, nutrition multi-disciplinary team clinics and the delivery of timely assessments and interventions for patients who require total parenteral nutrition (TPN), percutaneous endoscopic gastrostomies (PEG), naso-gastric (NG) tubes/nasal bridles or naso-jejunal (NJ) tube insertions. Timely reviews of patients in the Emergency Department has aided those who have removed feeding tubes to have them replaced quickly and facilitated early discharge home, saving approximately 82 bed days. The initiation of a telephone helpline and nurse-led day case clinic for patients requiring assessment, care or removal of feeding tubes has led to significant improvements in the care for outpatients, with regular follow up for those requiring it.

3.5.2.2. Gastrointestinal (GI) Physiology

GI Physiology is a new service providing diagnostic testing to primarily assess gut function, through the investigation of patients with symptoms of dysphagia, gastroesophageal reflux disease (GORD), faecal incontinence and chronic constipation. Investigations are performed as day case procedures using state of the art equipment to measure acidic/non-acidic reflux and/or assessing muscle pressure in the oesophagus, stomach or anorectum.

Small Bowel Capsule Endoscopy is also a new procedure to the Trust. It involves the swallowing of a small, wireless camera capsule to assess small bowel pathology. This investigation allows for the assessment of the full length of the small bowel, which cannot be achieved by conventional endoscopy. This can improve the diagnoses of conditions such as inflammatory bowel disease, obscure GI bleeding and some GI cancers.

The introduction of efficient in-house physiological testing has significantly reduced patient waiting time for these procedures from up to 9 months, to within 4 weeks.

3.5.2.3. Acute Medical Unit (AMU)

The Acute Medical Unit is a dedicated care unit that provides assessment and treatment for adult patients with medical conditions when they are first admitted to hospital. This year the assessment area within the Acute Medical Unit has further enhanced the facilities to provide a better patient experience. The assessment area has developed a very successful new ‘pull’ model that now assesses adult medical patients referred via both the Emergency Department as well as primary care. The AMU has shown significant improvements in the national Society for Acute Medicine benchmarking audit in 2018. The new model has reduced the number of medical patients waiting for a bed in the Emergency Department, decreased the length of stay on the unit, increased the proportion of discharges, as well as shown a reduction in crude mortality. The Acute Medical Unit has purchased a ward-based drug dispensing machine, Omnicell, that has enabled on ward dispensing and significant improvement to turnaround times for discharge medication provision.
3.5.2.4. Diabetes

Last year, the Diabetes Team were successful in winning a bid for transformation funding from NHS England, which continues to be invested in the following:

- Inpatient diabetes specialist care provided seven days a week, focusing on key areas such as reducing emergency admissions in people with diabetes, driving up the quality of diabetes care across the Trust and reducing length of stay
- Improved foot service with increased capacity in the diabetes foot clinics to support a reduction in outpatient waits for assessment, with an anticipated reduction in risk around the deterioration of foot conditions
- The Specialist Diabetes Team has improved the structured education programme for people with type 2 diabetes, delivering evening and weekend education sessions
- The ‘Cloud’ service is improving collaborative working between primary and secondary care, which includes a telephone line for specialist advice for professionals, patients and carers for diabetes advice and support
- The Diabetes Team have been involved in a National Adult Diabetes Inpatient Audit (NADIA) collaborative project with pharmacy looking to reduce a number of indicators relating to medication errors and inpatient hypoglycaemia and diabetic ketoacidosis. This work was highly commended and is due to be presented at the annual Diabetes UK (DUK) conference. It has led to a number of initiatives including a change in the way that we deliver diabetes inpatient education for staff including simulation-based model teaching sessions

3.5.2.5. Stroke

The following developments have been delivered or continued in 2018-19:

- Phase 1 of the stroke reconfiguration delivered, with all strokes across Mid-Mersey onset within 4 hours attending Whiston as the first port of call; Phase 2 commenced in April 2019, with all strokes from Mid-Mersey attending Whiston
- Increased access to thrombectomy
- Established innovative and award-winning telemedicine service for six month stroke reviews, which has been piloted for therapy environmental visits to determine if more efficient care can be provided
- Established a stroke prevention and education role to optimise the care of patients with asymptomatic, known atrial fibrillation to ensure they receive anticoagulation if appropriate. Atrial fibrillation is a leading cause of large strokes and subsequently death on the Stroke Unit. The goal for 2019-20 will be to influence the long-term management of at least 50 patients, leading to the prevention of one death and one patient from requiring institutional care
- Development of a Hyper Acute Stroke Unit (HASU)-based orthoptics service. This provides vital assessment of eye function following stroke, which helps guide the therapy teams and clinicians regarding the impact of stroke upon visual impairment; and/or the impact of existing visual impairments upon stroke. This has been a major piece of quality improvement, which was presented by the Lead Consultant as an exemplar of national good practice at the UK Stroke Forum and was extremely well-received. This model of care is now being adopted by a number of other centres

3.5.2.6. Liver Nurses

The Trust has a dedicated team of nurses and two healthcare assistants who are trained to undertake FibroScans (non-invasive assessments of the extent of liver fibrosis (scarring), which releases the Liver Nurses to do more complex work. The service has procured a new portable device to offer this service at our St Helens site, with plans to roll this out into the community in the future.
3.5.3. Primary and Community Care Group

The Trust has established a Primary and Community Care Group following the recent acquisition of various community and primary care services to ensure their effective delivery and to maintain high quality patient care out of hospital. This will in turn reduce the demand on the hospital-based services and ensure patients receive the right care, in the right place at the right time.

The Care Group has senior clinical leadership included in the management structure to ensure consistent, high quality clinical practice is delivered across community and primary care services.

3.5.4. Clinical Support Services Care Group

3.5.4.1. Therapy Services

Therapy Services constantly strive to improve services offered to patients to promote independence and support safe discharge from hospital. The Trust delivers an in-service training programme for all grades of therapists to support knowledge and skill development and promote evidence-based practice. There have been many initiatives and developments throughout the year, including:

- Introduced e-triage for outpatient referrals to allow quicker triaging and reducing delays in appointments being offered

**Trauma & Orthopaedics Therapy Team:**
- Trialled early supported discharge for patients with fractured neck of femur, who can be supported at home, reducing their length of stay and promoting independence at home. Early results are good and the service is looking at ways to fully introduce this initiative

**Medicine for Older People (MOP) Therapy Team:**
- Parkinsons Disease Group has moved from an 8 week to a 12 week programme, incorporating a more graded programme of exercises and more structured external speakers, following feedback in a patient survey

**Dietetics Service:**
- Produced nutrition newsletters to be displayed on Trust intranet, highlighting health promotion events and ‘hot topics’

**Critical Care & Surgery Therapy Team:**
- Developed a therapy communication board that will go behind the patients’ beds on Critical Care to document therapy input with the patient, for example, how they transfer/mobilise, what diet they are having and speech and language recommendations

3.5.4.2. Prostate Cancer Pathway

The Prostate Timed Pathway Working Group has implemented changes to the prostate cancer pathway that have reduced the time from referral to diagnosis by an average of 12 days. This has been achieved by increasing prostate biopsy capacity, introducing rapid access magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) slots and collaborative working with radiology and pathology departments to reduce reporting times.
3.5.4.3. Cancer Services

There have been a number of developments within our cancer services during 2018-2019 and these are summarised below:

- First Advanced Nurse Practitioner (ANP) in Oncology to be based within a chemotherapy unit. This has had a positive impact on both patient experience and clinical management of patients with complications of chemotherapy. The role has reduced the number patients referred to the Emergency Department and enabled patients to be managed in an ambulatory setting and, importantly, to stay in their own homes and continue with their treatment. Given the success of the post, a second ANP was appointed in the Autumn.

- The Trust was successful in a bid to Macmillan to review current pathways of care for upper gastrointestinal cancers. This group of patients have to travel to various trusts for consultations and treatment and often struggle with complications of their cancer. The innovative project aims to design a pathway that enables patients to have reduced numbers of hospital attendances and receive the care they need locally. The project is led by a member of our Upper Gastrointestinal Macmillan Cancer nursing team and includes input from dietetics.

- The Trust has successfully implemented virtual working for patients referred with a suspicion of cancer by their GP or who attend for a chest X-ray and require further investigation. The service started in September 2018 and has already positively impacted on multidisciplinary team (MDT) working and patient pathways. The project is led by a Respiratory Consultant and the lung cancer MDT.

- The Trust was successful in a bid with Cheshire and Merseyside Cancer Alliance to participate in a workforce project involving cancer navigators. The navigators co-ordinate the pathway of patients referred on a two-week wait (2WW) pathway to the colorectal and lung cancer teams. The impact of the roles has already demonstrated a reduction in appointment attendances and streamlined the patient experience. A third navigator has since been appointed to the acute oncology vague symptom team.
3.6. Summary of national patient surveys

The full results for all the Care Quality Commission’s national patient surveys can be found on their website at http://www.cqc.org.uk/

3.6.1. National Inpatient Survey

The Trust participated in the annual National Inpatient Survey 2017 coordinated by the Care Quality Commission. The results were published in June 2018 and the Trust’s response rate was 36% compared to the national response rate of 41%.

The Trust was included in the best performing trusts nationally for the following indicators and was rated about the same as other trusts for the remaining indicators:

• Noise from other patients – not being bothered by noise at night from other patients (7.3/10)
• Cleanliness of rooms or wards – (9.6/10)
• Choice of food – having been offered a choice of food (9.6/10)
• Privacy for discussions – for being given enough privacy when discussing their condition or treatment (9.1/10)

The Trust is taking a number of actions to improve patient care including:

• Enhancing the discharge process
• Improving the quality of written information provided to patients
• Reiterating the importance of staff introducing themselves
• Working with volunteers to support patient mealtimes

3.6.2. National Emergency Department Survey

The Care Quality Commission published the results of the 2016 Emergency Department Survey in October 2017. The national response rate was 26% and the Trust’s response rate was 23%.

The Trust was rated better than other trusts in the following two areas:

• Being given the right amount of information about their condition or treatment
• Those prescribed new medication, being told about possible side effects

The Trust was rated as about the same as other trusts for all other areas, with no scores rated lower. The following actions have been taken to improve the services we provide:

• Ongoing provision of information about waiting times for patients to be examined, which will be further developed by the installation of TV screens in the new extension opened in February 2019
• An extension to the previous building has been completed, which has increased the availability of cubicles within the main department. There is also a new reception area and triage room
• Provision of a water fountain in the waiting room, accessible for both patients and relatives
• Introduced new ways of working to allow an earlier first point of contact to reduce the time waiting to be examined and assessed. A doctor is identified every shift to be available to assess patients in various clinical areas (triage/stretcher triage/paediatric unit)
• A doctor is identified per shift to be the “Emergency Response” doctor who will be called for and will attend to any patient within the department who triggers an alert via the national early warning score (NEWS), thus reducing any delays for reviews and treatments
• Increased training and development for nursing staff and implementation of patient group directives to allow nursing staff to provide simple pain relief prior to patients being seen by medical staff remains ongoing

3.6.3. National Children and Young People Survey

The Care Quality Commission published the results of the 2016 Children and Young People Survey in November 2017. The national response rate was 26% and the Trust’s response rate was 15%.

For the experiences of children aged 8-15 years, the Trust scored ‘much better than expected’ and was one of only five trusts in the country to achieve this maximum score. The Trust scored about the same as others for children aged 0-7 years.

There were 15 areas in which the Trust was rated better than other trusts including:
• Children and young people feeling they had enough privacy during their care and treatment
• Children and young people saying staff spoke with them about how they were going to care for them
• Children and young people saying they were able to ask staff questions
• Children and young people saying that hospital staff spoke with them when they were worried
• Parents and carers saying they had confidence and trust in staff treating their child
• Parents and carers saying they received enough information about their child’s new medication
• Children and young people saying they were told who to contact if they were worried about anything when they got home
• Children and young people saying they were told what would happen next after they left hospital

The Trust was rated about the same as other trusts for all other scores, with no lower scores.

An action plan is in place to continue to improve the services provided to children and young people, with a number of changes implemented, including:
• Increased awareness of play facilities available to babies, children and young people
• Ensuring consistency of communication regarding care plans with parents, carers and patients to avoid any conflicting information being given
• Improving food satisfaction rates for children in the 0-7 years age group
• Improved communication for surgical patients before and after an operation or procedure

3.6.4. National Maternity Survey

The Care Quality Commission published the results of the 2018 Maternity Survey in January 2019. The national response rate was 37% and St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust’s response rate was 27%, compared to 21% the previous year.

The survey provides information on women’s experiences during all aspects of their maternity care, including antenatal care, postnatal care, the care received during labour and birth. The Trust was rated about the same as other trusts for all of the indicators.

An action plan has been developed with particular focus on the other areas where improvements can be made, including:
• ensuring women know they can choose which maternity provider and professional will be in charge of their care
• reviewing the reasons why women experienced a delay in their discharge after the birth
The Continuity of Carer pathway for Midwife-Led Care has commenced across the Community Teams. A woman will receive joined up care between a small community midwifery team and the midwives on the Midwife-Led Unit (MLU) throughout her pregnancy, birth and post-natal period. Community midwives will be able to attend the MLU and provide some aspect of care for their own women when they are in labour. Approximately 18% of all births occur on the well-established MLU currently.

3.6.5. National cancer patient experience survey (NCPES)

Patient comment

From seeing my GP to my OPD with the consultant and ongoing surgery and treatment, all staff (from consultant to ancillary staff) were excellent. All were knowledgeable and caring in their roles and had a caring manner. I was treated with care and speed. My disabled husband needs a wheelchair and was allowed to visit outside of visiting hours, which made parking easier.

The NHS England National Cancer Patient Experience Survey (NCPES) is designed to monitor national progress on cancer care, to drive forward quality improvement and to inform the work of groups supporting patients. The survey was developed and has been run by Quality Health for the Department of Health since 2010. It is the largest and most comprehensive survey of cancer patients in the world.

Patients treated for cancer within the Trust have rated the level of care they received, scoring their overall care as 8.9 out of 10, placing the Trust above the national average rating of 8.8.

In the 2017 NCPES patients placed the Trust as best across the Cheshire and Merseyside Cancer Alliance for:
- Providing patients with details of support groups (89%)
- Access to information about chemotherapy treatment (87%)
- Access to information about chemotherapy working (81%)
- Access to information on financial help (75%)
- Access to information on free prescription (85%)

The Trust was amongst the highest scoring trusts in Cheshire and Merseyside Cancer Alliance for:
- Patients having the name of a Clinical Nurse Specialist (93%)
- Seen as soon as necessary by GP (89%)
- Staff doing everything to control the pain (85%)
- Staff asking for the patient’s preferred name (59%)
- Patients felt able to discuss fears with staff as inpatient (59%)

The Trust was above the expected range for:
- Patients being seen as soon as necessary (89%)
- Hospital staff giving information on getting financial help (75%)
- Patients given understandable information about if chemotherapy is working (81%)
A number of developments have been made to address areas highlighted by the survey, including:

- Standardised written information on discharge from inpatient stay in breast services
- Awareness raised with clinical staff on managing patient flows through breast clinic appointments, including start times and delays undertaken
- Patient information packs introduced at diagnosis for colorectal cancer patients
- Trust invitation letter amended advising patients that they may receive results of tests and can bring a relative to support them in urology and endoscopy
- Colorectal Clinical Nurse Specialist (CNS) attends ward board round and is involved in care of suspected cancer patients admitted as emergency
- Ward teams updated on behavioural standards and introduction of senior nurse ward round
- Bowel school includes health and social needs assessment, which is shared with ward team
- End of treatment summary template agreed by gynaecology, urology and breast and rolled out November 2018
- Increased number of patients have a holistic needs assessment (HNA) and care plan across all cancer sites (monitored as part of NHS England targets)
- Named trials champion in each MDT who works with trials team
- Support worker in skin and haematology services checks that patients know the name of their CNS during the information ward round
- Skin cancer patients offered opportunity to discuss concerns with Consultant, documented in ward round book or in communication sheet within nursing records
- Matrons and CNS actively promote “My name is…”

- End of treatment support and information on side effects facilitated at the Cancer Health and wellbeing events (monitored as part of NHS England targets)
- Advance care planning and advanced communication skills training added on compliance matrix for CNS
- Patient experience working group established
- World café event for upper gastrointestinal cancer patients and carers
- Introduced FFT to nurse-led cancer clinics to provide more immediate feedback
- Cancer teams engaged in practice nurse education events facilitated by the Cancer Alliance
- Appointment of a benefits advisor has been instrumental in the Trust being number one in the Cancer Alliance for benefits advice

The Trust continues to strive towards improving patient experience and a comprehensive action plan has been put into place by the clinical teams to address any issues raised where the scores were below average for individual tumour sites.

The full report can be found at http://www.ncpes.co.uk
Section 4
Annex
4.1. Statement of Directors’ responsibilities in respect of the Quality Account

The Trust Board of Directors is required under the Health Act 2009 and the National Health Service (Quality Accounts) Regulations 2010 (as amended by the National Health Service (Quality Accounts) Amendment Regulations 2012) to prepare a Quality Account for each financial year.

The Department of Health issues guidance on the form and content of the annual Quality Account, which has been included in this Quality Account.

In preparing the Quality Account, Directors are required to take steps to satisfy themselves that:

• The Quality Account presents a balanced picture of the Trust’s performance over the period covered 2018-19
• The performance information reported in the Quality Account is reliable and accurate
• There are proper internal controls over the collection and reporting of the measures of performance included in the Quality Account and these controls are subject to review to confirm that they are working effectively in practice
• The data underpinning the measures of performance reported in the Quality Account is robust and reliable, conforms to specified data quality standards and prescribed definitions and is subject to appropriate scrutiny and review
• The Quality Account has been prepared in accordance with Department of Health guidance.

The Trust Board of Directors confirm to the best of their knowledge and belief that they have complied with the above requirements in preparing the Quality Account.

By order of the Trust Board

Richard Fraser
Chairman

Ann Marr
Chief Executive
4.2. Written statements by other bodies

4.2.1. Halton Borough Council

Quality Accounts 2018 - 2019

Further the Joint Quality Accounts event held on 10th May 2019 that your colleague Sue Redfern attended to present a summary of your Quality Accounts, I am writing with the Health Policy and Performance Board comments. The Health Policy and Performance Board particularly noted the following key areas:

During the year 2018/19, the Board were pleased to note that St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust (SHKTH) made progress against the following areas:

- Best acute trust in the NHS for the third consecutive year with outstanding results, published in March 2019, with the Trust rated as the best place to work and receive treatment in the NHS;
- Best acute trust nationally for the second year running in 2018 for the Patient Led Assessments of the Care Environment (PLACE); and
- Maintained and improved quality indicators, including: 99.1% harm free care; no grade 3 or 4 pressure ulcers; and reduced number of harms from falls.

The Board were particularly pleased to hear about the CQC rating of Outstanding which is a great achievement and one you and your staff should be proud of.

During her presentation, Sue talked about the nurses that have been brought over from India and the Board were really pleased to hear the support that these nurses have received in settling in to their new environment and communities, and the fact that all 57 have remained at Whiston Hospital and are encouraging other nurses to join them. It is refreshing to hear of innovative solutions to workforce challenges.

The Board are pleased to note the following Improvement Priorities for 2019 – 2020 and look forward to hearing about progress on these next year:

- **Safety** - Ensure timely and effective assessment and delivery of care within the Emergency Department;
- **Effectiveness** - Maximise the effectiveness and utilisation of new electronic systems to improve the timeliness and effectiveness of patient care; and
- **Patient Experience** - Increase the proportion of patients who report that they have received an appropriate amount of information to meet their needs in a way they can understand.

The Board would like to thank STHK for the opportunity to comment on these Quality Accounts.

Yours sincerely,

**Councillor Joan Lowe**
Chair, Health Policy and Performance Board
4.2.2. Warrington Clinical Commissioning Group and Halton Clinical Commissioning Group

Re: Quality Accounts 2018 – 2019

I am writing to express my thanks for the submission of St Helens & Knowsley Hospitals NHS Trust Quality Report for 2018-2019 and for the presentation given by Sue Redfern Chief Nurse to local stakeholders on 10th May 2019. This letter provides the response from both NHS Halton and NHS Warrington Clinical Commissioning Groups to the Quality Account Report 2018-2019.

NHS Halton and NHS Warrington CCGs understand the pressures and challenges for the Trust and the local health economy in the last year and would like to congratulate and thank the Trust for the level of partnership working and support in this year.

NHS Halton & NHS Warrington CCGs noted the Priorities and progress made in 2018 – 2019:

Patient Safety

- Maintained and improved quality indicators
- Delivered 99.1% harm free care
- No grade 3 or 4 pressure ulcers
- Reduced number of harms from falls
- Clostridium difficile infections significantly below threshold
- One never event and one MRSA contaminant to which the Trust have acknowledged their disappointment.

Clinical Effectiveness

- Achieved over 90% target for responding to complaints in timescale agreed - 92.1%
- Maintained effective assessment and monitoring of all patients in the A&E Department.
- Reduced the rate of avoidable harm from falls pressure ulcers and medication incidents
- Implemented change as a result of lessons learned from incidents and complaints
- Increased the percentage of e-discharge summaries sent with 24 hours from 69.5% 2017-18 to 71.3% 2018-19.
- Improved effectiveness of discharge planning

Patient Experience

Best acute trust nationally for the second year running in 2018 for the Patient Led Assessments of the Care Environment (PLACE) with top marks in the country for:

- Cleanliness
- Food
- Privacy and dignity
- Facilities for patients living with dementia and disabilities
- Condition, appearance and maintenance of the hospital buildings
Workforce

- Extremely positive staff survey results
- Best acute trust in the NHS for the third consecutive year with outstanding results, published in March 2019, with the Trust rated as the best place to work and receive treatment in the NHS
- Recognised, for the third year running, as being the top acute Trust nationally for staff engagement, staff motivation and pride in the quality of care provided to patients with highest marks in the following areas
  - Positive organisational culture of safety
  - Quality of care
  - Staff engagement
  - Staff morale
  - Equality, diversity & inclusion
  - Providing a safe environment for staff
  - 1st nationally for flu vaccination of frontline staff, achieving 95.4%
  - Implemented an electronic system (SafeCare) to ensure optimal deployment of nursing resources

Stakeholders acknowledged and expressed their congratulations on the Trust receiving an Outstanding rating awarded by the Care Quality Commission (CQC) and commend staff for all the hard work and dedication in achieving this.

NHS Halton & NHS Warrington CCGs noted the Trusts Improvement Priorities for 2019 – 2020:

Priority 1 – Patient Safety
Ensure timely and effective assessment and delivery of care within the A&E Department.
- Patients triaged within 15 minutes of arrival
- First clinical assessment median time of <2 hours over each 24 hour period
- Compliance with the Trust’s Policy for National Early Warning Score (NEWS), with appropriate escalation of patients who trigger
- 100% compliance with sepsis screening and treatment guidance

Priority 2 – Clinical Effectiveness
Maximise the effectiveness and utilisation of new electronic systems to improve the timeliness and effectiveness of patient care
- Reduction in medication errors
- Improved discharge
- Improved communications with GPs and community services
- Earlier identification and initiation to treatment for deteriorating patients
- Reduction in overall length of stay for patients

Priority 3 – Patient Experience
Increase the proportion of patients who report that they have received an appropriate amount of information to meet their needs in a way they can understand
- Improved scores for responses to patient questionnaires for questions relating to receiving the right level of information
Stakeholders noted the report on progress against the 7 Day Service Standards and on the work the Trust is undertaking in regards to Freedom to Speak up and supporting staff to raise concerns.

NHS Halton & Warrington CCGs recognise the challenges for providers in the coming year and we look forward to working with the Trust during 2019-2020 to deliver continued improvement in service quality, safety and patient experience and also on strengthening integrated partnership working to deliver the greatest and fastest possible improvement in people’s health and wellbeing by creating a strong, safe and sustainable health and care system that is fit for the future.

We would like to congratulate the trust on the hard work of its staff and their commitment to the care of the people of Halton and Warrington, thanking local staff and managers for their on-going commitment locally and for the opportunity to comment on the draft Quality Account for 2018/2019.

Yours sincerely,

Michelle Creed
Chief Nurse

Cc
Sue Redfern
Dr Andrew Davies
4.2.3. Knowsley Clinical Commissioning Group and St Helens Clinical Commissioning Group

NHS St Helens Clinical Commissioning Group and NHS Knowsley Clinical Commissioning Group thank you for the opportunity to comment on the St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust Quality Account for 2018/19.

The CCGs commend the Trust on its achievements in 2018/19 including:

a) 99.1% new harm-free care, an increase from 98.9% in 2017/18.
b) No grade 3 or 4 pressure ulcers for the second year running.
c) Best acute Trust nationally for the second year running in 2018 for the Patient Led Assessments of the Care Environment (PLACE).
d) 1st Nationally for flu vaccination of frontline staff, achieving 95.4% compared to 87% in 2017/18.
e) Winning the ISO Network innovation award for Improving Patient Outcomes & Efficiency with TeleHealth.
f) Rated as the best place to work and receive treatment in the NHS in the National staff survey results published in March 2019.

This account highlights the priorities identified in 2018/19 and provides a clear review of outcomes demonstrating how well the Trust did in achieving those priorities to deliver high quality care to patients. The Quality Account would however benefit if the full range of services provided by the Trust were included, for example, Community Provisions.

Commissioners note the Quality priorities for improvement for 2019/20 as:

Safety: Ensure timely and effective assessment and delivery of care within the Emergency Department.

Effectiveness: Maximise the effectiveness and utilisation of new electronic systems to improve the timeliness and effectiveness of patient care.

Patient Experience: Increase the proportion of patients who report that they have received an appropriate amount of information to meet their needs in a way they can understand.

The Care Quality Commission (CQC) rating of outstanding from the latest report (March 2019) is to be commended and Commissioners acknowledge and recognise the work undertaken by the Trust to achieve this.

The CCGs acknowledge the update in progress in implementing the priority clinical standards for seven day hospital services and the provision of details of ways in which staff can speak up (including how feedback is given to those who speak up).
NHS St Helens Clinical Commissioning Group and NHS Knowsley Clinical Commissioning Group and will continue to monitor St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust through the Clinical Quality and Performance Group meetings to gain assurance that the quality and safety of services delivered to patients continues to improve and that effective governance processes are in place and embedded throughout the organisation.

Yours sincerely

LISA ELLIS
CHIEF NURSE/DIRECTOR OF QUALITY
NHS ST HELENS
CLINICAL COMMISSIONING GROUP

DIANNE JOHNSON
CHIEF EXECUTIVE
NHS KNOWSLEY CLINICAL COMMISSIONING GROUP
DIANNE JOHNSON CHIEF EXECUTIVE
4.2.4. Healthwatch Halton

Re: Quality Account 2018-2019

We welcome this opportunity to provide a commentary on St Helens & Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust Quality Account for 2018-2019.

The Trust is to be congratulated on a very comprehensive report which gives a clear overview of the work carried out by the Trust to improve the quality of its services.

In reviewing the Quality Account, we considered the following questions:

- Does the draft Quality Account reflect people’s real experiences as told to local Healthwatch by service users and their families and carers over the past year?

- From what people have told Healthwatch Halton, is there evidence that any of the basic things are not being done well by the provider?

- Is it clear from the draft Quality Account that there is a learning culture within the Trust that allows people’s real experiences to be captured and used to enable the provider to get better at what it does year on year?

- Are the priorities for improvement as set out in the draft Quality Account challenging enough to drive improvement and it is clear how improvement has been measured in the past and how it will be measured in the future?

Overall, we believe the Quality Account reflects accurately people’s real experiences of using the service. Feedback collected during our outreach sessions at Whiston Hospital has highlighted many positive aspects of the care and treatment provided by the Trust.

We thought the report clear and informative. We appreciated the inclusion of the ‘summary of quality achievements’ in Section 1 highlighting much of the excellent work taking place within the Trust.

The report also details well the progress made against the 2018 - 2019 priorities, listing which priorities had been met and how, as well giving examples of the work being carried out to achieve the yet unmet priorities.

We are pleased to note the 3 quality priorities for improvement for 2019-2020; Safety, Effectiveness and Patient Experience.

- Safety - Ensure timely and effective assessment and delivery of care within the Emergency Department.
• Effectiveness - Maximise the effectiveness and utilisation of new electronic systems to improve the timeliness and effectiveness of patient care.

• Patient Experience - Increase the proportion of patients who report that they have received an appropriate amount of information to meet their needs in a way they can understand.

It was also positive to see that the views of stakeholders, including Healthwatch, and staff were considered prior to the Trust Board’s approval of the final list.

The Quality Account gives clear information on how improvement progress on the 3 areas will be measured. We look forward to seeing improvements on these areas during the coming year.

Our involvement with the Trust during the past year has included:

• Membership on the Trust’s Patient Experience Council

• Quarterly meetings between the Trust and Healthwatch

• Monthly outreach sessions

We’ve always found the Trust willing to listen to and work closely with Healthwatch to address priorities identified by patients, such as improving discharge planning.

During the next 12 months we will continue to offer challenge to the Trust on key priorities and work with it wherever we can to help improve the experience of patients who use the service. With regards to improving Patient Experience, we would welcome the opportunity to work closely with the Trust on this priority area.

Healthwatch Halton would like to congratulate the Trust on the hard work of all its staff and their dedication and commitment to the care of our local community.

Kind regards

Dave Wilson
Manager - Healthwatch Halton
4.2.5. Healthwatch Knowsley

**Commentary on the Quality Account for St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust by Healthwatch Knowsley.**

Healthwatch Knowsley welcomes the opportunity to provide this commentary in support of the St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust Quality Account for 2019/20. A draft copy of the Account was provided to Healthwatch Knowsley in a timely manner to allow for a response to be produced.

Healthwatch Knowsley would like to thank the Trust for the willingness to work with Healthwatch across the year, including the opportunity to meet with the Trust on quarterly basis to raise any issues and trends that are emerging regarding services. In addition to this Healthwatch Knowsley attends and reports to the Patient Safety and Patient Experience Councils on a monthly basis. This collaborative working has been a consistent theme over many years now and is very much appreciated.

The opportunity to be able to contribute to the positive shaping of priorities as part of the Quality Account process is welcomed and levels of transparency and honest dialogue provides scope for meaningful engagement as well as the positive work around key areas such as pressure ulcers and falls.

Overall the Trust currently holds a patient experience rating of 4.1 out of 5 stars (good/excellent) based on the 446 reviews held on the Healthwatch Knowsley online feedback centre. This rating has been collated through feedback provided by patients and family members. Listening Events and information stands at which we have spoken to patients and family members have also contributed to this rating. The Trust has proactively supported this work.

Healthwatch Knowsley members received a presentation of the Quality Account Report and fed back that they had found the session to be really enjoyable and informative. The positive progress against the previous year’s priorities was welcomed and the group members felt that the priorities for the coming year are appropriate.

Healthwatch Knowsley would be keen to see the Trust continuing to look to address the key themes that are reported through patient experience information.

Finally, Healthwatch Knowsley would like to congratulate the trust on their “Outstanding” CQC inspection and wishes to place on record their appreciation of the Trust’s work on behalf of our local community.
4.2.6. Healthwatch St Helens

Upon distribution amongst our Forum, the Quality Account Report received positive feedback.

‘It is obvious that everything this Quality Account demonstrates that it is geared up towards delivering the best care for patients and families. In these testing financial times it is encouraging to see that every effort is being made to build upon last years’ strengths and success. Healthwatch St Helens are confident that the Trust will continue to provide a high quality service and are responsive in identifying areas for improvement.’

This reflects the views from our Forum.

Kind regards

Gail Hughes
Communications and Engagement Officer
Healthwatch
4.2.7. Independent Auditor

Independent Practitioner’s Limited Assurance Report to the Board of Directors of St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust on the Quality Account

We have been engaged by the Board of Directors of St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust to perform an independent assurance engagement in respect of St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust’s Quality Account for the year ended 31 March 2019 (“the Quality Account”) and certain performance indicators contained therein as part of our work. NHS Trusts are required by section 8 of the Health Act 2009 to publish a Quality Account which must include prescribed information set out in The National Health Service (Quality Account) Regulations 2010 and as subsequently amended in 2011, 2012, 2017 and 2018 (“the Regulations”).

Scope and subject matter

The indicators for the year ended 31 March 2019 subject to the limited assurance engagement consist of the following indicators:

- VTE assessments: % of patients risk-assessed for venous thromboembolism (VTE)
- Patient Safety Indicator: % of patients safety incidents resulting in severe death or harm. We refer to these two indicators collectively as “the indicators”.

Respective responsibilities of the Directors and Practitioner

The Directors are required under the Health Act 2009 to prepare a Quality Account for each financial year. The Department of Health and NHS Improvement has issued guidance on the form and content of annual Quality Accounts (which incorporates the legal requirements in the Health Act 2009 and the Regulations).

In preparing the Quality Account, the Directors are required to take steps to satisfy themselves that:

- the Quality Account presents a balanced picture of the Trust’s performance over the period covered;
- the performance information reported in the Quality Account is reliable and accurate;
- there are proper internal controls over the collection and reporting of the measures of performance included in the Quality Account, and these controls are subject to review to confirm that they are working effectively in practice;
- the data underpinning the measures of performance reported in the Quality Account is robust and reliable, conforms to specified data quality standards and prescribed definitions, and is subject to appropriate scrutiny and review; and
- the Quality Account has been prepared in accordance with Department of Health and NHS Improvement guidance.

The Directors are required to confirm compliance with these requirements in a Statement of Directors’ Responsibilities within the Quality Account.
Our responsibility is to form a conclusion, based on limited assurance procedures, on whether anything has come to our attention that causes us to believe that:

- the Quality Account is not prepared in all material respects in line with the criteria set out in the Regulations;
- the Quality Account is not consistent in all material respects with the sources specified in the NHS Quality Accounts Auditor Guidance 2014-15 issued by the Department of Health in March 2015 (“the Guidance”); and
- the indicators in the Quality Account identified as having been the subject of limited assurance in the Quality Account are not reasonably stated in all material respects in accordance with the Regulations and the six dimensions of data quality set out in the Guidance.

We read the Quality Account and conclude whether it is consistent with the requirements of the Regulations and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any material omissions.

We read the other information contained in the Quality Account and consider whether it is materially inconsistent with:

- Board minutes for the period 1 April 2018 to 24 May 2019;
- papers relating to quality reported to the Board over the period 1 April 2018 to 24 May 2019;
- feedback from commissioners;
- feedback from local Healthwatch organisations;
- feedback from the Overview and Scrutiny Committee;
- feedback from other named stakeholder(s) involved in the sign off of the Quality Account;
- the Trust’s complaints report published under regulation 18 of the Local Authority, Social Services and National Health Service Complaints (England) Regulations 2009;
- the national patient and staff survey;
- the Head of Internal Audit’s annual opinion over the Trust’s control environment dated April 2019;
- the Annual Governance Statement dated May 2019; and
- the Care Quality Commission’s inspection report dated March 2019.

We consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with these documents (collectively the “documents”). Our responsibilities do not extend to any other information.

We are in compliance with the applicable independence and competency requirements of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW) Code of Ethics. Our team comprised assurance practitioners and relevant subject matter experts.
This report, including the conclusion, has been prepared solely for the Board of Directors of NHS Trust. We permit the disclosure of this report to enable the Board of Directors to demonstrate that they have discharged their governance responsibilities by commissioning an independent assurance report in connection with the indicators. To the fullest extent permissible by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Board of Directors as a body and St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust for our work or this report, except where terms are expressly agreed and with our prior consent in writing.

**Assurance work performed**

We conducted this limited assurance engagement under the terms of the Guidance. Our limited assurance procedures included:

- evaluating the design and implementation of the key processes and controls for managing and reporting the indicators;
- making enquiries of management;
- limited testing, on a selective basis, of the data used to calculate the indicators tested against supporting documentation;
- comparing the content of the Quality Account to the requirements of the Regulations; and
- reading the documents.

A limited assurance engagement is narrower in scope than a reasonable assurance engagement. The nature, timing and extent of procedures for gathering sufficient appropriate evidence are deliberately limited relative to a reasonable assurance engagement.

**Limitations**

Non-financial performance information is subject to more inherent limitations than financial information, given the characteristics of the subject matter and the methods used for determining such information.

The absence of a significant body of established practice on which to draw allows for the selection of different but acceptable measurement techniques that can result in materially different measurements and can affect comparability. The precision of different measurement techniques may also vary.

Furthermore, the nature and methods used to determine such information, as well as the measurement criteria and the precision of these criteria, may change over time. It is important to read the Quality Account in the context of the criteria set out in the Regulations.

The nature, form and content required of Quality Accounts are determined by the Department of Health and NHS Improvement. This may result in the omission of information relevant to other users, for example for the purpose of comparing the results of different NHS organisations.

In addition, the scope of our limited assurance work has not included governance over quality or non-mandated indicators which have been determined locally by St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust.
Our audit work on the financial statements of St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust is carried out in accordance with our statutory obligations and is subject to separate terms and conditions. This engagement will not be treated as having any effect on our separate duties and responsibilities as St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust’s external auditors. Our audit reports on the financial statements are made solely to St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust’s directors, as a body, in accordance with the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014. Our audit work is undertaken so that we might state to St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust’s directors those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor’s report and for no other purpose. Our audits of St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust’s financial statements are not planned or conducted to address or reflect matters in which anyone other than such directors as a body may be interested for such purpose. In these circumstances, to the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume any responsibility to anyone other than St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust and St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust’s directors as a body, for our audit work, for our audit reports, or for the opinions we have formed in respect of those audits.

**Conclusion**

Based on the results of our procedures, as described in this report, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that, for the year ended 31 March 2019:

- the Quality Account is not prepared in all material respects in line with the criteria set out in the Regulations;
- the Quality Account is not consistent in all material respects with the sources specified in the Guidance; and
- the indicators in the Quality Account identified as having been subject to limited assurance have not been reasonably stated in all material respects in accordance with the Regulations and the six dimensions of data quality set out in the Guidance.

Grant Thornton UK LLP

Grant Thornton UK LLP
Chartered Accountants
4 Hardman Square
Spinningfields
Manchester, M3 3EB

24 May 2019
4.3. Amendments made to the Quality Account following feedback and written statements from other bodies

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Amendment</th>
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<tr>
<td>1.1</td>
<td>Total number of incidents included alongside percentage figures</td>
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<tr>
<td>2.1.1</td>
<td>Reference to never event expanded to include additional detail</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.1.1</td>
<td>Additional narrative added relating to the community services the Trust provides</td>
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<tr>
<td>3.3.8</td>
<td>Additional information relating to the roles of the volunteers</td>
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Section 5
Abbreviations
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Abbr.</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tr>
<td>AHPs</td>
<td>Allied Health Professionals</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AKI</td>
<td>Acute Kidney Injury</td>
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<tr>
<td>AMD</td>
<td>Age-related Macular Degeneration</td>
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<tr>
<td>AMU</td>
<td>Acute Medical Unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ANTT</td>
<td>Aseptic Non-Touch Technique</td>
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<td>BAPEN</td>
<td>British Association of Parenteral and Enteral Nutrition</td>
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<td>BPH</td>
<td>Benign prostatic hyperplasia</td>
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<td>BSI</td>
<td>Blood stream infection</td>
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<tr>
<td>BTS</td>
<td>British Thoracic Society</td>
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<td>CCGs</td>
<td>Clinical Commissioning Groups</td>
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<tr>
<td>CHPPD</td>
<td>Care Hours per Patient per Day</td>
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<td>CNS</td>
<td>Clinical Nurse Specialist</td>
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<tr>
<td>COPD</td>
<td>Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease</td>
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<td>CPE</td>
<td>Carbapenemase-producing Enterobacteriaceae</td>
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<tr>
<td>CQC</td>
<td>Care Quality Commission</td>
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<tr>
<td>CQuIN</td>
<td>Commissioning for Quality and Innovation</td>
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<tr>
<td>CRAB</td>
<td>Copeland Risk Adjusted Barometer</td>
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<tr>
<td>CRN, NWC</td>
<td>Clinical Research Network, North West Coast</td>
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<tr>
<td>DATIX</td>
<td>Integrated Risk Management, Incident Reporting, Complaints Management System</td>
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<tr>
<td>DNACPR</td>
<td>Do not attempt cardiopulmonary resuscitation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ED</td>
<td>Emergency Department</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EDS or EDS2</td>
<td>Equality Delivery System</td>
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<tr>
<td>ePMA</td>
<td>Electronic Prescribing and Medicine Administration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ePR</td>
<td>Electronic Prescribing Record</td>
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<td>eTCP</td>
<td>Electronic Transfer of Care to Pharmacy</td>
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<td>FFFAP</td>
<td>Falls and Fragility Fractures Audit Programme</td>
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<td>FFT</td>
<td>Friends &amp; Family Test</td>
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<td>GI</td>
<td>Gastrointestinal</td>
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<td>GNBSIs</td>
<td>Gram-negative bloodstream infections</td>
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<td>GORD</td>
<td>Gastroesophageal reflux disease</td>
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<td>GP</td>
<td>General Practitioner</td>
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<td>HCAI</td>
<td>Healthcare associated infections</td>
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<td>HF</td>
<td>Heart Failure</td>
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<td>HNA</td>
<td>Holistic Needs Assessment</td>
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<tr>
<td>HSCIC</td>
<td>Health and Social Care Information Centre</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acronym</td>
<td>Description</td>
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<tr>
<td>HSMR</td>
<td>Hospital Standardised Mortality Ratio</td>
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<td>HWWB</td>
<td>Health, Work and Well-being</td>
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<td>IBD</td>
<td>Inflammatory Bowel Disease</td>
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<td>ICNARC</td>
<td>Intensive Care National Audit &amp; Research Centre</td>
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<td>ICO</td>
<td>Information Commissioner’s Office</td>
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<td>IDDSI</td>
<td>International Dysphagia Descriptor Standardisation Initiative</td>
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<td>IQILS</td>
<td>Improving quality in liver services</td>
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<td>JAG</td>
<td>Joint Advisory Group</td>
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<td>LARC</td>
<td>Long-acting reversible contraception</td>
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<tr>
<td>LGBT</td>
<td>Lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender</td>
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<tr>
<td>LGBTIQ</td>
<td>Lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, intersex and questioning</td>
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<tr>
<td>LSCB</td>
<td>Local Safeguarding Children Board</td>
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<td>LUTS</td>
<td>Lower urinary tract symptoms</td>
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<td>MARAC</td>
<td>Multi-Agency Risk Assessment Conferences</td>
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<tr>
<td>MBRRACE-UK</td>
<td>Mothers and Babies - Reducing Risk through Audits and Confidential Enquiries across the UK</td>
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<td>MDT</td>
<td>Multi-disciplinary Team</td>
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<td>MEWS</td>
<td>Modified Early Warning Score</td>
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<td>MINAP</td>
<td>Myocardial Ischaemia National Audit Project</td>
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<td>MLU</td>
<td>Midwife-led Unit</td>
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<td>MOP</td>
<td>Medicine for Older People</td>
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<td>MRI</td>
<td>Magnetic Resonance Imaging</td>
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<td>MRSA</td>
<td>Methicillin-resistant staphylococcus aureus</td>
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<td>MTI</td>
<td>Medical Training Initiative</td>
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<td>NAOGC</td>
<td>National Audit Oesophago-Gastric Cancer</td>
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<td>NBOCAP</td>
<td>National Bowel Cancer Audit Programme</td>
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<td>NCAAA</td>
<td>National Cardiac Arrest Audit</td>
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<td>NCEPOD</td>
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<td>NELA</td>
<td>National Emergency Laparotomy Audit</td>
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<td>NEWS</td>
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<td>Naso-gastric</td>
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<td>NHSE</td>
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<td>NICE</td>
<td>National Institute for Health and Care Excellence</td>
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<td>NIPE</td>
<td>Newborn and Infant Physical Examination</td>
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<td>NIHR</td>
<td>National Institute for Health Research</td>
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<td>Code</td>
<td>Term</td>
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<td>NJ</td>
<td>Naso-jejunal</td>
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<td>NJR</td>
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<td>NLCA</td>
<td>National Lung Cancer Audit</td>
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<td>NMC</td>
<td>Nursing and Midwifery Council</td>
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<td>National Neonatal Audit Programme</td>
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<td>NPCA</td>
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<td>National Patient Safety Agency</td>
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<td>ODPs</td>
<td>Operating Department Practitioners</td>
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<td>PALS</td>
<td>Patient Advice and Liaison Service</td>
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<td>PCNL</td>
<td>Percutaneous Nephrolithotomy</td>
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<td>PE</td>
<td>Pulmonary Embolus</td>
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<td>Percutaneous Endoscopic Gastrostomy</td>
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<td>Private Finance Initiative</td>
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<td>PLACE</td>
<td>Patient-Led Assessments of the Care Environment</td>
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<td>PROMs</td>
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<td>QCAT</td>
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<td>Quality Improvement Project</td>
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<td>Royal College of Emergency Medicine</td>
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<td>Registered Nurse</td>
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<td>SAMBA</td>
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<td>SCR</td>
<td>Summary Care Record</td>
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<td>SHMI</td>
<td>Summary Hospital-level Mortality Indicator</td>
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<td>SSNAP</td>
<td>Sentinel Stroke National Audit Programme</td>
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<td>STI</td>
<td>Sexually Transmitted Disease</td>
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<td>Sustainability and Transformation Plan</td>
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<td>SUS</td>
<td>Secondary Uses Service</td>
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<td>TARN</td>
<td>Trauma Audit &amp; Research Network</td>
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<td>TPN</td>
<td>Total Parenteral Nutrition</td>
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<tr>
<td>VTE</td>
<td>Venous Thromboembolism</td>
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